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# **ATM Mouse mAb**

CatalogNo: YM0053

## Key Features

Host Species

Mouse

Reactivity

Human

ApplicationsWB,ELISA

MW • 351kD (Calculated)

#### **Recommended Dilution Ratios**

WB 1:500-1:2000 ELISA 1:10000 Not yet tested in other applications.

## **Storage**

Storage\*-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)FormulationLiquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

#### **Basic Information**

Clonality Monoclonal

#### Immunogen Information

Immunogen Purified recombinant fragment of human Atm expressed in E. Coli.

**Specificity** Atm Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Atm protein.

### **Target Information**

ATM

Gene name

#### Protein Name Serine-protein kinase ATM

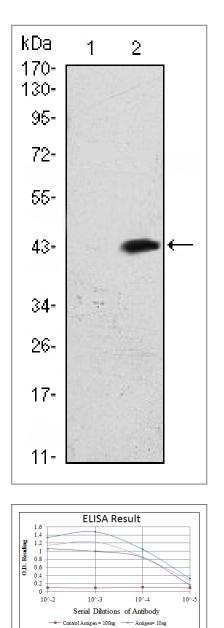
| Organism | Gene ID     | UniProt ID     |
|----------|-------------|----------------|
| Human    | <u>472;</u> | <u>Q13315;</u> |
| Mouse    |             | <u>Q62388;</u> |

- CellularNucleus . Cytoplasmic vesicle . Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center,<br/>centrosome . Primarily nuclear. Found also in endocytic vesicles in association with beta-<br/>adaptin. .
- **Tissue specificity** Found in pancreas, kidney, skeletal muscle, liver, lung, placenta, brain, heart, spleen, thymus, testis, ovary, small intestine, colon and leukocytes.

Function

Catalytic activity: ATP + a protein = ADP + a phosphoprotein., Disease: Defects in ATM are the cause of ataxia telangiectasia (AT) [MIM:208900]; also known as Louis-Bar syndrome, which includes four complementation groups: A, C, D and E. This rare recessive disorder is characterized by progressive cerebellar ataxia, dilation of the blood vessels in the conjunctiva and eyeballs, immunodeficiency, growth retardation and sexual immaturity. AT patients have a strong predisposition to cancer; about 30% of patients develop tumors, particularly lymphomas and leukemias. Cells from affected individuals are highly sensitive to damage by ionizing radiation and resistant to inhibition of DNA synthesis following irradiation., Disease: Defects in ATM contribute to B-cell chronic lymphocytic leukemia (BCLL). BCLL is the commonest form of leukemia in the elderly. It is characterized by the accumulation of mature CD5+ B lymphocytes, lymphadenopathy, immunodeficiency and bone marrow failure., Disease: Defects in ATM contribute to B-cell non-Hodgkin lymphomas (BNHL), including mantle cell lymphoma (MCL)., Disease: Defects in ATM contribute to T-cell acute lymphoblastic leukemia (TALL) and T-prolymphocytic leukemia (TPLL). TPLL is characterized by a high white blood cell count, with a predominance of prolymphocytes, marked splenomegaly, lymphadenopathy, skin lesions and serous effusion. The clinical course is highly aggressive, with poor response to chemotherapy and short survival time. TPLL occurs both in adults as a sporadic disease and in younger AT patients., Domain: The FATC domain is required for interaction with HTATIP..enzyme regulation: Inhibited by wortmannin., Function: Serine/threonine protein kinase which activates checkpoint signaling upon double strand breaks (DSBs), apoptosis and genotoxic stresses such as ionizing ultraviolet A light (UVA), thereby acting as a DNA damage sensor. Recognizes the substrate consensus sequence [ST]-Q. Phosphorylates 'Ser-139' of histone variant H2AX/H2AFX at double strand breaks (DSBs), thereby regulating DNA damage response mechanism. Also involved in signal transduction and cell cycle control. May function as a tumor suppressor. Necessary for activation of ABL1 and SAPK. Phosphorylates p53/TP53, FANCD2, NFKBIA, BRCA1, CTIP, nibrin (NBN), TERF1, RAD9 and DCLRE1C. May play a role in vesicle and/or protein transport. Could play a role in T-cell development, gonad and neurological function.,induction:By ionizing radiation.,online information:Ataxia telangiectasia mutated entry, PTM: Acetylation, on DNA damage, is required for activation of the kinase activity, dimer-monomer transition, and subsequent autophosphorylation on Ser-1981. Acetylated in vitro by HTATIP/TIP60., PTM: Phosphorylated by NUAK1/ARK5. Autophosphorylation on Ser-367, Ser-1983, Ser-1981 correlates with DNA damage-mediated activation of the kinase., similarity: Belongs to the PI3/PI4-kinase family. ATM subfamily., similarity: Contains 1 FAT domain., similarity: Contains 1 FATC domain., similarity: Contains 1 PI3K/PI4K domain., subcellular location: Primarily nuclear. Found also in endocytic vesicles in association with beta-adaptin., subunit: Dimers or tetramers in inactive state. On DNA damage, autophosphorylation dissociates ATM into monomers rendering them catalytically active. Binds DNA ends, p53/TP53, ABL1, BRCA1, NBN/nibrin and TERF1. Part of the BRCA1associated genome surveillance complex (BASC), which contains BRCA1, MSH2, MSH6, MLH1, ATM, BLM, PMS2 and the RAD50-MRE11-NBN protein complex. This association could be a dynamic process changing throughout the cell cycle and within subnuclear domains. DNA damage promotes association with RAD17. Interacts with EEF1E1; the interaction, induced on DNA damage, upregulates TP53. Interacts with DCLRE1C, MYST1, HTATIP, OBFC2B, ATMIN and CEP164. Interacts with the beta-adaptin complex subunits, AP2B1 AND AP3B2; the interaction occurs in cytoplasmic vesicles.,tissue specificity:Found in pancreas, kidney, skeletal muscle, liver, lung, placenta, brain, heart, spleen, thymus, testis, ovary, small intestine, colon and leukocytes.,

#### Validation Data



Western Blot analysis using Atm Monoclonal Antibody against HEK293 (1) and ATM-hlgGFc transfected HEK293 (2) cell lysate.

## **Contact information**

Antigen= 50ng

Antigen= 100ng

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| tech@immunoway.com                       |  |
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|  |  |



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