

Human α MSH(Alpha-Melanocyte Stimulating Hormone) ELISA Kit

Catalog #:KE1735

Detection and Quantification of Human α MSH(Alpha-Melanocyte Stimulating Hormone) in Serum, Plasma, Biological Fluids.

Please read the provided manual as suggested experimental protocols may have changed.

Research Purposes Only. Not Intended for Diagnostic or Clinical Procedures.

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ASSAY PRINCIPLES

The Human α MSH(Alpha-Melanocyte Stimulating Hormone) ELISA Kit contains the components necessary for quantitative determination of natural or recombinant Human α MSH(Alpha-Melanocyte Stimulating Hormone) concentrations within any experimental sample including cell lysates, serum and plasma. This particular immunoassay utilizes the quantitative technique of a “Competitive” Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (ELISA) where the target protein (antigen) is bound in a “Competitive” with the primary capture antibodies in each well-bottom and the secondary detection antibodies added subsequently by the investigator. The capture antibodies coated to the bottom of each well are specific for a particular epitope on Human α MSH(Alpha-Melanocyte Stimulating Hormone) while the user-added detection antibodies bind to epitopes on the captured target protein. Amid each step of the procedure, a series of wash steps must be performed to ensure the elimination of non-specific binding between proteins to other proteins or to the solid phase. After incubation and “Competitive” of the target antigen, a peroxidase enzyme is conjugated to the constant heavy chain of the secondary antibody (either covalently or via Avidin/Streptavidin-Biotin interactions), allowing for a colorimetric reaction to ensue upon substrate addition. When the substrate TMB (3, 3', 5, 5'-Tetramethylbenzidine) is added, the reaction catalyzed by peroxidase yields a blue color that is representative of the antigen concentration. Upon sufficient color development, the reaction can be terminated through addition of Stop Solution (2 N Sulfuric Acid) where the color of the solution will turn yellow. The absorbance of each well can then be read by a spectrophotometer, allowing for generation of a standard curve and subsequent determination of protein concentration.

ASSAY FORMAT


Capture Antibody



Capture antibodies specific for the target are coated to the plate. Additional binding sites on the plate are blocked.


Target Antigen



Target antigen present in standard or sample is bound by capture antibodies on the solid-phase.


Biotinylated Detection Antibody



Biotinylated detection antibodies specific for the target are added to bind another epitope on the target antigen.


Streptavidin-HRP



Streptavidin-HRP attaches to detection antibody via high affinity streptavidin-biotin interaction.


Unreacted TMB


Blue TMB Diimine Product



TMB substrate is converted to the blue TMB diimine via the HRP enzyme. Upon addition of acid, the reaction terminates and the wells can be read at 450 nm.

ASSAY RESTRICTIONS

- This ELISA kit is intended for research purposes only, NOT diagnostic or clinical procedures of any kind.
- Materials included in this kit should NOT be used past the expiration date on the kit label.
- Reagents or substrates included in this kit should NOT be mixed or substituted with reagents or substrates from any other kits.
- Variations in pipetting technique, washing technique, operator laboratory technique, kit age, incubation time or temperature may cause differences in binding affinity of the materials provided.
- The assay is designed to eliminate interference and background by other cellular macromolecules or factors present within any biological samples. However, the possibility of background noise cannot be fully excluded until all factors have been tested using the assay kit.

MATERIALS INCLUDED

Component	Quantity Per Plate
Microstrips Coated w/ Capture Antibody	12 x 8-Well Microstrips
Protein Standard	Lyophilized
Biotinylated Detection Antibody	120 μ L
100x Streptavidin-HRP	120 μ L
Standard & Sample Diluent	20 ml
Detection Antibody Diluent	14 ml
Streptavidin-HRP Diluent	14 ml
Ready-to-Use Substrate	10 ml
Wash Buffer (25x)	30 ml
Stop Solution	10 ml
Adhesive Plate Sealers	5 Sheets
Technical Manual	1 Manual

ADDITIONAL MATERIALS REQUIRED

The following materials and/or equipment are NOT provided in this kit but are necessary to successfully conduct the experiment:

- Microplate reader able to measure absorbance at 450 nm (with correction wavelength set to 540 nm or 570 nm)
- Micropipettes with capability of measuring volumes ranging from 1 μ l to 1 ml
- Deionized or sterile water
- Squirt bottle, manifold dispenser, multichannel pipette reservoir or automated microplate washer
- Graph paper or computer software capable of generating or displaying logarithmic functions
- Absorbent paper or vacuum aspirator
- Test tubes or microfuge tubes capable of storing ≥ 1 ml
- Bench-top centrifuge (optional)
- Bench-top vortex (optional)
- Orbital shaker (optional)

HEALTH AND SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- Reagents provided in this kit may be harmful if ingested, inhaled or absorbed through the skin. Please carefully review the MSDS for each reagent before conducting the experiment.
- Stop Solution contains 2 N Sulfuric Acid (H_2SO_4) and is an extremely corrosive agent. Please wear proper eye, hand and face protection when handling this material. When the experiment is finished, be sure to rinse the plate with copious amounts of running water to dilute the Stop Solution prior to disposing the plate.

STORAGE INFORMATION

Note: If used frequently, reagents may be stored at 4°C.

Unopened Kits: Store at 4°C for 6 months.

Component	Storage Time	Storage Information
Microstrips Coated w/ Capture Antibody	6 Months	4°C
100x Streptavidin-HRP		
Wash Buffer (25x)		
Assay Diluent		
Ready-to-Use Substrate		
Stop Solution		
Biotinylated Detection Antibody		
Protein Standard	Lyophilized: 6 Months Reconstituted: 1 Month	
Adhesive Plate Sealers	-	-
Technical Manual	-	-

SAMPLE PREPARATION AND STORAGE

If samples are to be used within 24 hours, aliquot and store at 4°C. If samples are to be used over a long period of time, aliquot and store between -20°C and -80°C, depending on the duration of storage.

Note: Samples containing a visible precipitate or pellet must be clarified prior to use in the assay.

Caution: Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles to prevent loss of biological activity of proteins in experimental samples.

Cell Lysate and Supernatants

Remove large cell components via centrifugation and perform the assay. Cell lysates and supernatants require a dilution using Assay Diluent. A serial dilution may be performed to determine a suitable dilution factor for the sample. For future use of the sample, follow the sample storage guidelines stated above.

Serum

Allow samples to clot in a serum separator tube (SST) for 30 minutes. After sufficient clotting, centrifuge at 1000 x g for 15 minutes and remove serum from SST in preparation for the assay. Serum samples may require a dilution using Assay Diluent. For future use of the sample, follow the storage guidelines above.

Plasma

Use heparin, citrate or EDTA as an anticoagulant to gather plasma from original biological sample. After collection of the plasma, centrifuge for 15 minutes at 1000 x g. This step must be performed within 30 minutes of plasma collection. Plasma samples may require a dilution using Assay Diluent. Afterwards, perform the assay or for future use of the sample, follow the storage guidelines stated above.

SAMPLE EXPERIMENT LAYOUT

	1	2	3	4	5	6
A	Standard (High Point)	Standard (High Point)	Standard (High Point)	Sample	Sample	Sample
B	Standard (1:2)	Standard (1:2)	Standard (1:2)	Sample	Sample	Sample
C	Standard (1:4)	Standard (1:4)	Standard (1:4)	Sample	Sample	Sample
D	Standard (1:8)	Standard (1:8)	Standard (1:8)	Sample	Sample	Sample
E	Standard (1:16)	Standard (1:16)	Standard (1:16)	Sample	Sample	Sample
F	Standard (1:32)	Standard (1:32)	Standard (1:32)	Sample	Sample	Sample
G	Standard (1:64)	Standard (1:64)	Standard (1:64)	Sample	Sample	Sample
H	Negative Control	Negative Control	Negative Control	Sample	Sample	Sample

IMMUNOASSAY PROTOCOL

Note: If possible, all incubation steps should be performed on an orbital shaker to equilibrate solutions when added to the microplate wells. Also, all provided solutions should be at ambient temperature prior to use.

Note: Avoid adding solutions into wells at an angle, always keep pipette tip perpendicular to plate bottom.

Reconstitution of Provided Materials

1. Reconstitute the Biotin-Conjugated Detection Antibody in Detection Antibody Diluent(1:100)
2. Reconstitute the Protein Standard in 1mL Standard & Sample Diluent for 10ng/mL.
3. Dilute the 25x Wash Buffer in ddH₂O for 750 ml of 1x Wash Buffer.
4. Reconstitute the 100x Streptavidin-HRP in 100x Streptavidin-HRP Diluent(1:100)

Addition of Known Standard and Unknown Sample to Immunoassay

The Human α MSH(Alpha-Melanocyte Stimulating Hormone) ELISA Kit allows for the detection and quantification of endogenous levels of natural and/or recombinant Human α MSH(Alpha-Melanocyte Stimulating Hormone) within the range of 0-10ng/mL.

1. Dilute the known standard from 10ng/mL to 0 in a series of microfuge tubes using Standard & Sample Diluent. Mix each tube thoroughly by inverting several times or by vortexing lightly to ensure proper equilibration. Add 50 μ l of each serial dilution step into the wells of a specified row or column of the 96-well microtiter plate in duplicate or triplicate. Unknown samples of interest can be serially diluted with Assay Diluent to concentrations within the detection range of this assay kit and added to the plate at 50 μ l per well.

Addition of Detection Antibody to Capture Antibody-Bound Samples

1. Dilute the detection antibody solution 1:100 in detection antibody Diluent. Mix the test tube either by inverting several times or vortexing to ensure proper equilibration. Add 50 μ l of the diluted detection antibody solution into each well, Seal the microplate air-tight using one of the microplate adhesive seals provided in this kit or Parafilm if readily available.
2. Seal the plate and incubate at 37° C for 45min.

Conjugation of Streptavidin-HRP to Biotinylated Detection Antibody

1. Remove the detection solution out of the microplate wells by either vacuum-based aspirator or paper towel blotting. Perform 4 consecutive wash steps with gentle shaking between each wash, using 350 μ l washing buffer per well, 1-2minutes for each wash.
2. Dilute the 100x Streptavidin-HRP by 1:100 using Streptavidin-HRP Diluent to a 1x Streptavidin-HRP solution.
3. After the 4th wash step, add 100 μ l of 1xStreptavidin-HRP solution into each well and incubate at room temperature for 60 minutes.

Application of Liquid Substrate for Colorimetric Reaction

1. Remove the 1xStreptavidin-HRP solution out of the microplate wells by either vacuum-based aspirator or paper towel blotting. Prepare the Ready-to-Use Substrate by bringing it to room temperature without exposure to fluorescent or UV light as these may degrade the substrate. Perform 4 consecutive wash steps with gentle shaking between each wash.
2. After the 4th wash step, add 100 μ l of Ready-to-Use Substrate solution into each well and incubate at room temperature for color development. The microplate should be kept out of direct light by either covering with an opaque object or putting it into a dark room. Closely monitor the color development as some wells may turn blue

very quickly depending on analyte and/or detection antibody-HRP concentrations. Once the blue color has ceased to develop further, immediately add 50 μ l of Stop Solution to each well being used. The color in the wells should immediately change from blue to yellow.

3. The microplate is now ready to be read by a microplate reader. Within 30 minutes of adding the Stop Solution, determine the optical density (absorbance) of each well by reading the plate with the microplate reader set to 450 nm. If wavelength correction is available, set to 540 nm or 570 nm. If wavelength correction is not available, subtract readings at 540 nm or 570 nm from the readings at 450 nm. **Caution:** Readings made directly at 450 nm without correction may be higher and less accurate.

Generation of Standard Curve and Interpretation of Data

1. Average the duplicate or triplicate readings for each standard, control and sample and subtract the average zero standard optical density.
2. Generate a standard curve by using Microsoft Excel or other computer software capable of establishing a 4-Parameter Logistic (4-PL) curve fit. If using Excel or an alternative graphing tool, plot the average optical density values in absorbance units (y-axis) against the known standard concentrations in pg/ml (x-axis). **Note:** Only use the values in which a noticeable gradient can be established. Afterwards, generate a best fit curve or “trend-line” through the plotted points via regression analysis. **Note:** Shown on the next page is an example of typical data produced by analysis of the standard sample.

SUMMARIZED PROTOCOL

Reconstitute the Biotin-Antibody, Protein Standard, 25x Wash Buffer. HRP-antibody as specified

Add 50 μ l detection antibody and 50 μ l samples(Standard) same time, incubate at 37°C for 45min.

Add 350 μ l washing buffer per well, 1-2minutes for 4 steps each wash.

Add 100 μ l of 1xStreptavidin-HRP solution and incubate at room temperature for 60 minutes.

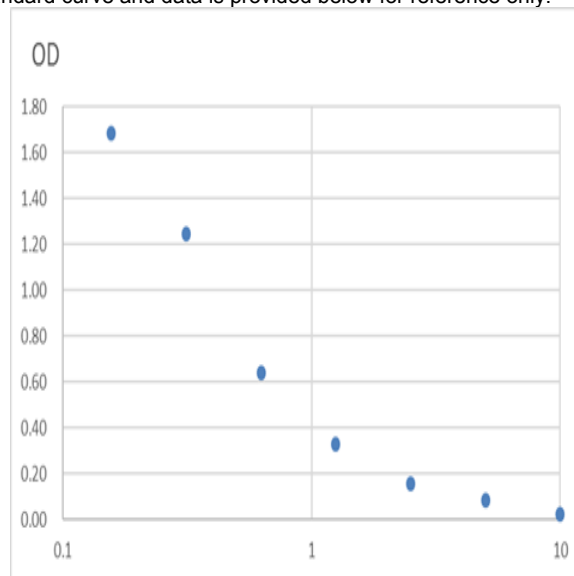
4 steps wash

Add 100 μ l of Ready-to-Use Substrate solution and incubate at room temperature for 15min

Add 50 μ l of Stop Solution and read plate at 450nm

TYPICAL DATA

As the OD values of the standard curve may vary according to the conditions of the actual assay performance (e.g. operator, pipetting technique, washing technique or temperature effects), the operator should establish a standard curve for each test. Typical standard curve and data is provided below for reference only.



SENSITIVITY

The Human α MSH(Alpha-Melanocyte Stimulating Hormone) ELISA Kit allows for the detection and quantification of endogenous levels of natural and/or recombinant Human α MSH(Alpha-Melanocyte Stimulating Hormone) within the range of 0-10ng/mL and Sensitivity: 0.094ng/mL.

TECHNICAL SUPPORT

For troubleshooting, information or assistance, please go online to www.immunoway.com.

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NOTES



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Transcription Factor ELISA Kits**

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