

Human GLP-1(Glucagon Like Peptide 1) ELISA Kit

Catalog #:KE1378

**Detection and Quantification of Human
GLP-1(Glucagon Like Peptide 1) in Serum,
Plasma, Biological Fluids.**

**Please read the provided manual as
suggested experimental protocols may
have changed.**

**Research Purposes Only. Not Intended for
Diagnostic or Clinical Procedures.**

CONTENTS

PAGE

Assay Principles.....	3
Assay Format.....	4
Assay Restrictions.....	5
Materials Included.....	5
Additional Materials Required.....	6
Health and Safety Precautions.....	6
Storage Information.....	7
Sample Preparation and Storage.....	8
Sample Experiment Layout.....	9
Immunoassay Protocol.....	10
Summarized Protocol.....	11
Sensitivity.....	15
Support.....	15
Notes.....	16

ASSAY PRINCIPLES

The Human GLP-1(Glucagon Like Peptide 1) ELISA Kit contains the components necessary for quantitative determination of natural or recombinant Human GLP-1(Glucagon Like Peptide 1) concentrations within any experimental sample including cell lysates, serum and plasma. This particular immunoassay utilizes the quantitative technique of a “Sandwich” Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (ELISA) where the target protein (antigen) is bound in a “sandwich” format by the primary capture antibodies coated to each well-bottom and the secondary detection antibodies added subsequently by the investigator. The capture antibodies coated to the bottom of each well are specific for a particular epitope on GLP-1(Glucagon Like Peptide 1) while the user-added detection antibodies bind to epitopes on the captured target protein. Amid each step of the procedure, a series of wash steps must be performed to ensure the elimination of non-specific binding between proteins to other proteins or to the solid phase. After incubation and “sandwiching” of the target antigen, a peroxidase enzyme is conjugated to the constant heavy chain of the secondary antibody (either covalently or via Avidin/Streptavidin-Biotin interactions), allowing for a colorimetric reaction to ensue upon substrate addition. When the substrate TMB (3, 3', 5, 5'-Tetramethylbenzidine) is added, the reaction catalyzed by peroxidase yields a blue color that is representative of the antigen concentration. Upon sufficient color development, the reaction can be terminated through addition of Stop Solution (2 N Sulfuric Acid) where the color of the solution will turn yellow. The absorbance of each well can then be read by a spectrophotometer, allowing for generation of a standard curve and subsequent determination of protein concentration.

ASSAY FORMAT


Capture Antibody



Capture antibodies specific for the target are coated to the plate. Additional binding sites on the plate are blocked.


Target Antigen



Target antigen present in standard or sample is bound by capture antibodies on the solid-phase.


Biotinylated Detection Antibody



Biotinylated detection antibodies specific for the target are added to bind another epitope on the target antigen.


Streptavidin-HRP



Streptavidin-HRP attaches to detection antibody via high affinity streptavidin-biotin interaction.


Unreacted TMB


Blue TMB Diimine Product



TMB substrate is converted to the blue TMB diimine via the HRP enzyme. Upon addition of acid, the reaction terminates and the wells can be read at 450 nm.

ASSAY RESTRICTIONS

- This ELISA kit is intended for research purposes only, NOT diagnostic or clinical procedures of any kind.
- Materials included in this kit should NOT be used past the expiration date on the kit label.
- Reagents or substrates included in this kit should NOT be mixed or substituted with reagents or substrates from any other kits.
- Variations in pipetting technique, washing technique, operator laboratory technique, kit age, incubation time or temperature may cause differences in binding affinity of the materials provided.
- The assay is designed to eliminate interference and background by other cellular macromolecules or factors present within any biological samples. However, the possibility of background noise cannot be fully excluded until all factors have been tested using the assay kit.

MATERIALS INCLUDED

Component	Quantity Per Plate
Microstrips Coated w/ Capture Antibody	12 x 8-Well Microstrips
Protein Standard	Lyophilized
Biotinylated Detection Antibody	120 μ L
100x Streptavidin-HRP	120 μ L
Standard & Sample Diluent	20 ml
Detection Antibody Diluent	14 ml
Streptavidin-HRP Diluent	14 ml
Ready-to-Use Substrate	10 ml
Wash Buffer (25x)	30 ml
Ready-to-Use Substrate	10 ml
Stop Solution	10 ml
Adhesive Plate Sealers	4 Sheets
Technical Manual	1 Manual

ADDITIONAL MATERIALS REQUIRED

The following materials and/or equipment are NOT provided in this kit but are necessary to successfully conduct the experiment:

- Microplate reader able to measure absorbance at 450 nm (with correction wavelength set to 540 nm or 570 nm)
- Micropipettes with capability of measuring volumes ranging from 1 μ l to 1 ml
- Deionized or sterile water
- Squirt bottle, manifold dispenser, multichannel pipette reservoir or automated microplate washer
- Graph paper or computer software capable of generating or displaying logarithmic functions
- Absorbent paper or vacuum aspirator
- Test tubes or microfuge tubes capable of storing ≥ 1 ml
- Bench-top centrifuge (optional)
- Bench-top vortex (optional)
- Orbital shaker (optional)

HEALTH AND SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- Reagents provided in this kit may be harmful if ingested, inhaled or absorbed through the skin. Please carefully review the MSDS for each reagent before conducting the experiment.
- Stop Solution contains 2 N Sulfuric Acid (H_2SO_4) and is an extremely corrosive agent. Please wear proper eye, hand and face protection when handling this material. When the experiment is finished, be sure to rinse the plate with copious amounts of running water to dilute the Stop Solution prior to disposing the plate.

STORAGE INFORMATION

Note: If used frequently, reagents may be stored at 4°C.

Unopened Kits: Store at 4°C for 6 months.

Component	Storage Time	Storage Information
Microstrips Coated w/ Capture Antibody	6 Months	4°C
100x Streptavidin-HRP		
Wash Buffer (25x)		
Assay Diluent		
Ready-to-Use Substrate		
Stop Solution		
Biotinylated Detection Antibody		
Protein Standard	Lyophilized: 6 Months Reconstituted: 1 Month	
Adhesive Plate Sealers	-	-
Technical Manual	-	-

SAMPLE PREPARATION AND STORAGE

If samples are to be used within 24 hours, aliquot and store at 4°C. If samples are to be used over a long period of time, aliquot and store between -20°C and -80°C, depending on the duration of storage.

Note: Samples containing a visible precipitate or pellet must be clarified prior to use in the assay.

Samples May require an dilution using Assay Diluent

Caution: Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles to prevent loss of biological activity of proteins in experimental samples.

Cell Lysate and Supernatants

Remove large cell components via centrifugation and perform the assay. Cell lysates and supernatants require a dilution using Assay Diluent. A serial dilution may be performed to determine a suitable dilution factor for the sample. For future use of the sample, follow the sample storage guidelines stated above.

Serum

Allow samples to clot in a serum separator tube (SST) for 30 minutes. After sufficient clotting, centrifuge at 1000 x g for 15 minutes and remove serum from SST in preparation for the assay. For future use of the sample, follow the storage guidelines above.

Plasma

Use heparin, citrate or EDTA as an anticoagulant to gather plasma from original biological sample. After collection of the plasma, centrifuge for 15 minutes at 1000 x g. This step must be performed within 30 minutes of plasma collection. Afterwards, perform the assay or for future use of the sample, follow the storage guidelines stated above.

SAMPLE EXPERIMENT LAYOUT

	1	2	3	4	5	6
A	Standard (High Point)	Standard (High Point)	Standard (High Point)	Sample	Sample	Sample
B	Standard (1:2)	Standard (1:2)	Standard (1:2)	Sample	Sample	Sample
C	Standard (1:4)	Standard (1:4)	Standard (1:4)	Sample	Sample	Sample
D	Standard (1:8)	Standard (1:8)	Standard (1:8)	Sample	Sample	Sample
E	Standard (1:16)	Standard (1:16)	Standard (1:16)	Sample	Sample	Sample
F	Standard (1:32)	Standard (1:32)	Standard (1:32)	Sample	Sample	Sample
G	Standard (1:64)	Standard (1:64)	Standard (1:64)	Sample	Sample	Sample
H	Negative Control	Negative Control	Negative Control	Sample	Sample	Sample

IMMUNOASSAY PROTOCOL

Note: If possible, all incubation steps should be performed on an orbital shaker to equilibrate solutions when added to the microplate wells. Also, all provided solutions should be at ambient temperature prior to use.

Note: Avoid adding solutions into wells at an angle, always keep pipette tip perpendicular to plate bottom.

Reconstitution of Provided Materials

1. Reconstitute the Biotin-Conjugated Detection Antibody in Detection Antibody Diluent(1:100)
2. Reconstitute the Protein Standard in 1mL Standard & Sample Diluent for 20ng/mL.
3. Dilute the 25x Wash Buffer in ddH₂O for 750 ml of 1x Wash Buffer.
4. Reconstitute the 100x Streptavidin-HRP in 100x Streptavidin-HRP Diluent(1:100)

Addition of Known Standard and Unknown Sample to Immunoassay

The Human GLP-1(Glucagon Like Peptide 1) ELISA Kit allows for the detection and quantification of endogenous levels of natural and/or recombinant GLP-1(Glucagon Like Peptide 1) within the range of 0.313--20ng/mL

1. Dilute the known standard sample from 20 to 0ng/mL in a series of microfuge tubes using Standard & Sample Diluent. Mix each tube thoroughly by inverting several times or by vortexing lightly to ensure proper equilibration. Add 100 µl of each serial dilution step into the wells of a specified row or column of the 96-well microtiter plate in duplicate or triplicate and incubate at room temperature for 2 hours. Unknown samples of interest can be serial diluted with Assay Diluent to concentrations within the detection range of this assay kit and added to the plate at 100 µl per well. Seal the microplate air-tight using one of the microplate adhesive seals provided in this kit or Parafilm if readily available. See Appendix for serial dilution diagram.

Addition of Detection Antibody to Capture Antibody-Bound Samples

1. Aspirate the protein standard solution out of the microplate wells. If your lab does not have a vacuum-based aspirator, you may dump the solutions from the microplate into a waste container and blot 3-4 times on a stack of paper towels until most or all of the liquid is removed from the wells. Dilute the 25xWash Buffer to 1x using pure H₂O. Add 350 µl of 1x Wash Buffer to each well being used and gently shake for 5-7 minutes on an orbital shaker. Perform this wash step 4 times consecutively.
2. After the 4th wash step, dilute the detection antibody solution 1:100 in detection antibody Diluent. Mix the test tube either by inverting several times or vortexing to ensure proper equilibration. Ensure that there is enough detection antibody solution for all wells being used. Add 100 µl of the diluted detection antibody solution into each well, seal the plate and incubate at room temperature for 2 hours.

Conjugation of Streptavidin-HRP to Biotinylated Detection Antibody

1. Remove the detection antibody solution out of the microplate wells by either vacuum-based aspirator or paper towel blotting. Perform 4 consecutive wash steps with gentle shaking between each wash.
2. Dilute the 100x Streptavidin-HRP by 1:100 using Streptavidin-HRP Diluent to a 1x Streptavidin-HRP solution.
3. After the 4th wash step, add 100 µl of 1xStreptavidin-HRP solution into each well and incubate at room temperature for 60 minutes.

Application of Liquid Substrate for Colorimetric Reaction

1. Remove the 1xStreptavidin-HRP solution out of the microplate wells by either vacuum-based aspirator or paper towel blotting. Prepare the Ready-to-Use Substrate by bringing it to room temperature without exposure to fluorescent or UV light as these may degrade the substrate. Perform 4 consecutive wash steps with gentle shaking between each wash.

2. After the 4th wash step, add 100 μ l of Ready-to-Use Substrate solution into each well and incubate at room temperature for color development. The microplate should be kept out of direct light by either covering with an opaque object or putting it into a dark room. Closely monitor the color development as some wells may turn blue very quickly depending on analyte and/or detection antibody-HRP concentrations. Once the blue color has ceased to develop further, immediately add 100 μ l of Stop Solution to each well being used. The color in the wells should immediately change from blue to yellow.
3. The microplate is now ready to be read by a microplate reader. Within 30 minutes of adding the Stop Solution, determine the optical density (absorbance) of each well by reading the plate with the microplate reader set to 450 nm. If wavelength correction is available, set to 540 nm or 570 nm. If wavelength correction is not available, subtract readings at 540 nm or 570 nm from the readings at 450 nm. **Caution:** Readings made directly at 450 nm without correction may be higher and less accurate.

Generation of Standard Curve and Interpretation of Data

1. Average the duplicate or triplicate readings for each standard, control and sample and subtract the average zero standard optical density.
2. Generate a standard curve by using Microsoft Excel or other computer software capable of establishing a 4-Parameter Logistic (4-PL) curve fit. If using Excel or an alternative graphing tool, plot the average optical density values in absorbance units (y-axis) against the known standard concentrations in pg/ml (x-axis). **Note:** Only use the values in which a noticeable gradient can be established. Afterwards, generate a best fit curve or “trend-line” through the plotted points via regression analysis. **Note:** Shown on the next page is an example of typical data produced by analysis of the standard sample.

SUMMARIZED PROTOCOL

Reconstitute Biotinylated Detection Antibody and Protein Standard and dilute the Wash Buffer as specified.



Perform serial dilution of Protein Standard and prepare samples as desired. See sample preparation section for instructions to dilute serum and plasma samples.



Add 100 μ l of Protein Standard, sample or control to each well and incubate for 2 hours at room temperature.



Aspirate Protein Standards, samples or controls out and wash plate 4 times.



Dilute Biotinylated Detection Antibody as specified. Add 100 μ l to each well and incubate for 2 hours at room temperature.



Aspirate Biotinylated Detection Antibody out and wash plate 4 times.



Dilute Streptavidin-HRP as specified. Add 100 μ l of 1x Streptavidin-HRP to each well and incubate at room temperature for 60 minutes.



Aspirate 1x Streptavidin-HRP out and wash plate 4 times.



Add 100 μ l of Ready-to-Use Substrate to each well and incubate at room temperature for color development.



Add 100 μ l of Stop Solution and read plate at 450 nm.

SENSITIVITY

The Human GLP-1(Glucagon Like Peptide 1) ELISA Kit allows for the detection and quantification of endogenous levels of natural and/or recombinant Human GLP-1(Glucagon Like Peptide 1) within the range of 0.313--20ng/mL.

TECHNICAL SUPPORT

For troubleshooting, information or assistance, please go online to www.immunoway.com.

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NOTES



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Transcription Factor ELISA Kits**

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