

Stathmin (ABT266) IHC kit

CatalogNo: IHCM6910

| Key Features

Host Species

Mouse

Reactivity

Human, Mouse, Rat,

Applications

IHC

Isotype

IgG2a,Kappa

Recommended Dilution Ratios

Storage

Storage*

2°C to 8°C/1 year

Basic Information

Clonality

Monoclonal

Clone Number

ABT266

Immunogen Information

Immunogen

Synthesized peptide derived from human Stathmin AA range: 1-100

Specificity

The antibody can specifically recognize human Stathmin protein.

| Target Information

Gene name

STMN1 Clorf215 LAP18 OP18

Protein Name

Stathmin

Organism	Gene ID	UniProt ID	
Human	<u>3925;</u>	<u>P16949;</u>	

Cellular Localization

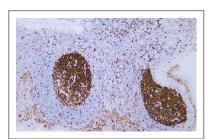
Cytoplasmic

Tissue specificity Ubiquitous. Expression is strongest in fetal and adult brain, spinal cord, and cerebellum, followed by thymus, bone marrow, testis, and fetal liver. Expression is intermediate in colon, ovary, placenta, uterus, and trachea, and is readily detected at substantially lower levels in all other tissues examined. Lowest expression is found in adult liver. Present in much greater abundance in cells from patients with acute leukemia of different subtypes than in normal peripheral blood lymphocytes, non-leukemic proliferating lymphoid cells, bone marrow cells, or cells from patients with chronic lymphoid or myeloid leukemia.

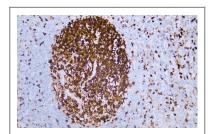
Function

Disease:Present in much greater abundance in cells from patients with acute leukemia of different subtypes than in normal peripheral blood lymphocytes, non-leukemic proliferating lymphoid cells, bone marrow cells, or cells from patients with chronic lymphoid or myeloid leukemia., Function: Involved in the regulation of the microtubule (MT) filament system by destabilizing microtubules. Prevents assembly and promotes disassembly of microtubules. Phosphorylation at Ser-16 may be required for axon formation during neurogenesis. Involved in the control of the learned and innate fear., PTM:Many different phosphorylated forms are observed depending on specific combinations among the sites which can be phosphorylated. MAPK is responsible for the phosphorylation of stathmin in response to NGF. Phosphorylation at Ser-16 seems to be required for neuron polarization (By similarity). Phosphorylation at Ser-63 reduces tubulin binding 10-fold and suppresses the MT polymerization inhibition activity., similarity: Belongs to the stathmin family., subunit: Binds to two alpha/beta-tubulin heterodimers. Interacts with KIST., tissue specificity: Ubiquitous. Expression is strongest in fetal and adult brain, spinal cord, and cerebellum, followed by thymus, bone marrow, testis, and fetal liver. Expression is intermediate in colon, ovary, placenta, uterus, and trachea, and is readily detected at substantially lower levels in all other tissues examined. Lowest expression is found in adult liver...

Validation Data



Human tonsil tissue was stained with Anti-Stathmin (ABT266) Antibody



Human tonsil tissue was stained with Anti-Stathmin (ABT266) Antibody

| Contact information

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Please scan the QR code to access additional product information:

Stathmin (ABT266)

IHC kit

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Antibody | ELISA Kits | Protein | Reagents