

ADD1 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YT0124

Reactivity: Human; Mouse; Rat

Applications: IHC;IF;ELISA

Target: ADD1

Gene Name: ADD1

Protein Name: Alpha-adducin

P35611

Q9QYC0

Human Gene Id: 118

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Mouse Gene Id: 11518

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Rat Gene ld: 24170

Rat Swiss Prot No: Q63028

Immunogen: The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human

ADD1. AA range:411-460

Specificity: ADD1 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of ADD1 protein.

Formulation : Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

Dilution: IHC 1:100 - 1:300. IF 1:200 - 1:1000. ELISA: 1:10000. Not yet tested in other

applications.

Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.



Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Molecularweight: 81kD

Background: adducin 1(ADD1) Homo sapiens Adducins are a family of cytoskeleton proteins

encoded by three genes (alpha, beta, gamma). Adducin is a heterodimeric protein that consists of related subunits, which are produced from distinct genes but share a similar structure. Alpha- and beta-adducin include a protease-resistant N-terminal region and a protease-sensitive, hydrophilic C-terminal region. Alpha-and gamma-adducins are ubiquitously expressed. In contrast, beta-adducin is expressed at high levels in brain and hematopoietic tissues. Adducin binds with high affinity to Ca(2+)/calmodulin and is a substrate for protein kinases A and C. Alternative splicing results in multiple variants encoding distinct isoforms; however, not all variants have been fully described. [provided by RefSeq, Jul

2008],

Function: alternative products:Additional isoforms seem to exist,domain:Each subunit is

comprised of three regions: a NH2-terminal protease-resistant globular head

region, a short connecting subdomain, and a protease-sensitive tail

region.,function:Membrane-cytoskeleton-associated protein that promotes the assembly of the spectrin-actin network. Binds to calmodulin.,PTM:The N-terminus

is blocked., similarity: Belongs to the aldolase class II family. Adducin

is blocked, similarity. Delongs to the aldolase class in lamily. Adducting

subfamily., subunit: Heterodimer of an alpha and a beta subunit or an alpha and a gamma subunit. Binds ROCK1., tissue specificity: Expressed in all tissues. Found

in much higher levels in reticulocytes than the beta subunit.,

Subcellular Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Cell membrane; Peripheral membrane protein;

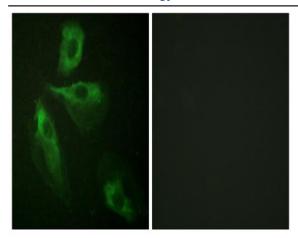
Location : Cytoplasmic side.

Expression: Expressed in all tissues. Found in much higher levels in reticulocytes than the

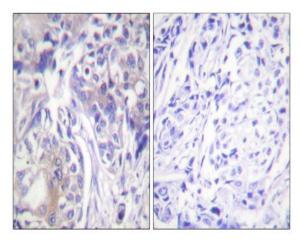
beta subunit.

Products Images

2/3



Immunofluorescence analysis of HeLa cells, using ADD1 Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma tissue, using ADD1 Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.