

CK18 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YN5631

Reactivity: Human

Applications: WB

Target: Cytokeratin 18

Fields: >>Estrogen signaling pathway;>>Staphylococcus aureus infection

Gene Name: KRT18

Protein Name: Keratin type I cytoskeletal 18

Human Gene ld: 3875

Human Swiss Prot

P05783

No:

Mouse Gene Id: 16668

Mouse Swiss Prot

P05784

No:

Rat Gene Id: 294853

Rat Swiss Prot No: Q5BJY9

Immunogen: Recombinant Protein of Keratin type I cytoskeletal 18

Specificity: The antibody detects endogenous Cytokeratin 18 protein.

Formulation: PBS, pH 7.4, containing 0.5%BSA, 0.02% sodium azide as Preservative and

50% Glycerol.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

Dilution: WB 1:1000-2000

1/2



Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 46kD

Cell Pathway: Pathogenic Escherichia coli infection;

Background: KRT18 encodes the type I intermediate filament chain keratin 18. Keratin 18,

together with its filament partner keratin 8, are perhaps the most commonly found members of the intermediate filament gene family. They are expressed in single layer epithelial tissues of the body. Mutations in this gene have been linked to cryptogenic cirrhosis. Two transcript variants encoding the same protein have

been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

Function: disease:Defects in KRT18 are a cause of cryptogenic cirrhosis

[MIM:215600].,function:Involved in the uptake of thrombin-antithrombin

complexes by hepatic cells (By similarity). When phosphorylated, plays a role in filament reorganization. Involved in the delivery of mutated CFTR to the plasma membrane. Together with KRT8, is involved in interleukin-6 (IL-6)-mediated barrier protection.,induction:By IL-6.,miscellaneous:There are two types of

cytoskeletal and microfibrillar keratin: I (acidic; 40-55 kDa) and II (neutral to basic; 56-70 kDa).,PTM:O-glycosylated at multiple sites; glycans consist of single N-acetylglucosamine residues.,PTM:Phosphorylation at Ser-34 increases during

mitosis. Hyperphosphorylated at Ser-53 in diseased cirrhosis liver.

Phosphorylation increases by IL-6.,PTM:Proteolytically cleaved by caspases

during epithelial cell apoptosis. Cleavage occurs at Asp-238 by either

Subcellular Location : Cytoplasm, perinuclear region. Nucleus, nucleolus.

Expression: Expressed in colon, placenta, liver and very weakly in exocervix. Increased

expression observed in lymph nodes of breast carcinoma.

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