

**Cytokeratin 20 (CK20) (ABT24R) rabbit mAb**

<b>Catalog No :</b>	YM7261
<b>Reactivity :</b>	Human;Mouse (predicted: Rat)
<b>Applications :</b>	IHC; ELISA
<b>Target :</b>	Cytokeratin 20
<b>Fields :</b>	>>Estrogen signaling pathway;>>Staphylococcus aureus infection
<b>Gene Name :</b>	KRT20
<b>Protein Name :</b>	Cytokeratin-20
<b>Human Gene Id :</b>	54474
<b>Human Swiss Prot No :</b>	P35900
<b>Immunogen :</b>	Synthesized peptide derived from human CK20 AA range:300-424
<b>Specificity :</b>	This antibody detects endogenous levels of Cytokeratin 20
<b>Formulation :</b>	PBS, 50% glycerol, 0.05% Proclin 300, 0.05%BSA
<b>Source :</b>	Monoclonal, Rabbit IgG1, Kappa
<b>Dilution :</b>	IHC 1:100-500, ELISA 1:5000-20000
<b>Purification :</b>	Recombinant Expression and Affinity purified
<b>Storage Stability :</b>	-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)
<b>Background :</b>	<p>The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the keratin family. The keratins are intermediate filament proteins responsible for the structural integrity of epithelial cells and are subdivided into cytokeratins and hair keratins. The type I cytokeratins consist of acidic proteins which are arranged in pairs of heterotypic keratin chains. This cytokeratin is a major cellular protein of mature enterocytes and goblet cells and is specifically expressed in the gastric and intestinal mucosa.</p>

The type I cytokeratin genes are clustered in a region of chromosome 17q12-q21. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

**Function :**

developmental stage:First detected at embryonic week 8 in individual 'converted' simple epithelial cells of the developing intestinal mucosa. In later fetal stages, synthesis extends over most goblet cells and a variable number of villus enterocytes. In the developing gastric and intestinal mucosa, expressed in all enterocytes and goblet cells as well as certain 'low-differentiated' columnar cells, whereas the neuroendocrine and Paneth cells are negative.,function:Plays a significant role in maintaining keratin filament organization in intestinal epithelia. When phosphorylated, plays a role in the secretion of mucin in the small intestine.,miscellaneous:There are two types of cytoskeletal and microfibrillar keratin: I (acidic; 40-55 kDa) and II (neutral to basic; 56-70 kDa).,PTM:Hyperphosphorylation at Ser-13 occurs during the early stages of apoptosis but becomes less prominent during t

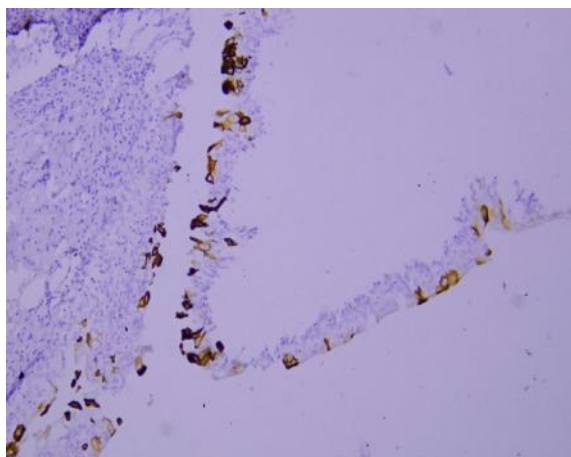
**Subcellular Location :**

Cytoplasmic, Membranous

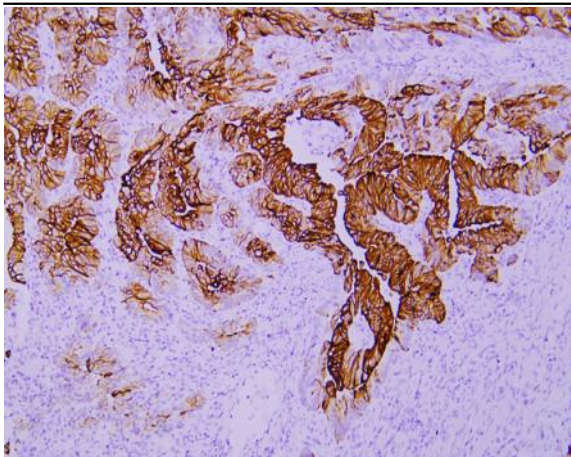
**Expression :**

Expressed predominantly in the intestinal epithelium. Expressed in luminal cells of colonic mucosa. Also expressed in the Merkel cells of keratinized oral mucosa; specifically at the tips of some rete ridges of the gingival mucosa, in the basal layer of the palatal mucosa and in the taste buds of lingual mucosa.

## Products Images



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human Bladder. 1, Antibody was incubated at 4° overnight. 2, TRIS-EDTA of pH8.0 was used for antigen retrieval. 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room temperature, 30min).



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human Colon carcinoma. 1, Antibody was incubated at 4 ° overnight. 2, TRIS-EDTA of pH8.0 was used for antigen retrieval. 3, Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room temperature, 30min).