

UPK3A Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No :	YN2450
Reactivity :	Human;Mouse
Applications :	WB;ELISA
Target :	UPK3A
Fields :	>>Bladder cancer
Gene Name :	UPK3A UPK3
Protein Name :	Uroplakin-3a (UP3a) (Uroplakin III) (UPIII)
Human Gene Id :	7380
Human Swiss Prot No :	O75631
Mouse Swiss Prot No :	Q9JKX8
Immunogen :	Synthesized peptide derived from human protein . at AA range: 232-281
Specificity :	UPK3A Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of protein.
Formulation :	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source :	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Dilution :	WB 1:500-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000
Purification :	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Concentration :	1 mg/ml
Storage Stability :	-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band : 31kD

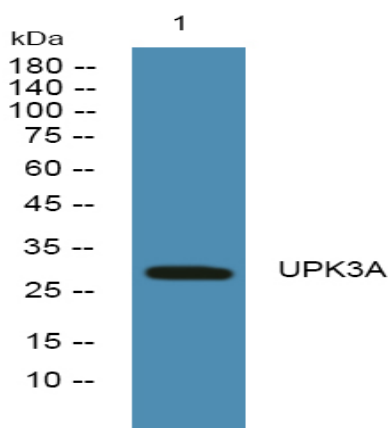
Background : This gene encodes a member of the uroplakin family, a group of transmembrane proteins that form complexes on the apical surface of the bladder epithelium. Mutations in this gene may be associated with renal adysplasia. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been described.[provided by RefSeq, Nov 2009],

Function : disease:Defects in UPK3A are a cause of renal adysplasia [MIM:191830]; also known as renal agenesis or renal aplasia. Renal agenesis refers to the absence of one (unilateral) or both (bilateral) kidneys at birth. Bilateral renal agenesis belongs to a group of perinatally lethal renal diseases, including severe bilateral renal dysplasia, unilateral renal agenesis with contralateral dysplasia and severe obstructive uropathy.,function:Component of the asymmetric unit membrane (AUM); a highly specialized biomembrane elaborated by terminally differentiated urothelial cells. May play an important role in AUM-cytoskeleton interaction in terminally differentiated urothelial cells. It also contributes to the formation of urothelial glycocalyx which may play an important role in preventing bacterial adherence.,similarity:Belongs to the uroplakin-3 family.,subcellular location:Heterodimer formation

Subcellular Location : Endoplasmic reticulum membrane ; Single-pass type I membrane protein . Heterodimer formation with UPK1B is a prerequisite to exit out of the endoplasmic reticulum (ER). .

Expression : Expressed in ureter.

Products Images



Western blot analysis of lysates from KB cells, primary antibody was diluted at 1:1000, 4 ° over night