

RUNX2 (PT0524R) PT® Rabbit mAb

Catalog No :	YM8347
Reactivity :	Human; Mouse; Rat;
Applications :	WB;IHC;IF;IP;ELISA
Target :	RUNX2
Fields :	>>Parathyroid hormone synthesis, secretion and action;>>Transcriptional misregulation in cancer
Gene Name :	RUNX2
Protein Name :	Runt-related transcription factor 2
Human Gene Id :	860
Human Swiss Prot	Q13950
No : Mouse Gene Id :	12393
Mouse Swiss Prot	Q08775
No : Rat Swiss Prot No :	Q9Z2J9
Specificity :	endogenous
Formulation :	PBS, 50% glycerol, 0.05% Proclin 300, 0.05%BSA
Source :	Monoclonal, rabbit, IgG, Kappa
Dilution :	IHC 1:1000-1:5000;WB 1:2000-1:10000;IF 1:200-1:1000;ELISA 1:5000-1:20000;IP 1:50-1:200;
Purification :	Protein A
Storage Stability :	-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

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Molecularweight : 57kD

Observed Band : 57kD

Background :

This gene is a member of the RUNX family of transcription factors and encodes a nuclear protein with an Runt DNA-binding domain. This protein is essential for osteoblastic differentiation and skeletal morphogenesis and acts as a scaffold for nucleic acids and regulatory factors involved in skeletal gene expression. The protein can bind DNA both as a monomer or, with more affinity, as a subunit of a heterodimeric complex. Two regions of potential trinucleotide repeat expansions are present in the N-terminal region of the encoded protein, and these and other mutations in this gene have been associated with the bone development disorder cleidocranial dysplasia (CCD). Transcript variants that encode different protein isoforms result from the use of alternate promoters as well as alternate splicing. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2016],

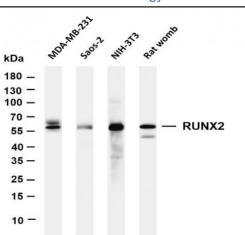
Function:

disease:Defects in RUNX2 are the cause of cleidocranial dysplasia (CCD) [MIM:119600]. CCD is an autosomal dominant skeletal disorder with high penetrance and variable expressivity. It is due to defective endochondral and intramembranous bone formation. Typical features include hypoplasia/aplasia of clavicles, patent fontanelles, wormian bones (additional cranial plates caused by abnormal ossification of the calvaria), supernumerary teeth, short stature, and other skeletal changes. In some cases defects in RUNX2 are exclusively associated with dental anomalies.,domain:A proline/serine/threonine rich region at the C-terminus is necessary for transcriptional activation of target genes and contains the phosphorylation sites.,function:Transcription factor involved in osteoblastic differentiation and skeletal morphogenesis. Essential for the maturation of osteoblasts and both intramembranous a

Subcellular	Nucleus
Location :	
Expression :	Specifically expressed in osteoblasts.

Products Images





Various whole cell lysates were separated by 4-20% SDS-PAGE, and the membrane was blotted with anti-RUNX2 (PT0524R) antibody. The HRP-conjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG(H + L) antibody was used to detect the antibody. Lane 1: MDA-MB-231 Lane 2: Saos-2 Lane 3: NIH-3T3 Lane 4: Rat womb Predicted band size: 57kDa Observed band size: 57kDa