

ITB6 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No :	YN1770
Reactivity :	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications :	WB;ELISA
Target :	ITB6
Fields :	>>PI3K-Akt signaling pathway;>>Focal adhesion;>>ECM-receptor interaction;>>Regulation of actin cytoskeleton;>>Human papillomavirus infection;>>Hypertrophic cardiomyopathy;>>Arrhythmogenic right ventricular cardiomyopathy;>>Dilated cardiomyopathy
Gene Name :	ITGB6
Protein Name :	Integrin beta-6
Human Gene Id :	3694
Human Swiss Prot No :	P18564
Mouse Swiss Prot No :	Q9Z0T9
Rat Swiss Prot No :	Q6AYF4
Immunogen :	Synthesized peptide derived from part region of human protein
Specificity :	ITB6 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of protein.
Formulation :	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source :	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Dilution :	WB 1:500-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000
Purification :	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration :	1 mg/ml
Storage Stability :	-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)
Observed Band :	86kD
Cell Pathway :	Focal adhesion;ECM-receptor interaction;Regulates Actin and Cytoskeleton;Hypertrophic cardiomyopathy (HCM);Arrhythmogenic right ventricular cardiomyopathy (ARVC);Dilated cardiomyopathy;
Background :	This gene encodes a protein that is a member of the integrin superfamily. Members of this family are adhesion receptors that function in signaling from the extracellular matrix to the cell. Integrins are heterodimeric integral membrane proteins composed of an alpha chain and a beta chain. The encoded protein forms a dimer with an alpha v chain and this heterodimer can bind to ligands like fibronectin and transforming growth factor beta 1. Alternate splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2013],
Function :	function:Integrin alpha-V/beta-6 is a receptor for fibronectin and cytotactin. It recognizes the sequence R-G-D in its ligands.,similarity:Belongs to the integrin beta chain family.,similarity:Contains 1 VWFA domain.,subunit:Heterodimer of an alpha and a beta subunit. Beta-6 associates with alpha-V. Interacts with FLNB. Alpha-V/beta-6 binds to foot-and-mouth disease virus (FMDV) VP1 protein, coxsackievirus A9, coxsackievirus B1 capsid proteins and acts as a receptor for these viruses.,
Subcellular Location :	Membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Cell junction, focal adhesion .
Expression :	Keratinocyte,Pancreas,Skeletal muscle,

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