

E2F-1 mouse mAb

Catalog No: YM1428

Reactivity: Human;Rat

Applications: WB;IF;IP

Target: E2F-1

Fields: >> Endocrine resistance; >> Cell cycle; >> Mitophagy - animal; >> Cellular

senescence;>>Cushing syndrome;>>Hepatitis C;>>Hepatitis B;>>Human cytomegalovirus infection;>>Human papillomavirus infection;>>Human T-cell

leukemia virus 1 infection;>>Kaposi sarcoma-associated herpesvirus

infection;>>Epstein-Barr virus infection;>>Pathways in cancer;>>MicroRNAs in

cancer;>>Chemical carcinogenesis - receptor activation;>>Pancreatic

cancer;>>Glioma;>>Prostate cancer;>>Melanoma;>>Bladder cancer;>>Chronic

myeloid leukemia;>>Small cell lung cancer;>>Non-small cell lung

cancer;>>Breast cancer;>>Hepatocellular carcinoma;>>Gastric cancer

Gene Name: e2f1

Human Gene Id: 1869

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Immunogen: Purified recombinant human E2F-1 protein fragments expressed in E.coli.

Specificity: This antibody detects endogenous levels of E2F-1 and does not cross-react with

related proteins.

Q01094

Q61501

Formulation: Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Monoclonal, Mouse

Dilution: wb dilution 1:500 icc dilution 1:100. IF 1:50-200

Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse ascites by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.



Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 60kD

Cell Pathway : Cell_Cycle_G1S;Cell_Cycle_G2M_DNA;Pathways in cancer;Pancreatic

cancer;Glioma;Prostate cancer;Melanoma;Bladder cancer;Chronic myeloid

leukemia; Small cell lung cancer; Non-small cell lung cancer;

Background: The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the E2F family of transcription

factors. The E2F family plays a crucial role in the control of cell cycle and action of tumor suppressor proteins and is also a target of the transforming proteins of

small DNA tumor viruses. The E2F proteins contain several evolutionally conserved domains found in most members of the family. These domains include

a DNA binding domain, a dimerization domain which determines interaction with the differentiation regulated transcription factor proteins (DP), a transactivation

domain enriched in acidic amino acids, and a tumor suppressor protein

association domain which is embedded within the transactivation domain. This protein and another 2 members. E2F2 and E2F3, have an additional cyclin

binding domain. This protein binds preferentially to retinoblastoma protein pRB in

a cell-cycle dependent manner. It can media

Function: function:Transcription activator that binds DNA cooperatively with dp proteins

through the E2 recognition site, 5'-TTTC[CG]CGC-3' found in the promoter region of a number of genes whose products are involved in cell cycle regulation or in DNA replication. The DRTF1/E2F complex functions in the control of cell-cycle progression from G1 to S phase. E2F-1 binds preferentially RB1 protein, in a cell-

cycle dependent manner. It can mediate both cell proliferation and

p53-dependent apoptosis.,PTM:Phosphorylated by CDK2 and cyclin A-CDK2 in the S-phase.,similarity:Belongs to the E2F/DP family.,subunit:Component of the DRTF1/E2F transcription factor complex. Forms heterodimers with DP family

members. The E2F-1 complex binds specifically hypophosphorylated

retinoblastoma protein RB1. During the cell cycle, RB1 becomes phosphorylated

in mid-to-late G1 phase, detaches from the DRTF1/E2F complex, ren

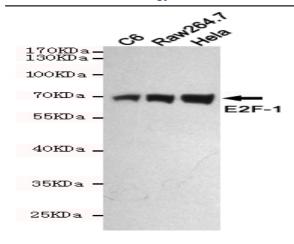
Subcellular Location:

Nucleus.

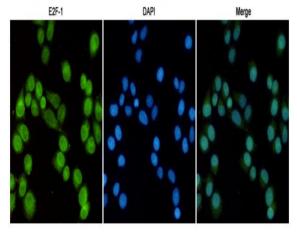
Expression:

Brain, Epithelium, Pancreas, Skin,

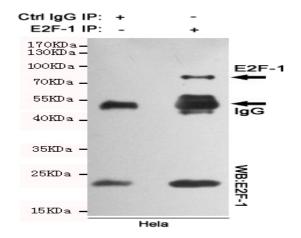
Products Images



Western blot detection of E2F-1 in C6,Raw264.7 and Hela cell lysates using E2F-1 mouse mAb (1:500 diluted).Predicted band size:70KDa.Observed band size:70KDa.



Immunofluorescent analysis of Hela cells fixed with 4% Paraformaldehyde and using anti-E2F-1 mouse mAb (dilution 1:100). DAPI was used to stain nucleus(blue).



Immunoprecipitation analysis of Hela cell lysates using E2F-1 mouse mAb.