

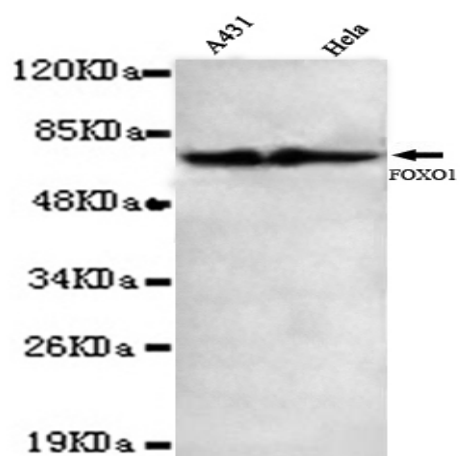
## FOXO1(C-term) mouse mAb

<b>Catalog No :</b>	YM1279
<b>Reactivity :</b>	Human
<b>Applications :</b>	WB
<b>Target :</b>	FoxO1
<b>Fields :</b>	>>FoxO signaling pathway;>>AMPK signaling pathway;>>Longevity regulating pathway;>>Longevity regulating pathway - multiple species;>>Cellular senescence;>>Insulin signaling pathway;>>Thyroid hormone signaling pathway;>>Glucagon signaling pathway;>>Insulin resistance;>>AGE-RAGE signaling pathway in diabetic complications;>>Alcoholic liver disease;>>Shigellosis;>>Human papillomavirus infection;>>Pathways in cancer;>>Transcriptional misregulation in cancer;>>Prostate cancer
<b>Gene Name :</b>	foxo1
<b>Human Gene Id :</b>	2308
<b>Human Swiss Prot No :</b>	Q12778
<b>Mouse Swiss Prot No :</b>	Q9R1E0
<b>Immunogen :</b>	Purified recombinant human FOXO1(C-terminus) protein fragments expressed in E.coli.
<b>Specificity :</b>	This antibody detects endogenous levels of FOXO1(C-terminus) and does not cross-react with related proteins.
<b>Formulation :</b>	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
<b>Source :</b>	Monoclonal, Mouse
<b>Dilution :</b>	wb 1:1000
<b>Purification :</b>	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse ascites by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

**Concentration :** 1 mg/ml**Storage Stability :** -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)**Observed Band :** 70kD**Cell Pathway :** Insulin\_Receptor;Pathways in cancer;Prostate cancer;**Background :** This gene belongs to the forkhead family of transcription factors which are characterized by a distinct forkhead domain. The specific function of this gene has not yet been determined; however, it may play a role in myogenic growth and differentiation. Translocation of this gene with PAX3 has been associated with alveolar rhabdomyosarcoma. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],**Function :** disease:Chromosomal aberrations involving FOXO1 are a cause of rhabdomyosarcoma 2 (RMS2) [MIM:268220]; also known as alveolar rhabdomyosarcoma. Translocation (2;13)(q35;q14) with PAX3; translocation t(1;13)(p36;q14) with PAX7. The resulting protein is a transcriptional activator.,function:Transcription factor.,PTM:Phosphorylated by AKT1; insulin-induced (By similarity). IGF1 rapidly induces phosphorylation of Ser-256, Thr-24, and Ser-319. Phosphorylation of Ser-256 decreases DNA-binding activity and promotes the phosphorylation of Thr-24, and Ser-319, permitting phosphorylation of Ser-322 and Ser-325, probably by CK1, leading to nuclear exclusion and loss of function. Phosphorylation of Ser-329 is independent of IGF1 and leads to reduced function. Phosphorylated upon DNA damage, probably by ATM or ATR.,similarity:Contains 1 fork-head DNA-binding domain.,subcellular location:Shuttles betw**Subcellular Location :** Cytoplasm . Nucleus . Shuttles between the cytoplasm and nucleus. Largely nuclear in unstimulated cells (PubMed:11311120, PubMed:12228231, PubMed:19221179, PubMed:21245099, PubMed:20543840, PubMed:25009184). In osteoblasts, colocalizes with ATF4 and RUNX2 in the nucleus (By similarity). Serum deprivation increases localization to the nucleus, leading to activate expression of SOX9 and subsequent chondrogenesis (By similarity). Insulin-induced phosphorylation at Ser-256 by PKB/AKT1 leads, via stimulation of Thr-24 phosphorylation, to binding of 14-3-3 proteins and nuclear export to the cytoplasm where it is degraded by the ubiquitin-proteosomal pathway (PubMed:11237865, PubMed:12228231). Phosphorylation at Ser-249 by CDK1 disrupts binding of 14-3-3 proteins and promotes nuclear accumulation**Expression :** Ubiquitous.

---

## Products Images



Western blot detection of FOXO1(C-terminus) in A431 and HeLa cell lysates using FOXO1(C-terminus) mouse mAb (1:1000 diluted). Predicted band size:70KDa.Observed band size: 70KDa.