

sMtCK Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog No :	YM1097
Reactivity :	Human;Mouse;Rat;Dog;Pig;Rabbit
Applications :	WB
Target :	sMtCK
Fields :	>>Arginine and proline metabolism;>>Metabolic pathways
Gene Name :	CKMT2
Protein Name :	Creatine kinase S-type mitochondrial
Human Gene Id :	1160
Human Swiss Prot No :	P17540
Mouse Gene Id :	76722
Mouse Swiss Prot No :	Q6P8J7
Rat Swiss Prot No :	P09605
Immunogen :	Purified recombinant human sMtCK protein fragments expressed in E.coli.
Specificity :	sMtCK Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of sMtCK protein.
Formulation :	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source :	Monoclonal, Mouse
Dilution :	WB 1:1000 - 1:2000. Not yet tested in other applications.
Purification :	Affinity purification
Concentration :	1 mg/ml

Storage Stability : -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Molecularweight : 48kD

Cell Pathway : Arginine and proline metabolism;

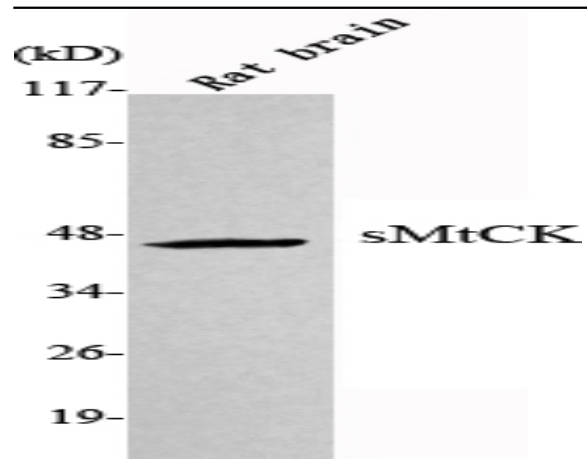
Background : creatine kinase, mitochondrial 2(CKMT2) Homo sapiens Mitochondrial creatine kinase (MtCK) is responsible for the transfer of high energy phosphate from mitochondria to the cytosolic carrier, creatine. It belongs to the creatine kinase isoenzyme family. It exists as two isoenzymes, sarcomeric MtCK and ubiquitous MtCK, encoded by separate genes. Mitochondrial creatine kinase occurs in two different oligomeric forms: dimers and octamers, in contrast to the exclusively dimeric cytosolic creatine kinase isoenzymes. Sarcomeric mitochondrial creatine kinase has 80% homology with the coding exons of ubiquitous mitochondrial creatine kinase. This gene contains sequences homologous to several motifs that are shared among some nuclear genes encoding mitochondrial proteins and thus may be essential for the coordinated activation of these genes during mitochondrial biogenesis. Three transcript variants encoding the same protein have been found for this gen

Function : catalytic activity:ATP + creatine = ADP + phosphocreatine.,function:Reversibly catalyzes the transfer of phosphate between ATP and various phosphogens (e.g. creatine phosphate). Creatine kinase isoenzymes play a central role in energy transduction in tissues with large, fluctuating energy demands, such as skeletal muscle, heart, brain and spermatozoa.,miscellaneous:Mitochondrial creatine kinase binds cardiolipin.,similarity:Belongs to the ATP:guanido phosphotransferase family.,subunit:Exists as an octamer composed of four CKMT2 homodimers.,tissue specificity:Sarcomere-specific. Found only in heart and skeletal muscles.,

Subcellular Location : Mitochondrion inner membrane; Peripheral membrane protein; Intermembrane side.

Expression : Sarcomere-specific. Found only in heart and skeletal muscles.

Products Images



Western Blot analysis using sMtCK Monoclonal Antibody against rat brain lysate.