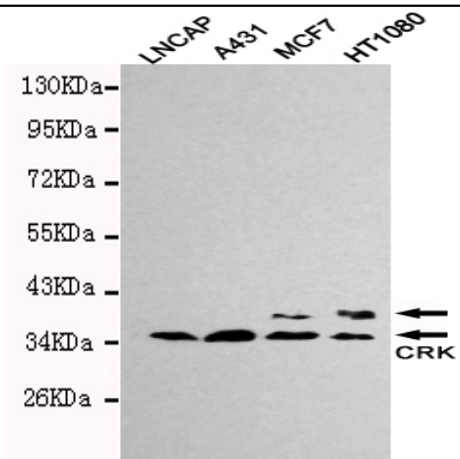


CrkII mouse mAb

Catalog No :	YM1341
Reactivity :	Human
Applications :	WB
Target :	Crk II
Fields :	>>MAPK signaling pathway;>>ErbB signaling pathway;>>Rap1 signaling pathway;>>Chemokine signaling pathway;>>Focal adhesion;>>Fc gamma R-mediated phagocytosis;>>Neurotrophin signaling pathway;>>Regulation of actin cytoskeleton;>>Insulin signaling pathway;>>Growth hormone synthesis, secretion and action;>>Bacterial invasion of epithelial cells;>>Shigellosis;>>Yersinia infection;>>Human cytomegalovirus infection;>>Human immunodeficiency virus 1 infection;>>Pathways in cancer;>>MicroRNAs in cancer;>>Renal cell carcinoma;>>Chronic myeloid leukemia
Gene Name :	crk
Human Gene Id :	1398
Human Swiss Prot No :	P46108
Mouse Swiss Prot No :	Q64010
Immunogen :	Purified recombinant human CrkII protein fragments expressed in E.coli.
Specificity :	This antibody detects endogenous levels of CrkII and does not cross-react with related proteins.
Formulation :	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source :	Monoclonal, Mouse
Dilution :	wb 1:1000
Purification :	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse ascites by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration :	<u>1 mg/ml</u>
Storage Stability :	<u>-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)</u>
Observed Band :	<u>34kD</u>
Cell Pathway :	<u>MAPK_ERK_Growth;MAPK_G_Protein;ErbB_HER;Chemokine;Focal adhesion;Fc gamma R-mediated phagocytosis;Neurotrophin;Regulates Actin and Cytoskeleton;Insulin_Receptor;Pathways in cancer;Renal cell carcinoma</u>
Background :	<u>This gene encodes a member of an adapter protein family that binds to several tyrosine-phosphorylated proteins. The product of this gene has several SH2 and SH3 domains (src-homology domains) and is involved in several signaling pathways, recruiting cytoplasmic proteins in the vicinity of tyrosine kinase through SH2-phosphotyrosine interaction. The N-terminal SH2 domain of this protein functions as a positive regulator of transformation whereas the C-terminal SH3 domain functions as a negative regulator of transformation. Two alternative transcripts encoding different isoforms with distinct biological activity have been described. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],</u>
Function :	<u>domain:The C-terminal SH3 domain function as a negative modulator for transformation and the N-terminal SH3 domain appears to function as a positive regulator for transformation.,domain:The SH2 domain mediates interaction with SHB.,function:The Crk-I and Crk-II forms differ in their biological activities. Crk-II has less transforming activity than Crk-I. Crk-II mediates attachment-induced MAPK8 activation, membrane ruffling and cell motility in a Rac-dependent manner. Involved in phagocytosis of apoptotic cells and cell motility via its interaction with DOCK1 and DOCK4.,PTM:Phosphorylated on Tyr-221 upon cell adhesion. Results in the negative regulation of the association with SH2- and SH3-binding partners, possibly by the formation of an intramolecular interaction of phosphorylated Tyr-221 with the SH2 domain. This leads finally to the down-regulation of the Crk signaling pathway.,PTM:P</u>
Subcellular Location :	<u>Cytoplasm . Cell membrane . Translocated to the plasma membrane upon cell adhesion. .</u>
Expression :	<u>Embryonic lung,Epithelium,Eye,Lung,Placenta,</u>

Products Images



Western blot detection of CrkII in Lncap,A431,MCF7 and HT1080 cell lysates using CrkII mouse mAb (1:1000 diluted).Predicted band size: 34kDa.Observed band size: 34kDa.