

Raf-B Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YM0549

Reactivity: Human; Mouse

Applications: WB;IHC;IF;ELISA

Target: Raf-B

Fields: >>EGFR tyrosine kinase inhibitor resistance;>>Endocrine resistance;>>MAPK

signaling pathway;>>ErbB signaling pathway;>>Rap1 signaling

pathway;>>cAMP signaling pathway;>>Chemokine signaling pathway;>>FoxO signaling pathway;>>mTOR signaling pathway;>>Vascular smooth muscle contraction;>>Focal adhesion;>>Natural killer cell mediated cytotoxicity;>>Long-

term potentiation;>>Neurotrophin signaling pathway;>>Serotonergic

synapse;>>Long-term depression;>>Regulation of actin cytoskeleton;>>Insulin signaling pathway;>>Progesterone-mediated oocyte maturation;>>Parathyroid hormone synthesis, secretion and action;>>Cushing syndrome;>>Alzheimer

disease;>>Pathways of neurodegeneration - multiple

diseases;>>Alcoholism;>>Hepatitis C;>>Hepatitis B;>>Pathways in

cancer;>>Proteoglycans in cancer;>>Chemical carcinogenesis - reactive oxygen

species;>>Colorectal cancer;>>Renal cell carcinoma;>>Pancreatic cancer;>>Endometrial cancer;>>Glioma;>>Prostate cancer;>>Thyroid

cancer;>>Melanoma;>>Bladder cancer;>>Chr

Gene Name: BRAF

Protein Name: Serine/threonine-protein kinase B-raf

P15056

P28028

Human Gene Id: 673

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Mouse Gene Id: 109880

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Immunogen: Purified recombinant fragment of human Raf-B expressed in E. Coli.

Specificity: Raf-B Monoclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Raf-B protein.

1/3



Formulation: Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Monoclonal, Mouse

Dilution: WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC 1:200 - 1:1000. IF 1:200 - 1:1000. ELISA: 1:10000. Not

yet tested in other applications.

Purification: Affinity purification

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Molecularweight: 84kD

Cell Pathway: Regulation of Actin Dynamics; MAPK_ERK_Growth; MAPK_G_Protein; Cell

Growth; mTOR

P References : 1. J Clin Oncol. 2008 Dec 10;26(35):5705-12.

2. Endocr Relat Cancer. 2006 Mar;13(1):257-69.

Background: This gene encodes a protein belonging to the raf/mil family of serine/threonine

protein kinases. This protein plays a role in regulating the MAP kinase/ERKs signaling pathway, which affects cell division, differentiation, and secretion. Mutations in this gene are associated with cardiofaciocutaneous syndrome, a disease characterized by heart defects, mental retardation and a distinctive facial appearance. Mutations in this gene have also been associated with various cancers, including non-Hodgkin lymphoma, colorectal cancer, malignant

melanoma, thyroid carcinoma, non-small cell lung carcinoma, and adenocarcinoma of lung. A pseudogene, which is located on chromosome X, has

been identified for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

Function: catalytic activity:ATP + a protein = ADP + a phosphoprotein.,cofactor:Binds 2

zinc ions per subunit., disease: Defects in BRAF are a cause of

cardiofaciocutaneous syndrome (CFC syndrome) [MIM:115150]; also known as

cardio-facio-cutaneous syndrome. CFC syndrome is characterized by a

distinctive facial appearance, heart defects and mental retardation. Heart defects include pulmonic stenosis, atrial septal defects and hypertrophic cardiomyopathy. Some affected individuals present with ectodermal abnormalities such as sparse,

friable hair, hyperkeratotic skin lesions and a generalized ichthyosis-like

condition. Typical facial features are similar to Noonan syndrome. They include high forehead with bitemporal constriction, hypoplastic supraorbital ridges, downslanting palpebral fissures, a depressed nasal bridge, and posteriorly

angulated ears with prominent helices. The inheritance of CFC synd

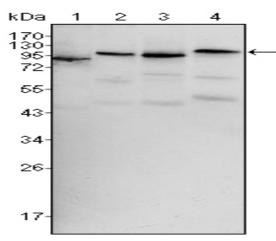
Subcellular Location:

Nucleus . Cytoplasm . Cell membrane . Colocalizes with RGS14 and RAF1 in

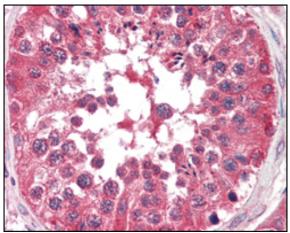
both the cytoplasm and membranes. .

Expression : Brain and testis.

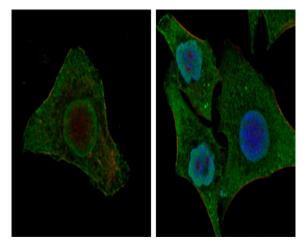
Products Images



Western Blot analysis using Raf-B Monoclonal Antibody against HeLa (1), HL60 (2), HepG2 (3) and NIH/3T3 (4) cell lysate.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human testis tissues with AEC staining using Raf-B Monoclonal Antibody.



Confocal immunofluorescence analysis of MCF-7 (left) and HepG2 (right) cells using Raf-B Monoclonal Antibody (green). Red: Actin filaments have been labeled with DY-554 phalloidin. Blue: DRAQ5 fluorescent DNA dye