

## CD71 (PN0515) Nb-FC recombinant antibody

YA0482 Catalog No:

Reactivity: Human

**ELISA Applications:** 

**Target:** CD71

Gene Name: **TFRC** 

**Protein Name:** Transferrin receptor protein 1 (TR) (TfR) (TfR1) (Trfr) (T9) (p90) (CD antigen

CD71) [Cleaved into: Transferrin receptor protein 1, serum form (sTfR)]

**Human Gene Id:** 7037

**Human Swiss Prot** 

No:

P02786

Immunogen: Purified recombinant Human CD71

This recombinant monoclonal antibody can detects endogenous levels of CD71 **Specificity:** 

protein.

Formulation: Phosphate-buffered solution

Camel, chimeric fusion of Nanobody (VHH) and mouse IgG1 Fc domain, Source:

recombinantly produced from 293F cell

**Dilution:** ELISA 1:5000-100000

**Purification:** Recombinant Expression and Affinity purified

Please check the information on the tube **Concentration:** 

-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Avoid freeze / thaw cycles) **Storage Stability:** 

**Background:** transferrin receptor(TFRC) Homo sapiens This gene encodes a cell surface

receptor necessary for cellular iron uptake by the process of receptor-mediated

endocytosis. This receptor is required for erythropoiesis and neurologic



development. Multiple alternatively spliced variants have been identified. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2015]

## **Function:**

Cellular uptake of iron occurs via receptor-mediated endocytosis of ligand-occupied transferrin receptor into specialized endosomes . Endosomal acidification leads to iron release. The apotransferrin-receptor complex is then recycled to the cell surface with a return to neutral pH and the concomitant loss of affinity of apotransferrin for its receptor. Transferrin receptor is necessary for development of erythrocytes and the nervous system (By similarity). A second ligand, the heditary hemochromatosis protein HFE, competes for binding with transferrin for an overlapping C-terminal binding site. Positively regulates T and B cell proliferation through iron uptake . Acts as a lipid sensor that regulates mitochondrial fusion by regulating activation of the JNK pathway . When dietary levels of stearate (C18:0) are low, promotes activation of the JNK pathway, resulting in HUWE1-mediated ubiqu

## Subcellular Location:

Cell membrane; Single-pass type II membrane protein. Melanosome. Identified by mass spectrometry in melanosome fractions from stage I to stage IV..; [Transferrin receptor protein 1, serum form]: Secreted.

## **Products Images**