

**CD38 (PN0604) Nb-FC recombinant antibody**

<b>Catalog No :</b>	YA0343
<b>Reactivity :</b>	Human
<b>Applications :</b>	ELISA
<b>Target :</b>	CD38
<b>Gene Name :</b>	CD38
<b>Protein Name :</b>	ADP-ribosyl cyclase/cyclic ADP-ribose hydrolase 1 (EC 3.2.2.6) (2'-phospho-ADP-ribosyl cyclase) (2'-phospho-ADP-ribosyl cyclase/2'-phospho-cyclic-ADP-ribose transferase) (EC 2.4.99.20) (2'-phospho-cyc
<b>Human Gene Id :</b>	952
<b>Human Swiss Prot No :</b>	P28907
<b>Immunogen :</b>	Purified recombinant Human CD38
<b>Specificity :</b>	This recombinant monoclonal antibody can detects endogenous levels of CD38 protein.
<b>Formulation :</b>	Phosphate-buffered solution
<b>Source :</b>	Camel, chimeric fusion of Nanobody (VHH) and mouse IgG1 Fc domain , recombinantly produced from 293F cell
<b>Dilution :</b>	ELISA 1:5000-100000
<b>Purification :</b>	Recombinant Expression and Affinity purified
<b>Concentration :</b>	Please check the information on the tube
<b>Storage Stability :</b>	-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Avoid freeze / thaw cycles)
<b>Background :</b>	The protein encoded byThis gene is a non-lineage-restricted, type II transmembrane glycoprotein that synthesizes and hydrolyzes cyclic adenosine

5'-diphosphate-ribose, an intracellular calcium ion mobilizing messenger. The release of soluble protein and the ability of membrane-bound protein to become internalized indicate both extracellular and intracellular functions for the protein. This protein has an N-terminal cytoplasmic tail, a single membrane-spanning domain, and a C-terminal extracellular region with four N-glycosylation sites. Crystal structure analysis demonstrates that the functional molecule is a dimer, with the central portion containing the catalytic site. It is used as a prognostic marker for patients with chronic lymphocytic leukemia. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2015]

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**Function :**

catalytic activity:NAD(+) + H<sub>2</sub>O = ADP-ribose + nicotinamide.,developmental stage:Preferentially expressed at both early and late stages of the B and T-cell maturation. It is also detected on erythroid and myeloid progenitors in bone marrow, where the level of surface expression was shown to decrease during differentiation of blast-forming unit E to colony-forming unit E.,enzyme regulation:ATP inhibits the hydrolyzing activity.,Synthesizes cyclic ADP-ribose, a second messenger for glucose-induced insulin secretion. Also has cADPr hydrolase activity. Also moonlights as a receptor in cells of the immune system.,online information:CD38 entry,similarity:Belongs to the ADP-ribosyl cyclase family.,tissue specificity:Expressed at high levels in pancreas, liver, kidney, brain, testis, ovary, placenta, malignant lymphoma and neuroblastoma.,

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**Subcellular Location :**

Membrane; Single-pass type II membrane protein.

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**Expression :**

Expressed at high levels in pancreas, liver, kidney, brain, testis, ovary, placenta, malignant lymphoma and neuroblastoma.

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