

## FKHRL1 (Phospho Ser318) Rabbit pAb

Catalog No :	YP1847
Reactivity :	Human;Mouse
Applications :	IHC;WB
Target :	FKHRL1
Fields :	>>EGFR tyrosine kinase inhibitor resistance;>>Chemokine signaling pathway;>>FoxO signaling pathway;>>Mitophagy - animal;>>PI3K-Akt signaling pathway;>>AMPK signaling pathway;>>Longevity regulating pathway;>>Longevity regulating pathway - multiple species;>>Cellular senescence;>>Neurotrophin signaling pathway;>>Prolactin signaling pathway;>>Alcoholic liver disease;>>Shigellosis;>>Chemical carcinogenesis - reactive oxygen species;>>Endometrial cancer;>>Non-small cell lung cancer
Gene Name :	FOXO3 FKHRL1 FOXO3A
Protein Name :	Forkhead box protein O3 (AF6q21 protein) (Forkhead in rhabdomyosarcoma- like 1)
Human Gene Id :	2309
Human Swiss Prot	O43524
No : Mouse Gene Id :	56484
Mouse Swiss Prot	Q9WVH4
No : Immunogen :	Synthesized peptide derived from human FKHRL1 (Phospho Ser318)
Specificity :	This antibody detects endogenous levels of FKHRL1 (Phospho Ser318) Rabbit pAb at Human, Mouse
Formulation :	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source :	Rabbit,polyclonal
	WB 1:500-2000 IHC 1:50-200



Biltification :	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit serum by affinity-chromatography using specific immunogen.
Concentration :	1 mg/ml
Storage Stability :	-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)
Observed Band :	71kD
Background :	forkhead box O3(FOXO3) Homo sapiens This gene belongs to the forkhead family of transcription factors which are characterized by a distinct forkhead domain. This gene likely functions as a trigger for apoptosis through expression of genes necessary for cell death. Translocation of this gene with the MLL gene is associated with secondary acute leukemia. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding the same protein have been observed. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],
Function :	disease:A chromosomal aberration involving FOXO3 is found in secondary acute leukemias. Translocation t(6;11)(q21;q23) with MLL/HRX.,function:Transcriptional activator which triggers apoptosis in the absence of survival factors, including neuronal cell death upon oxidative stress. Recognizes and binds to the DNA sequence 5'-[AG]TAAA[TC]A-3'.,PTM:In the presence of survival factors such as IGF-1, phosphorylated on Thr-32 and Ser-253 by AKT1/PKB. This phosphorylated form then interacts with 14-3-3 proteins and is retained in the cytoplasm. Survival factor withdrawal induces dephosphorylated protein induces transcription of target genes and triggers apoptosis. Although AKT1/PKB doesn't appear to phosphorylate Ser-315 directly, it may activate other kinases that trigger phosphorylation at this residue. Phosphorylated by ST
Subcellular Location :	Cytoplasm, cytosol . Nucleus . Mitochondrion matrix . Mitochondrion outer membrane ; Peripheral membrane protein ; Cytoplasmic side . Retention in the cytoplasm contributes to its inactivation (PubMed:10102273, PubMed:15084260, PubMed:16751106). Translocates to the nucleus upon oxidative stress and in the absence of survival factors (PubMed:10102273, PubMed:16751106). Translocates from the cytosol to the nucleus following dephosphorylation in response to autophagy-inducing stimuli (By similarity). Translocates in a AMPK- dependent manner into the mitochondrion in response to metabolic stress (PubMed:23283301, PubMed:29445193). Serum deprivation increases localization to the nucleus, leading to activate expression of SOX9 and subsequent chondrogenesis (By similarity)
Expression :	Ubiquitous.







Western Blot analysis of 1 HeLa cell, 2 LPS 100ng/mL 30min treated ,using primary antibody at 1:1000 dilution. Secondary antibody(catalog#:RS23920) was diluted at 1:10000