

## Tuberin (Phospho Ser981) Rabbit pAb

Catalog No: YP1828

**Reactivity:** Human; Mouse; Rat

**Applications:** IHC;WB

Target: Tuberin

Fields: >>Phospholipase D signaling pathway;>>p53 signaling pathway;>>Autophagy -

animal;>>mTOR signaling pathway;>>PI3K-Akt signaling pathway;>>AMPK

signaling pathway;>>Longevity regulating pathway;>>Cellular

senescence;>>Thermogenesis;>>Insulin signaling pathway;>>Thyroid hormone signaling pathway;>>Human cytomegalovirus infection;>>Human papillomavirus infection;>>Herpes simplex virus 1 infection;>>Choline metabolism in cancer

Gene Name: TSC2 TSC4

**Protein Name :** Tuberin (Tuberous sclerosis 2 protein)

P49815

Q61037

P49816

Sequence: P49815

Human Gene Id: 7249

**Human Swiss Prot** 

No:

**Mouse Swiss Prot** 

**Rat Swiss Prot No:** 

No:

Rat Gene Id: 24855

Immunogen: Synthesized peptide derived from human Tuberin (Phospho Ser981)

**Specificity:** This antibody detects endogenous levels of Tuberin (Phospho Ser981) Rabbit

pAb at Human, Mouse, Rat

**Formulation :** Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.02% sodium azide.

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**Source :** Rabbit,polyclonal

**Dilution:** WB 1:500-2000 IHC 1:50-200

**Purification:** The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit serum by affinity-chromatography

using specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

**Storage Stability:** -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Molecularweight: 199kD

**Background:** tuberous sclerosis 2(TSC2) Homo sapiens Mutations in this gene lead to

tuberous sclerosis complex. Its gene product is believed to be a tumor suppressor and is able to stimulate specific GTPases. The protein associates with hamartin in a cytosolic complex, possibly acting as a chaperone for hamartin. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms.

[provided by RefSeg, Jul 2008],

**Function :** alternative products:Additional isoforms seem to exist. Experimental

confirmation may be lacking for some isoforms, disease: Defects in TSC2 are a cause of lymphangioleiomyomatosis (LAM) [MIM:606690]. LAM is a progressive and often fatal lung disease characterized by a diffuse proliferation of abnormal smooth muscle cells in the lungs. It affects almost exclusively young women and can occur as an isolated disorder or in association with tuberous sclerosis complex., disease: Defects in TSC2 are the cause of tuberous sclerosis complex (TSC) [MIM:191100]. The molecular basis of TSC is a functional impairment of the tuberin-hamartin complex. TSC is an autosomal dominant multi-system disorder that affects especially the brain, kidneys, heart, and skin. TSC is characterized by hamartomas (benign overgrowths predominantly of a cell or

tissue type that occurs normally in the organ) and hamartias (de

Subcellular Location:

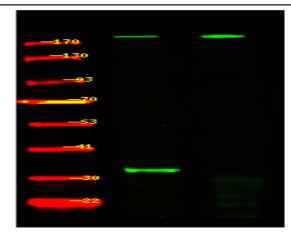
Cytoplasm. Membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. At steady state found in

association with membranes.

**Expression:** Liver, brain, heart, lymphocytes, fibroblasts, biliary epithelium, pancreas,

skeletal muscle, kidney, lung and placenta.

## **Products Images**



Western Blot analysis of mouse brain? rat brain tissue, ,using primary antibody at 1:1000 dilution. Secondary antibody(catalog#:RS23920) was diluted at 1:10000