

5-LO (phospho Ser523) Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YP0491

Reactivity: Human;Rat

Applications: WB;ELISA

Target: 5-LO

Fields: >>Arachidonic acid metabolism;>>Metabolic pathways;>>Fc epsilon RI

signaling pathway;>>Serotonergic synapse;>>Ovarian

steroidogenesis;>>Toxoplasmosis

Gene Name: ALOX5

Protein Name: Arachidonate 5-lipoxygenase

P48999

Human Gene Id: 240

Human Swiss Prot P09917

No:

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Rat Gene ld: 25290

Rat Swiss Prot No: P12527

Immunogen: Synthesized phospho-peptide around the phosphorylation site of human 5-LO

(phospho Ser523)

Specificity: Phospho-5-LO (S523) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of 5-LO

protein only when phosphorylated at S523.

Formulation : Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

Dilution: WB 1:500 - 1:2000. ELISA: 1:10000. Not yet tested in other applications.

1/3



Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 77kD

Cell Pathway: Arachidonic acid metabolism;

Background: This gene encodes a member of the lipoxygenase gene family and plays a dual

role in the synthesis of leukotrienes from arachidonic acid. The encoded protein, which is expressed specifically in bone marrow-derived cells, catalyzes the conversion of arachidonic acid to 5(S)-hydroperoxy-6-trans-8,11,14-cis-

eicosatetraenoic acid, and further to the allylic epoxide

5(S)-trans-7,9-trans-11,14-cis-eicosatetrenoic acid (leukotriene A4).

Leukotrienes are important mediators of a number of inflammatory and allergic conditions. Mutations in the promoter region of this gene lead to a diminished response to antileukotriene drugs used in the treatment of asthma and may also be associated with atherosclerosis and several cancers. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene.

[provided by RefSeq, Jan 2012],

Function: catalytic activity:Arachidonate + O(2) = leukotriene A(4) + H(2)O.,cofactor:Binds

1 iron ion per subunit., cofactor: Binds 2 calcium ions per

subunit.,function:Catalyzes the first step in leukotriene biosynthesis, and thereby plays a role in inflammatory processes.,pathway:Lipid metabolism; leukotriene A4 biosynthesis.,PTM:Serine phosphorylation by MAPKAPK2 is stimulated by arachidonic acid. Phosphorylation on Ser-523 by PKA has an inhibitory effect. Phosphorylation on Ser-272 prevents export from the nucleus.,similarity:Belongs

to the lipoxygenase family., similarity: Contains 1 lipoxygenase

domain.,similarity:Contains 1 PLAT domain.,subcellular location:Shuttles between cytoplasm and nucleus. Found exclusively in the nucleus, when phosphorylated on Ser-272. Calcium binding promotes translocation from the cytosol and the nuclear matrix to the nuclear envelope and membrane association.,subun

Subcellular Location:

Cytoplasm . Nucleus matrix . Nucleus membrane ; Peripheral membrane protein . Cytoplasm, perinuclear region . Cytoplasm, cytosol . Nucleus envelope . Nucleus

intermembrane space. Shuttles between cytoplasm and nucleus

(PubMed:19233132). Found exclusively in the nucleus, when phosphorylated on Ser-272 (PubMed:18978352). Calcium binding promotes translocation from the cytosol and the nuclear matrix to the nuclear envelope and membrane association (PubMed:19233132, PubMed:3118366, PubMed:8245774, PubMed:16275640).

Expression: Brain, Spleen,

2/3



Products Images