

FADD (phospho Ser194) Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YP0628

Reactivity: Human; Mouse

Applications: WB;IHC;IF;ELISA

Target: FADD

Fields: >>Platinum drug resistance;>>Apoptosis;>>Apoptosis - multiple

species;>>Necroptosis;>>Toll-like receptor signaling pathway;>>NOD-like receptor signaling pathway;>>IL-17

signaling pathway;>>TNF signaling pathway;>>Alcoholic liver

disease;>>Alzheimer disease;>>Pathways of neurodegeneration - multiple

diseases;>>Pathogenic Escherichia coli infection;>>Salmonella

infection;>>Chagas disease;>>Tuberculosis;>>Hepatitis C;>>Hepatitis B;>>Measles;>>Human cytomegalovirus infection;>>Influenza A;>>Human

papillomavirus infection;>>Kaposi sarcoma-associated herpesvirus infection;>>Herpes simplex virus 1 infection;>>Epstein-Barr virus

infection;>>Human immunodeficiency virus 1 infection;>>Pathways in cancer

Gene Name: FADD

Protein Name: Protein FADD

Human Gene Id: 8772

Human Swiss Prot Q13158

No:

Mouse Swiss Prot Q61160

No:

ouse Swiss Flot

Immunogen: The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human

FADD around the phosphorylation site of Ser194. AA range:159-208

Specificity: Phospho-FADD (S194) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of FADD

protein only when phosphorylated at S194.

Formulation : Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source : Polyclonal, Rabbit, lgG

1/3



Dilution : WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC 1:100 - 1:300. ELISA: 1:5000.. IF 1:50-200

Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 28kD

Cell Pathway: Apoptosis_Inhibition;Apoptosis_Mitochondrial;Apoptosis_Overview;Toll_Like;RI

G-I-like receptor; Alzheimer's disease; Pathways in cancer;

Background: The protein encoded by this gene is an adaptor molecule that interacts with

various cell surface receptors and mediates cell apoptotic signals. Through its C-terminal death domain, this protein can be recruited by TNFRSF6/Fas-receptor, tumor necrosis factor receptor, TNFRSF25, and TNFSF10/TRAIL-receptor, and thus it participates in the death signaling initiated by these receptors. Interaction of this protein with the receptors unmasks the N-terminal effector domain of this protein, which allows it to recruit caspase-8, and thereby activate the cysteine protease cascade. Knockout studies in mice also suggest the importance of this

protein in early T cell development. [provided by RefSeg, Jul 2008],

Function: domain: Contains a death domain involved in the binding of the corresponding

domain within Fas receptor.,function:Apoptotic adaptor molecule that recruits caspase-8 or caspase-10 to the activated Fas (CD95) or TNFR-1 receptors. The resulting aggregate called the death-inducing signaling complex (DISC) performs caspase-8 proteolytic activation. Active caspase-8 initiates the subsequent

cascade of caspases mediating

apoptosis.,PTM:Phosphorylated.,similarity:Contains 1 death

domain.,similarity:Contains 1 DED (death effector) domain.,subunit:Interacts with CFLAR, PEA15 and MBD4. When phosphorylated, part of a complex containing HIPK3 and FAS. May interact with MAVS/IPS1. Interacts with MOCV v-CFLAR protein and LRDD.,tissue specificity:Expressed in a wide variety of tissues, except

for peripheral blood mononuclear leukocytes.,

Subcellular Location:

cytoplasm,cytosol,plasma membrane,death-inducing signaling complex,CD95

death-inducing signaling complex, neuron projection, cell body, membrane

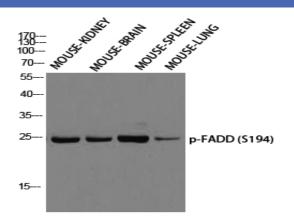
raft,ripoptosome,

Expression: Expressed in a wide variety of tissues, except for peripheral blood mononuclear

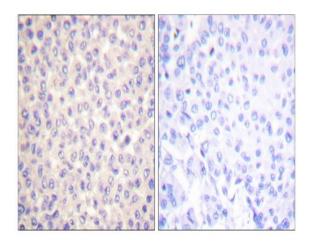
leukocytes.



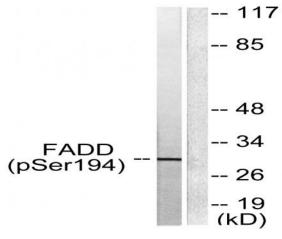
Products Images



Western blot analysis of MOUSE-KIDNEY MOUSE-BRAIN MOUSE-SPLEEN MOUSE-LUNG using p-FADD (S194) antibody. Antibody was diluted at 1:1000



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma, using FADD (Phospho-Ser194) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from HeLa cells treated with Paclitaxel 1uM 60', using FADD (Phospho-Ser194) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.