

Nek9 (phospho Thr210) Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YP0564

Reactivity: Human; Mouse; Rat

Applications: WB;IHC;IF;ELISA

Target: Nek9

Gene Name: NEK9

Protein Name: Serine/threonine-protein kinase Nek9

Human Gene Id: 91754

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Q8TD19

Mouse Gene Id: 217718

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Q8K1R7

Immunogen: The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human

NEK9 around the phosphorylation site of Thr210. AA range:176-225

Specificity: Phospho-Nek9 (T210) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Nek9

protein only when phosphorylated at T210.

Formulation : Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

Dilution: WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC 1:100 - 1:300. IF 1:200 - 1:1000. ELISA: 1:20000. Not

yet tested in other applications.

Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

1/3



-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C) **Storage Stability:**

Observed Band: 110kD

This gene encodes a member of the NimA (never in mitosis A) family of **Background:**

> serine/threonine protein kinases. The encoded protein is activated in mitosis and, in turn, activates other family members during mitosis. This protein also mediates cellular processes that are essential for interphase progression. [provided by

RefSeq, Jul 2016],

Function: catalytic activity:ATP + a protein = ADP + a

phosphoprotein.,cofactor:Magnesium.,developmental stage:Expression varied

mildly across the cell cycle, with highest expression observed in G1 and

stationary-phase cells.,domain:Dimerizes through its coiled-coil domain.,enzyme regulation: Activated during mitosis by intramolecular autophosphorylation. Activity

and autophosphorylation is activated by manganese >> magnesium ions.

Sensitive to increasing concentration of detergents. It is not cell-cycle regulated but activity is higher in G0-arrested cells..function:Pleiotropic regulator of mitotic progression, participating in the control of spindle dynamics and chromosome separation. Phosphorylates different histones, myelin basic protein, beta-casein, and BICD2. Phosphorylates histone H3 on serine and threonine residues and

beta-casein on serine residues. Important for G1/S transition and S pha

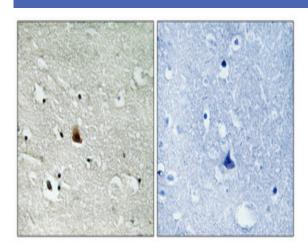
Subcellular Location:

Cytoplasm . Nucleus .

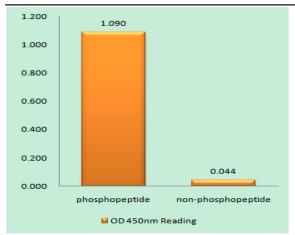
Most abundant in heart, liver, kidney and testis. Also expressed in smooth **Expression:**

muscle cells and fibroblasts.

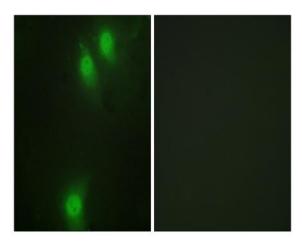
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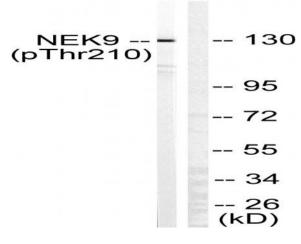
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human brain. Antibody was diluted at 1:100(4° overnight). High-pressure and temperature Tris-EDTA,pH8.0 was used for antigen retrieval. Negetive contrl (right) obtaned from antibody was pre-absorbed by immunogen peptide.



Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (Phospho-ELISA) for Immunogen Phosphopeptide (Phospho-left) and Non-Phosphopeptide (Phospho-right), using NEK9 (Phospho-Thr210) Antibody



Immunofluorescence analysis of HeLa cells, using NEK9 (Phospho-Thr210) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from HepG2 cells, using NEK9 (Phospho-Thr210) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.