

PR (phospho Ser400) Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YP0532

Reactivity: Human;Rat;Mouse;

Applications: WB;IHC

Target: PR

Fields: >>Oocyte meiosis;>>Progesterone-mediated oocyte maturation;>>Estrogen

signaling pathway;>>Chemical carcinogenesis - receptor activation;>>Breast

cancer

Gene Name: PGR

Protein Name: Progesterone receptor

Human Gene Id: 5241

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Immunogen: The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human

Progesterone Receptor around the phosphorylation site of Ser400. AA

range:371-420

P06401

Q00175

Specificity: Phospho-PR (S400) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of PR

protein only when phosphorylated at S400.

Formulation : Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

Dilution: WB 1:500-2000;IHC 1:50-300

Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

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Concentration: 1 mg/ml

-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C) **Storage Stability:**

Observed Band: 99kD

Oocyte meiosis; Progesterone-mediated oocyte maturation; **Cell Pathway:**

Background:

This gene encodes a member of the steroid receptor superfamily. The encoded protein mediates the physiological effects of progesterone, which plays a central role in reproductive events associated with the establishment and maintenance of pregnancy. This gene uses two distinct promotors and translation start sites in the first exon to produce several transcript variants, both protein coding and nonprotein coding. Two of the isoforms (A and B) are identical except for an additional 165 amino acids found in the N-terminus of isoform B and mediate their own response genes and physiologic effects with little overlap. [provided by

RefSeq, Sep 2015],

Function: domain: Composed of three domains: a modulating N-terminal domain, a DNA-

binding domain and a C-terminal steroid-binding domain., function: Isoform A is

inactive in stimulating c-Src/MAPK signaling on hormone

stimulation., function: The steroid hormones and their receptors are involved in the regulation of eukaryotic gene expression and affect cellular proliferation and differentiation in target tissues. Progesterone receptor isoform B (PRB) is involved

activation of c-SRC/MAPK signaling on hormone stimulation.,online information:Progesterone receptor entry,PTM:Phosphorylated on multiple serine sites. Several of these sites are hormone-dependent. Phosphorylation on Ser-294 occurs preferentially on isoform B, is highly hormone-dependent and modulates ubiquitination and sumovlation on Lys-388. Phosphorylation on Ser-102 and Ser-345 also requires induction by hormone. Basal phosphorylation on Se

Subcellular Location:

Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Nucleoplasmic shuttling is both hormone- and cell cycledependent. On hormone stimulation, retained in the cytoplasm in the G(1) and G(2)/M phases.; [Isoform A]: Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Mainly nuclear.; [Isoform 4]: Mitochondrion outer membrane.

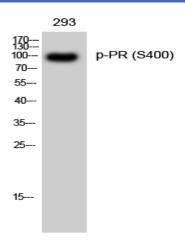
Expression:

In reproductive tissues the expression of isoform A and isoform B varies as a consequence of developmental and hormonal status. Isoform A and isoform B are expressed in comparable levels in uterine glandular epithelium during the proliferative phase of the menstrual cycle. Expression of isoform B but not of isoform A persists in the glands during mid-secretory phase. In the stroma, isoform A is the predominant form throughout the cycle. Heterogeneous isoform expression between the glands of the endometrium basalis and functionalis is implying region-specific responses to hormonal stimuli.

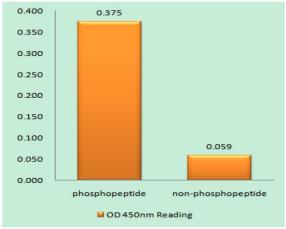
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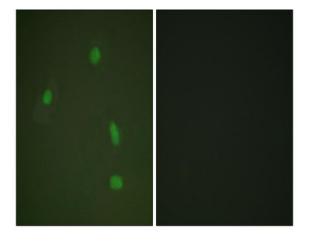
Products Images



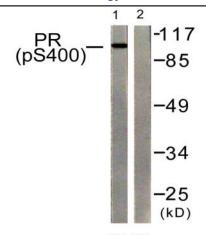
Western Blot analysis of 293 cells using Phospho-PR (S400) Polyclonal Antibody



Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (Phospho-ELISA) for Immunogen Phosphopeptide (Phospho-left) and Non-Phosphopeptide (Phospho-right), using Progesterone Receptor (Phospho-Ser400) Antibody



Immunofluorescence analysis of A549 cells, using Progesterone Receptor (Phospho-Ser400) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from 293 cells treated with heat shock, using Progesterone Receptor (Phospho-Ser400) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human tonsil. 1, Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4° overnight). 2, Tris-EDTA,pH9.0 was used for antigen retrieval. 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room temperature, 45min).