

Syntenin-2 rabbit pAb

Catalog No: YT7859

Reactivity: Human;Rat;Dog;Pig

Applications: WB;ELISA

Target: Syntenin-2

Gene Name: SDCBP MDA9 SYCL

O00560

O08992

Protein Name : Syntenin-2

Human Gene Id: 6386

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Mouse Gene ld: 53378

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Rat Gene Id: 83841

Rat Swiss Prot No: Q9JI92

Immunogen: Synthesized peptide derived from human Syntenin-2 AA range: 71-120

Specificity: This antibody detects endogenous levels of Human, Rat, Dog, Pig Syntenin-2

Formulation : Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

Dilution: WB 1:1000-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000

Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.



Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Molecularweight: 33kD

Background:

syndecan binding protein(SDCBP) Homo sapiens The protein encoded by this gene was initially identified as a molecule linking syndecan-mediated signaling to the cytoskeleton. The syntenin protein contains tandemly repeated PDZ domains that bind the cytoplasmic, C-terminal domains of a variety of transmembrane proteins. This protein may also affect cytoskeletal-membrane organization, cell adhesion, protein trafficking, and the activation of transcription factors. The protein is primarily localized to membrane-associated adherens junctions and focal adhesions but is also found at the endoplasmic reticulum and nucleus. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

Function:

function:Seems to function as an adapter protein. In adherens junctions may function to couple syndecans to cytoskeletal proteins or signaling components. Seems to couple transcription factor SOX4 to the IL-5 receptor (IL5RA). May also play a role in vesicular trafficking. Seems to be required for the targeting of TGFA to the cell surface in the early secretory pathway.,induction:By gamma interferon in melanoma cells.,PTM:Phosphorylated on tyrosine residues.,similarity:Contains 2 PDZ (DHR) domains.,subcellular location:Mainly membrane-associated. Localized to adherens junctions, focal adhesions and endoplasmic reticulum. Colocalized with actin stress fibers. Also found in the nucleus. Identified by mass spectrometry in melanosome fractions from stage I to stage IV.,subunit:Monomer and homodimer (By similarity). Interacts with SDC1, SDC2, SDC3, SDC4, NRXN2, EPHA7, EPHB1, NF2 isoform 1, TG

Subcellular Location:

Cell junction, focal adhesion . Cell junction, adherens junction . Cell membrane ; Peripheral membrane protein . Endoplasmic reticulum membrane ; Peripheral membrane protein . Nucleus . Melanosome . Cytoplasm, cytosol . Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton . Secreted, extracellular exosome . Membrane raft . Mainly membrane-associated. Localized to adherens junctions, focal adhesions and endoplasmic reticulum. Colocalized with actin stress fibers. Also found in the nucleus. Identified by mass spectrometry in melanosome fractions from stage I to stage IV. Associated to the plasma membrane in the presence of FZD7 and phosphatidylinositol 4,5-bisphosphate (PIP2) (PubMed:27386966).

Expression:

Expressed in lung cancers, including adenocarcinoma, squamous cell carcinoma and small-cell carcinoma (at protein level) (PubMed:25893292). Widely expressed. Expressed in fetal kidney, liver, lung and brain. In adult highest expression in heart and placenta.



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