

## **Nodal Polyclonal Antibody**

Catalog No: YT5727

Reactivity: Human; Mouse; Rat

**Applications:** WB;IHC;IF;ELISA

Target: Nodal

**Fields:** >>Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction;>>TGF-beta signaling

pathway;>>Signaling pathways regulating pluripotency of stem cells

Gene Name: NODAL

Protein Name: Nodal homolog

Q96S42

P43021

Human Gene Id: 4838

**Human Swiss Prot** 

No:

Mouse Gene Id: 18119

**Mouse Swiss Prot** 

No:

Immunogen: The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from the C-

terminal region of human NODAL. AA range:294-343

**Specificity:** Nodal Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Nodal protein.

**Formulation :** Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

**Dilution :** WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC: 1:100-1:300. ELISA: 1:10000.. IF 1:50-200

**Purification:** The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

1/3



Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 40kD

Cell Pathway: TGF-beta;

**Background :** This gene encodes a secreted ligand of the TGF-beta (transforming growth

factor-beta) superfamily of proteins. Ligands of this family bind various TGF-beta

receptors leading to recruitment and activation of SMAD family transcription

factors that regulate gene expression. The encoded preproprotein is

proteolytically processed to generate the mature protein, which regulates early embryonic development. This protein is required for maintenance of human embryonic stem cell pluripotency and may play a role in human placental development. Mutations in this gene are associated with heterotaxy, a condition characterized by random orientation of visceral organs with respect to the left-

right axis. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2016],

**Function:** disease:Defects in NODAL may be a cause of situs ambiguus

[MIM:601265]., function: Essential for mesoderm formation and axial patterning

during embryonic development., similarity: Belongs to the TGF-beta

family., subunit: Homodimer; disulfide-linked.,

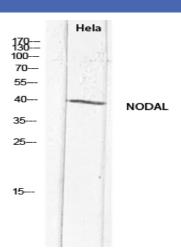
Subcellular Location:

Secreted.

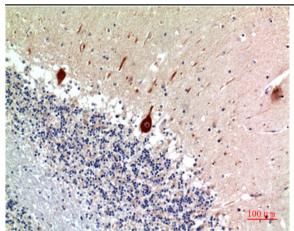
**Expression:** 

Brain cortex, Fetal brain,

## **Products Images**



Western blot analysis of Hela lysis using NODAL antibody. Secondary antibody(catalog#:RS0002) was diluted at 1:20000



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded humanbrain, antibody was diluted at 1:100