

Integrin a5 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YT5589

Reactivity: Human; Mouse; Rat

Applications: WB;IHC;IF;ELISA

Target: Integrin α5

Fields: >>Phagosome;>>PI3K-Akt signaling pathway;>>Focal adhesion;>>ECM-

receptor interaction;>>Hematopoietic cell lineage;>>Regulation of actin

cytoskeleton;>>Bacterial invasion of epithelial

cells;>>Shigellosis;>>Pertussis;>>Yersinia infection;>>Human papillomavirus

infection;>>Herpes simplex virus 1 infection;>>Proteoglycans in

cancer;>>MicroRNAs in cancer;>>Hypertrophic

cardiomyopathy;>>Arrhythmogenic right ventricular cardiomyopathy;>>Dilated

cardiomyopathy

P08648

P11688

Gene Name: ITGA5

Protein Name: Integrin alpha-5

Human Gene Id: 3678

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Mouse Gene Id: 16402

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Immunogen: The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from the

Internal region of human ITGA5. AA range:561-610

Specificity: Integrin a5 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Integrin a5 protein.

Formulation : Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC: 1:100-1:300. ELISA: 1:10000.. IF 1:50-200

1/4



Dirification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 115kD

Cell Pathway: Focal adhesion; ECM-receptor interaction; Hematopoietic cell lineage; Regulates

Actin and Cytoskeleton; Hypertrophic cardiomyopathy (HCM); Arrhythmogenic

right ventricular cardiomyopathy (ARVC); Dilated car

Background: integrin subunit alpha 5(ITGA5) Homo sapiens The product of this gene belongs

to the integrin alpha chain family. Integrins are heterodimeric integral membrane proteins composed of an alpha subunit and a beta subunit that function in cell surface adhesion and signaling. The encoded preproprotein is proteolytically processed to generate light and heavy chains that comprise the alpha 5 subunit. This subunit associates with the beta 1 subunit to form a fibronectin receptor. This integrin may promote tumor invasion, and higher expression of this gene may be correlated with shorter survival time in lung cancer patients. Note that the integrin alpha 5 and integrin alpha V subunits are encoded by distinct genes. [provided by

RefSeq, Oct 2015],

Function: function:Integrin alpha-5/beta-1 is a receptor for fibronectin and fibrinogen. It

recognizes the sequence R-G-D in its ligands. In case of HIV-1 infection, the interaction with extracellular viral Tat protein seems to enhance angiogenesis in

Kaposi's sarcoma lesions., similarity: Belongs to the integrin alpha chain

family.,similarity:Contains 7 FG-GAP repeats.,subunit:Heterodimer of an alpha and a beta subunit. The alpha subunit is composed of an heavy and a light chain linked by a disulfide bond. Alpha-5 associates with beta-1. Interacts with HPS5

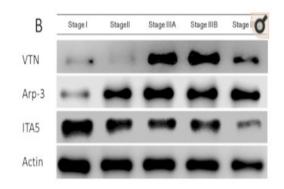
and NISCH. Interacts with HIV-1 Tat. Interacts with RAB21.,

Subcellular Membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Cell junction, focal adhesion .

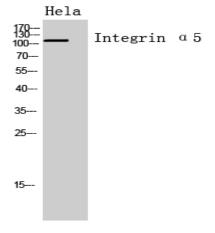
Location : Cell surface .

Expression : Liver, Placenta,

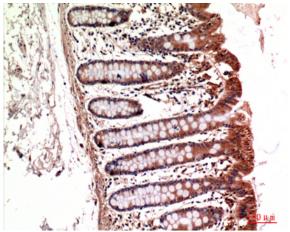
Products Images



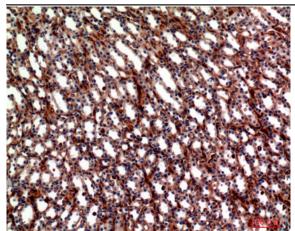
Yin, Xuefei, et al. "Large scale systematic proteomic quantification from non-metastatic to metastatic colorectal cancer." Scientific reports 5 (2015): 12120.



Western Blot analysis of Hela cells using Integrin $\alpha 5$ Polyclonal Antibody. Secondary antibody(catalog#:RS0002) was diluted at 1:20000



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded mouse-kidney, antibody was diluted at 1:100



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded mouse-kidney, antibody was diluted at 1:100