

## **Syntaxin 1 Polyclonal Antibody**

Catalog No: YT5440

**Reactivity:** Human; Mouse; Rat

**Applications:** WB;IHC;IF;ELISA

Target: Syntaxin 1

Fields: >>SNARE interactions in vesicular transport;>>Synaptic vesicle cycle;>>Insulin

secretion;>>Huntington disease;>>Pathways of neurodegeneration - multiple

diseases;>>Amphetamine addiction

Gene Name: STX1A

Protein Name: Syntaxin-1A

Q16623

O35526

Human Gene Id: 6804

**Human Swiss Prot** 

No:

Mouse Gene Id: 20907

**Mouse Swiss Prot** 

No:

**Rat Gene Id:** 116470

Rat Swiss Prot No: P32851

**Immunogen:** The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from the

Internal region of human STX1A. AA range:31-80

**Specificity:** Syntaxin 1 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Syntaxin 1 protein.

**Formulation:** Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

**Dilution :** WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC: 1:100-1:300. ELISA: 1:20000.. IF 1:50-200

1/3



**Purification:** The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 30kD

**Cell Pathway:** SNARE interactions in vesicular transport;

**Background :** This gene encodes a member of the syntaxin superfamily. Syntaxins are nervous

system-specific proteins implicated in the docking of synaptic vesicles with the presynaptic plasma membrane. Syntaxins possess a single C-terminal

transmembrane domain, a SNARE [Soluble NSF (N-ethylmaleimide-sensitive fusion protein)-Attachment protein REceptor] domain (known as H3), and an N-terminal regulatory domain (Habc). Syntaxins bind synaptotagmin in a calcium-

dependent fashion and interact with voltage dependent calcium and potassium channels via the C-terminal H3 domain. This gene product is a key molecule in ion channel regulation and synaptic exocytosis. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by

RefSeg, Sep 2009],

**Function:** disease:Haploinsufficiency of STX1A may be the cause of certain

cardiovascular and musculo-skeletal abnormalities observed in Williams-Beuren syndrome (WBS), a rare developmental disorder. It is a contiguous gene deletion syndrome involving genes from chromosome band 7q11.23.,function:Potentially involved in docking of synaptic vesicles at presynaptic active zones. May play a critical role in neurotransmitter exocytosis.,similarity:Belongs to the syntaxin family.,similarity:Contains 1 t-SNARE coiled-coil homology domain.,subunit:Part of the SNARE core complex containing SNAP25, VAMP2 and STX1A. This

complex binds to CPLX1. Binds SYTL4 and STXBP6. Found in a ternary complex with STX1A and SNAP25. Interacts with OTOF (By similarity). Found in a complex with VAMP8 and SNAP23. Interacts with VAPA and SYBU., tissue specificity: Isoform 1 is highly expressed in embryonic spinal chord and ganglia

Subcellular Location:

Cytoplasmic vesicle, secretory vesicle, synaptic vesicle membrane ; Single-pass type IV membrane protein . Cell junction, synapse, synaptosome . Cell membrane

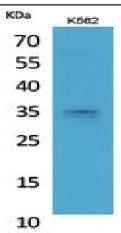
. Colocalizes with KCNB1 at the cell membrane. .; [Isoform 2]: Secreted .

**Expression:** [Isoform 1]: Highly expressed in embryonic spinal cord and ganglia and in adult

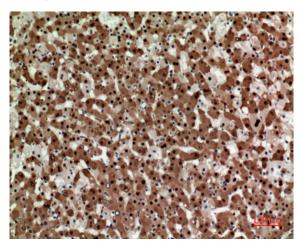
cerebellum and cerebral cortex.; [Isoform 2]: Expressed in heart, liver, fat,

skeletal muscle, kidney and brain.

## **Products Images**



Western Blot analysis of K562 cells using Syntaxin 1 Polyclonal Antibody. Secondary antibody(catalog#:RS0002) was diluted at 1:20000



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human-liver, antibody was diluted at 1:100