

## **IL-2Rγ Polyclonal Antibody**

Catalog No: YT5380

**Reactivity:** Human; Rat; Mouse;

**Applications:** WB;ELISA

Target: IL-2Rγ

**Fields:** >>Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction;>>Viral protein interaction with

cytokine and cytokine receptor;>>Endocytosis;>>PI3K-Akt signaling

pathway;>>JAK-STAT signaling pathway;>>Th1 and Th2 cell

differentiation;>>Th17 cell differentiation;>>Measles;>>Human T-cell leukemia virus 1 infection;>>Pathways in cancer;>>Inflammatory bowel disease;>>Primary

immunodeficiency

Gene Name: IL2RG

**Protein Name:** Cytokine receptor common subunit gamma

P31785

P34902

Human Gene Id: 3561

**Human Swiss Prot** 

No:

**Mouse Swiss Prot** 

No:

**Immunogen:** The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from the

Internal region of human IL2RG. AA range:101-150

**Specificity:** IL-2Rγ Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of IL-2Rγ protein.

**Formulation :** Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

**Dilution:** WB 1:500 - 1:2000. ELISA: 1:20000. Not yet tested in other applications.

**Purification:** The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.



**Concentration**: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 40kD

**Cell Pathway:** Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction; Endocytosis; Jak\_STAT; Primary

immunodeficiency;

**Background:** The protein encoded by this gene is an important signaling component of many

interleukin receptors, including those of interleukin -2, -4, -7 and -21, and is thus referred to as the common gamma chain. Mutations in this gene cause X-linked severe combined immunodeficiency (XSCID), as well as X-linked combined immunodeficiency (XCID), a less severe immunodeficiency disorder. [provided by

RefSeq, Mar 2010],

**Function:** disease:Defects in IL2RG are the cause of X-linked combined immunodeficiency

(XCID) [MIM:312863]. XCID is a less severe form of X-linked immunodeficiency with a less severe degree of deficiency in cellular and humoral immunity than that seen in XSCID. disease: Defects in IL2RG are the cause of X-linked severe

combined immunodeficiency (XSCID) [MIM:300400]; also known as

agammaglobulinemia Swiss type. SCID refers to a genetically and clinically heterogeneous group of rare congenital disorders characterized by impairment of both humoral and cell-mediated immunity, leukopenia, and low or absent antibody levels. Patients with SCID present in infancy with recurrent, persistent infections by opportunistic organisms. The common characteristic of all types of SCID is

absence of T-cell-mediated cellular immunity due to a defect in T-cell

development.,domain:The box 1 motif is required for JAK inte

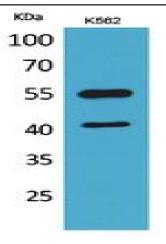
Subcellular Location:

Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Cell surface.

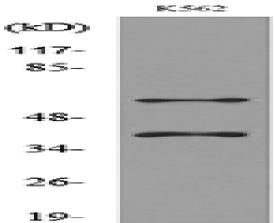
**Expression :** B-cell, Liver, Peripheral blood,

## **Products Images**

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Western Blot analysis of K562 cells using IL-2Rγ Polyclonal Antibody. Secondary antibody(catalog#:RS0002) was diluted at 1:20000



Western blot analysis of lysate from K562 cells, using IL2RG Antibody.