

Ub Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YT4793

Reactivity: Human; Mouse; Rat

Applications: WB;IP;IHC;IF;ELISA

Target: Ubiquitin

Fields: >>Ubiquitin mediated proteolysis;>>Mitophagy - animal;>>Parkinson

disease;>>Pathways of neurodegeneration - multiple

diseases;>>Shigellosis;>>Kaposi sarcoma-associated herpesvirus infection

Gene Name: UBA52/RPS27A/UBB/UBC

Protein Name: Ubiquitin

Human Gene Id: 7311

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Mouse Gene Id: 22187/22190/78294/22186

Rat Gene Id: 192255/50522/100912032/64156

Rat Swiss Prot No: P0CG51/Q63429/P62982/P62986

Immunogen: The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human

Ubiquitin. AA range:40-89

Specificity: Ub Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Ub protein.

P0CG47/P0CG48/P62979/P62987

Formulation: Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, lgG

Dilution: WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC 1:100 - 1:300. ELISA: 1:20000.. IF 1:50-200

Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-



chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C) **Storage Stability:**

Molecularweight: 18kD

This gene encodes ubiquitin, one of the most conserved proteins known. **Background:**

Ubiquitin has a major role in targeting cellular proteins for degradation by the 26S proteosome. It is also involved in the maintenance of chromatin structure, the regulation of gene expression, and the stress response. Ubiquitin is synthesized as a precursor protein consisting of either polyubiquitin chains or a single ubiquitin moiety fused to an unrelated protein. This gene consists of three direct repeats of the ubiquitin coding sequence with no spacer sequence. Consequently, the protein is expressed as a polyubiquitin precursor with a final amino acid after the last repeat. An aberrant form of this protein has been detected in patients with Alzheimer's disease and Down syndrome. Pseudogenes of this gene are located on chromosomes 1, 2, 13, and 17. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq

Function: function: Protein modifier which can be covalently attached to target lysines

either as a monomer or as a lysine-linked polymer. Attachment to proteins as a

Lys-48-linked polymer usually leads to their degradation by proteasome. Attachment to proteins as a monomer or as an alternatively linked polymer does

not lead to proteasomal degradation and may be required for numerous functions, including maintenance of chromatin structure, regulation of gene expression, stress response, ribosome biogenesis and DNA repair., miscellaneous: This ribosomal protein is synthesized as a C-terminal extension protein (CEP) of ubiquitin., miscellaneous: Ubiquitin is synthesized as a polyubiquitin precursor with exact head to tail repeats, the number of repeats differ between species and

strains. In some species there is a final amino-acid after the last repeat, here in human a Val. Some ubiquitin genes contain a

[Ubiquitin]: Cytoplasm . Nucleus . Mitochondrion outer membrane ; Peripheral Subcellular membrane protein.

Location:

Expression: Brain, Epithelium, Fetal brain cortex, Liver, Lung, Lung adenocarcinoma, Lung

cancer,Lymphocyte,P

Products Images

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