

IL-8 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YT5153

Reactivity: Human

Applications: IF;WB;IHC;ELISA

Target: IL-8

Fields: >>Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction;>>Viral protein interaction with

cytokine and cytokine receptor;>>Chemokine signaling pathway;>>NF-kappa B

signaling pathway;>>Phospholipase D signaling pathway;>>Cellular senescence;>>Toll-like receptor signaling pathway;>>NOD-like receptor signaling pathway;>>IL-17 signaling pathway;>>Non-alcoholic fatty liver disease;>>AGE-RAGE signaling pathway in diabetic complications;>>Alcoholic liver disease;>>Epithelial cell signaling in

Helicobacter pylori infection;>>Pathogenic Escherichia coli

infection;>>Shigellosis;>>Salmonella

infection;>>Pertussis;>>Legionellosis;>>Yersinia infection;>>Chagas disease;>>Malaria;>>Amoebiasis;>>Hepatitis B;>>Human cytomegalovirus

infection;>>Influenza A;>>Kaposi sarcoma-associated herpesvirus infection;>>Coronavirus disease - COVID-19;>>Pathways in cancer;>>Transcriptional misregulation in cancer;>>Bladder cancer;>>Rheumatoid arthritis;>>Lipid and atherosclerosis

Gene Name: IL8 CXCL8

Protein Name: Interleukin-8

Human Gene Id: 3576

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Immunogen: The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from the C-

terminal region of human IL8. AA range:50-99

Specificity: IL-8 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of IL-8 protein.

Formulation : Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source : Polyclonal, Rabbit, lgG

P10145



Dilution: IF 1:50-200 WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC: 1:100-300 ELISA: 1:20000. Not yet tested

in other applications.

Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 11kD

Cell Pathway: Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction; Chemokine; Toll_Like; NOD-like

receptor;RIG-I-like receptor;Epithelial cell signaling in Helicobacter pylori

infection; Pathways in cancer; Bladder cancer;

Background: The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the CXC chemokine family.

This chemokine is one of the major mediators of the inflammatory response. This chemokine is secreted by several cell types. It functions as a chemoattractant, and is also a potent angiogenic factor. This gene is believed to play a role in the pathogenesis of bronchiolitis, a common respiratory tract disease caused by viral infection. This gene and other ten members of the CXC chemokine gene family form a chemokine gene cluster in a region mapped to chromosome 4q. [provided

by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

Function: function:IL-8 is a chemotactic factor that attracts neutrophils, basophils, and T-

cells, but not monocytes. It is also involved in neutrophil activation. It is released from several cell types in response to an inflammatory stimulus. IL-8(6-77) has a 5-10-fold higher activity on neutrophil activation, IL-8(5-77) has increased activity on neutrophil activation and IL-8(7-77) has a higher affinity to receptors CXCR1

and CXCR2 as compared to IL-8(1-77), respectively., online

information:Interleukin-8 entry,PTM:Several N-terminal processed forms are produced by proteolytic cleavage after secretion from at least peripheral blood monocytes, leukcocytes and endothelial cells. In general, IL-8(1-77) is referred to as interleukin-8. IL-8(6-77) is the most promiment form.,similarity:Belongs to the

intercrine alpha (chemokine CxC) family., subunit: Homodimer.,

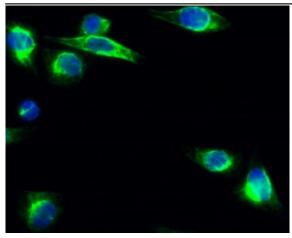
Subcellular Location:

Secreted.

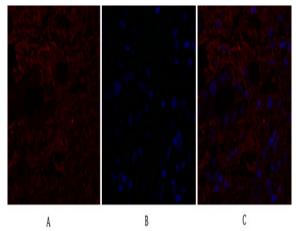
Expression:

Chronic myeloid leukemia cell, Kidney, Lung, Lung carcinoma, Neutrophil, Periphe

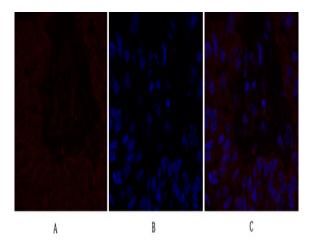
Products Images



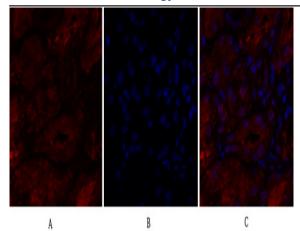
Immunofluorescence analysis of Hela cell. 1,IL-8 Polyclonal Antibody(green) was diluted at 1:200(4° overnight). 2, Goat Anti Rabbit Alexa Fluor 488 Catalog:RS3211 was diluted at 1:1000(room temperature, 50min). 3 DAPI(blue) 10min.



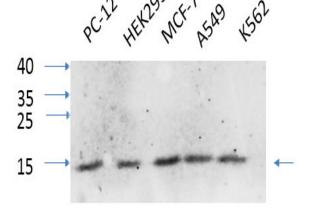
Immunofluorescence analysis of human-breast-cancer tissue. 1,IL-8 Polyclonal Antibody(red) was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Cy3 labled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300(room temperature, 50min).3, Picture B: DAPI(blue) 10min. Picture A:Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B



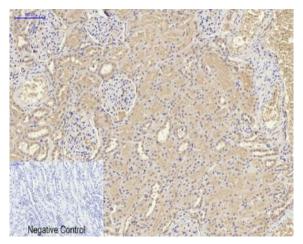
Immunofluorescence analysis of human-liver-cancer tissue. 1,IL-8 Polyclonal Antibody(red) was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Cy3 labled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300(room temperature, 50min).3, Picture B: DAPI(blue) 10min. Picture A:Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B



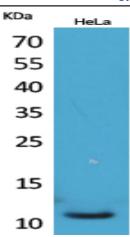
Immunofluorescence analysis of human-kidney tissue. 1,IL-8 Polyclonal Antibody(red) was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Cy3 labled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300(room temperature, 50min).3, Picture B: DAPI(blue) 10min. Picture A:Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B



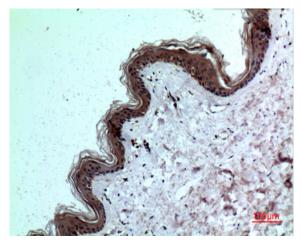
Western Blot analysis of various cells using primary antibody diluted at 1:1000(4°C overnight). Secondary antibody:Goat Antirabbit IgG IRDye 800(diluted at 1:5000, 25°C, 1 hour). Cell lysate was extracted by MinuteTM Plasma Membrane Protein Isolation and Cell Fractionation Kit(SM-005, Inventbiotech,MN,USA).



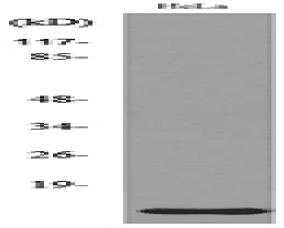
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human-kidney tissue. 1,IL-8 Polyclonal Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval(>98°C,20min). 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room tempeRature, 30min). Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



Western Blot analysis of HeLa cells using IL-8 Polyclonal Antibody. Secondary antibody(catalog#:RS0002) was diluted at 1:20000



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded humanskin, antibody was diluted at 1:100



Western blot analysis of lysate from HeLa cells, using IL8 Antibody.