

Tubulin a Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YT4777

Reactivity: Human; Mouse; Rat; Chicken

Applications: WB;IHC;IF;ELISA

Target: Tubulin a

Fields: >>Phagosome;>>Apoptosis;>>Tight junction;>>Gap junction;>>Alzheimer

disease;>>Parkinson disease;>>Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis;>>Huntington disease;>>Prion disease;>>Pathways of neurodegeneration - multiple diseases;>>Pathogenic Escherichia coli infection;>>Salmonella infection

Gene Name: TUBA1A

Protein Name: Tubulin alpha-1A chain

Human Gene Id: 7846/10376

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Q71U36/P68363

140 .

Mouse Gene ld: 22142/22143

Rat Gene Id: 64158/500929

Rat Swiss Prot No: P68370/Q6P9V9

Immunogen: The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human

Tubulin alpha. AA range:402-451

Specificity: Tubulin a Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Tubulin a protein.

Formulation : Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

Dilution: WB 1:500 - 1:2000, IHC 1:100 - 1:300, IF 1:200 - 1:1000, ELISA: 1:5000, Not

yet tested in other applications.



Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 50kD

Cell Pathway: Gap junction; Pathogenic Escherichia coli infection;

Background: Microtubules of the eukaryotic cytoskeleton perform essential and diverse

functions and are composed of a heterodimer of alpha and beta tubulins. The genes encoding these microtubule constituents belong to the tubulin superfamily, which is composed of six distinct families. Genes from the alpha, beta and gamma tubulin families are found in all eukaryotes. The alpha and beta tubulins represent the major components of microtubules, while gamma tubulin plays a critical role in the nucleation of microtubule assembly. There are multiple alpha and beta tubulin genes, which are highly conserved among species. This gene encodes alpha tubulin and is highly similar to the mouse and rat Tuba1 genes. Northern blotting studies have shown that the gene expression is predominantly found in morphologically differentiated neurologic cells. This gene is one of three

alpha-tubulin genes in a cluster on chromosome 12q.

Function: disease:Defects in TUBA1A are the cause of lissencephaly type 3 (LIS3)

[MIM:611603]. LIS is characterized by a smooth brain surface due to the absence (agyria) or reduction (pachygyria) of surface convolutions. It is often associated with psychomotor retardation and seizures. LIS3 features include agyria or pachygyria or laminar heterotopia, severe mental retardation, motor delay, variable presence of seizures, and abnormalities of corpus callosum,

hippocampus, cerebellar vermis and brainstem., function: Tubulin is the major

constituent of microtubules. It binds two moles of GTP, one at an exchangeable

site on the beta chain and one at a non-exchangeable site on the alphachain.,PTM:Undergoes a tyrosination/detyrosination cycle, the cyclic removal and

re-addition of a C-terminal tyrosine residue by the enzymes tubulin tyrosine

carboxypeptidase (TTCP) and tubulin tyrosine ligase (TTL), resp

Subcellular Location:

Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton.

Expression: Expressed at a high level in fetal brain.

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