

## Sarcoglycan-β Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YT4216

**Reactivity:** Human; Mouse

**Applications:** WB;IHC;IF;ELISA

Target: Sarcoglycan-β

**Fields:** >>Hypertrophic cardiomyopathy;>>Arrhythmogenic right ventricular

cardiomyopathy;>>Dilated cardiomyopathy;>>Viral myocarditis

Gene Name: SGCB

Protein Name : Beta-sarcoglycan

Human Gene Id: 6443

**Human Swiss Prot** 

No:

Mouse Gene ld: 24051

**Mouse Swiss Prot** 

No:

Immunogen: The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human

Sarcoglycan-beta. AA range:87-136

Specificity: Sarcoglycan-β Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Sarcoglycan-β

protein.

Q16585

P82349

**Formulation :** Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

**Dilution:** WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC 1:100 - 1:300. ELISA: 1:40000.. IF 1:50-200

**Purification:** The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

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Concentration: 1 mg/ml

**Storage Stability:** -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 43kD

**Cell Pathway:** Hypertrophic cardiomyopathy (HCM);Arrhythmogenic right ventricular

cardiomyopathy (ARVC); Dilated cardiomyopathy; Viral myocarditis;

**Background:** This gene encodes a member of the sarcoglycan family. Sarcoglycans are

transmembrane components in the dystrophin-glycoprotein complex which help stabilize the muscle fiber membranes and link the muscle cytoskeleton to the extracellular matrix. Mutations in this gene have been associated with limb-girdle

muscular dystrophy.[provided by RefSeq, Oct 2008],

**Function:** disease:Defects in SGCB are the cause of limb-girdle muscular dystrophy type

2E (LGMD2E) [MIM:604286]. LGMD2E is an autosomal recessive

disorder.,function:Component of the sarcoglycan complex, a subcomplex of the

dystrophin-glycoprotein complex which forms a link between the F-actin cytoskeleton and the extracellular matrix.,online information:SGCB mutations in LGMD2E,PTM:Disulfide bonds are present.,similarity:Belongs to the sarcoglycan beta/delta/gamma/zeta family.,subunit:Cross-link to form 2 major subcomplexes: one consisting of SGCB, SGCD and SGCG and the other consisting of SGCB

while SGCA is loosely associated with the other sarcoglycans.,tissue

specificity:Highest expression in heart and skeletal muscle. Low expression in brain, kidney, placenta, pancreas and lung. High expression in fetal brain. Also

and SGCD. The association between SGCB and SGCG is particularly strong

found in

Subcellular Location:

Cell membrane, sarcolemma; Single-pass type II membrane protein.

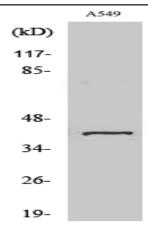
Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton.

**Expression:** Highest expression in heart and skeletal muscle. Low expression in brain,

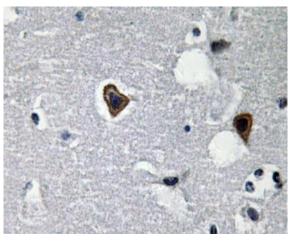
kidney, placenta, pancreas and lung. High expression in fetal brain. Also found in

fetal lung, kidney and liver.

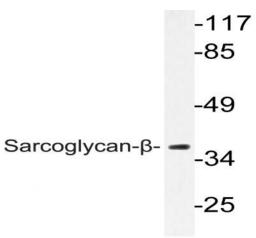
## **Products Images**



Western Blot analysis of various cells using Sarcoglycan- $\beta$  Polyclonal Antibody



Immunohistochemistry analysis of Sarcoglycan- $\beta$  antibody in paraffin-embedded human brain tissue.



Western blot analysis of lysate from A549 cells, using Sarcoglycan- $\beta$  antibody.