

p27Kip1 (ABT-p27) mouse mAb

Catalog No :	YM6664
Reactivity :	Human;
Applications :	WB;ELISA
Target :	p27
Fields :	>>Endocrine resistance;>>ErbB signaling pathway;>>HIF-1 signaling pathway;>>FoxO signaling pathway;>>Cell cycle;>>PI3K-Akt signaling pathway;>>AGE-RAGE signaling pathway in diabetic complications;>>Cushing syndrome;>>Measles;>>Human papillomavirus infection;>>Epstein-Barr virus infection;>>Pathways in cancer;>>Transcriptional misregulation in cancer;>>Viral carcinogenesis;>>MicroRNAs in cancer;>>Prostate cancer;>>Chronic myeloid leukemia;>>Small cell lung cancer;>>Gastric cancer
Gene Name :	CDKN1B KIP1
Protein Name :	p27Kip1
Human Gene Id :	1027
Human Swiss Prot No :	P46527
Immunogen :	Synthesized peptide derived from human p27Kip1 AA range: 100-198
Specificity :	This antibody detects endogenous levels of human p27Kip1. Heat-induced epitope retrieval (HIER) TRIS-EDTA of pH8.0 was highly recommended as antigen repair method in paraffin section
Formulation :	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source :	Mouse, Monoclonal/IgG1, Kappa
Dilution :	WB 500-2000, ELISA 1:5000-20000
Purification :	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse ascites by affinity-chromatography using specific immunogen.

Storage Stability : -15 °C to -25 °C/1 year (Do not lower than -25 °C)

Molecularweight : 22kD

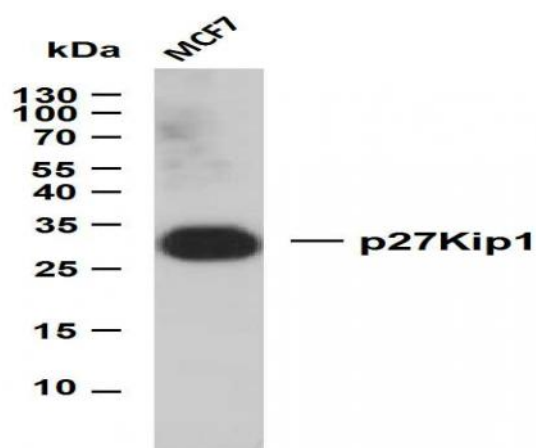
Background : This gene encodes a cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor, which shares a limited similarity with CDK inhibitor CDKN1A/p21. The encoded protein binds to and prevents the activation of cyclin E-CDK2 or cyclin D-CDK4 complexes, and thus controls the cell cycle progression at G1. The degradation of this protein, which is triggered by its CDK dependent phosphorylation and subsequent ubiquitination by SCF complexes, is required for the cellular transition from quiescence to the proliferative state. Mutations in this gene are associated with multiple endocrine neoplasia type IV (MEN4). [provided by RefSeq, Apr 2014],

Function : disease: Defects in CDKN1B are the cause of multiple endocrine neoplasia type 4 (MEN4) [MIM:610755]. Multiple endocrine neoplasia (MEN) syndromes are inherited cancer syndromes of the thyroid. MEN4 is a MEN-like syndrome with a phenotypic overlap of both MEN1 and MEN2., domain: A peptide sequence containing only AA 28-79 retains substantial Kip1 cyclin A/CDK2 inhibitory activity., function: Important regulator of cell cycle progression. Involved in G1 arrest. Potent inhibitor of cyclin E- and cyclin A-CDK2 complexes. Positive regulator of cyclin D-dependent kinases such as CDK4. Regulated by phosphorylation and degradation events., induction: Maximal levels in quiescent cells and early G(1). Levels decrease after mitogen stimulation as cells progress toward S-phase., miscellaneous: Decreased levels of p27Kip1, mainly due to proteosomal degradation, are found in various epithelial tumors originating from the thyroid gland.

Subcellular Location : Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Endosome . Nuclear and cytoplasmic in quiescent cells. AKT- or RSK-mediated phosphorylation on Thr-198, binds 14-3-3, translocates to the cytoplasm and promotes cell cycle progression. Mitogen-activated UHMK1 phosphorylation on Ser-10 also results in translocation to the cytoplasm and cell cycle progression. Phosphorylation on Ser-10 facilitates nuclear export. Translocates to the nucleus on phosphorylation of Tyr-88 and Tyr-89. Colocalizes at the endosome with SNX6; this leads to lysosomal degradation (By similarity). .

Expression : Expressed in kidney (at protein level) (PubMed:15509543). Expressed in all tissues tested (PubMed:8033212). Highest levels in skeletal muscle, lowest in liver and kidney (PubMed:8033212).

Products Images



Whole cell lysates were separated by 12% SDS-PAGE, and the membrane was blotted with anti-p27Kip1 (ABT-p27) antibody. The HRP-conjugated Goat anti-Mouse IgG(H + L) antibody was used to detect the antibody. Lane 1: MCF7 Predicted band size: 22kDa Observed band size: 24kDa