

PU.1 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YT3906

Reactivity: Human; Mouse; Rat; Monkey

Applications: WB;IHC;IF;ELISA

Target: PU.1

Fields: >>Osteoclast differentiation;>>Human T-cell leukemia virus 1

infection;>>Pathways in cancer;>>Transcriptional misregulation in

cancer;>>Acute myeloid leukemia

Gene Name: SPI1

Protein Name : Transcription factor PU.1

P17947

P17433

Human Gene Id: 6688

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Mouse Gene Id: 20375

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Rat Gene Id: 366126

Rat Swiss Prot No: Q6BDS1

Immunogen: The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human

SPI1. AA range:181-230

Specificity: PU.1 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of PU.1 protein.

Formulation: Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, lgG

Dilution : WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC 1:100 - 1:300. IF 1:200 - 1:1000. ELISA: 1:40000. Not

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yet tested in other applications.

Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 32kD

Cell Pathway: Pathways in cancer; Acute myeloid leukemia;

Background: This gene encodes an ETS-domain transcription factor that activates gene

expression during myeloid and B-lymphoid cell development. The nuclear protein binds to a purine-rich sequence known as the PU-box found near the promoters of target genes, and regulates their expression in coordination with other transcription factors and cofactors. The protein can also regulate alternative splicing of target genes. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms

have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

Function: function:Binds to the PU-box, a purine-rich DNA sequence (5'-GAGGAA-3') that

can act as a lymphoid-specific enhancer. This protein is a transcriptional activator

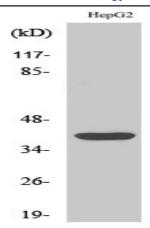
that may be specifically involved in the differentiation or activation of macrophages or B-cells. Also binds RNA and may modulate pre-mRNA splicing.,induction:Highly expressed in both FV-P and FV-A-induced erythroleukemia cell lines that have undergone rearrangements of the Spi-1 gene due to the insertion of SFFV.,similarity:Belongs to the ETS family.,similarity:Contains 1 ETS DNA-binding domain.,subunit:Binds DNA as a monomer. Interacts with

RUNX1 and SPIB. Interacts with CEBPD and NONO.,

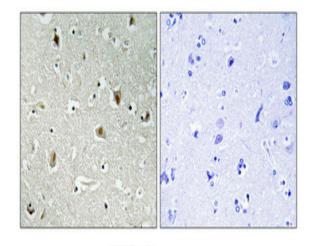
Subcellular Location:

Nucleus.

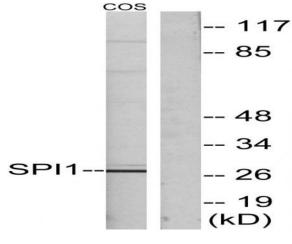
Products Images



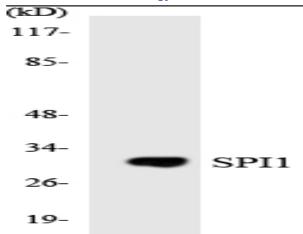
Western Blot analysis of various cells using PU.1 Polyclonal Antibody cells nucleus extracted by Minute TM Cytoplasmic and Nuclear Fractionation kit (SC-003,Inventbiotech,MN,USA).



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human brain. Antibody was diluted at 1:100(4° overnight). High-pressure and temperature Tris-EDTA,pH8.0 was used for antigen retrieval. Negetive contrl (right) obtaned from antibody was pre-absorbed by immunogen peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from COS7 cells, using SPI1 Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Western blot analysis of the lysates from HUVECcells using SPI1 antibody.