

WN10A Polyclonal Antibody

YN0283 Catalog No:

Human; Mouse; Goat; Human Reactivity:

Applications: WB;ELISA

Target: WN10A

Fields: >>mTOR signaling pathway;>>Wnt signaling pathway;>>Hippo signaling

pathway;>>Signaling pathways regulating pluripotency of stem

cells;>>Melanogenesis;>>Cushing syndrome;>>Alzheimer disease;>>Pathways

of neurodegeneration - multiple diseases;>>Human papillomavirus infection;>>Pathways in cancer;>>Proteoglycans in cancer;>>Basal cell carcinoma;>>Breast cancer;>>Hepatocellular carcinoma;>>Gastric cancer

Gene Name: WNT10A

Protein Name: Protein Wnt-10a

Human Gene Id: 80326

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

P70701

Synthesized peptide derived from human protein . at AA range: 110-190 Immunogen:

Specificity: WN10A Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of protein.

Formulation: Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

WB 1:500-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000 **Dilution:**

Q9GZT5

Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.



Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 45kD

Cell Pathway: WNT;WNT-T CELLHedgehog;Melanogenesis;Pathways in cancer;Basal cell

carcinoma;

Background : The WNT gene family consists of structurally related genes which encode

secreted signaling proteins. These proteins have been implicated in oncogenesis and in several developmental processes, including regulation of cell fate and patterning during embryogenesis. This gene is a member of the WNT gene family.

It is strongly expressed in the cell lines of promyelocytic leukemia and

Burkitt's lymphoma. In addition, it and another family member, the WNT6 gene, are strongly coexpressed in colorectal cancer cell lines. The gene overexpression may play key roles in carcinogenesis through activation of the WNT-beta-catenin-TCF signaling pathway. This gene and the WNT6 gene are clustered in the chromosome 2g35 region. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008].

disease:Defects in WNT10A are the cause of odonto-onycho-dermal dysplasia (OODD) [MIM:257980]. OODD is a rare autosomal recessive ectodermal dysplasia in which the presenting phenotype is dry hair, severe hypodontia, smooth tongue with marked reduction of fungiform and filiform papillae, onychodysplasia, keratoderma and hyperhidrosis of palms and soles, and hyperkeratosis of the skin.,function:Ligand for members of the frizzled family of seven transmembrane receptors.,function:Ligand for members of the frizzled family of seven transmembrane receptors. Probable developmental protein. May be a signaling molecule important in CNS development. Is likely to signal over

only few cell diameters., similarity: Belongs to the Wnt family.,

Subcellular Location:

Function:

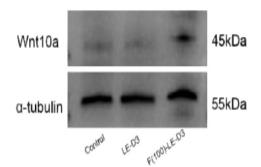
Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix. Secreted.

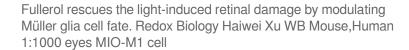
Expression: Brain, Pancreas, Placenta, Skin, Thymus,

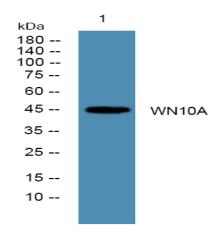
Products Images



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Western blot analysis of lysates from K562 cells, primary antibody was diluted at 1:1000, 4° over night