

PDX-1 Polyclonal Antibody

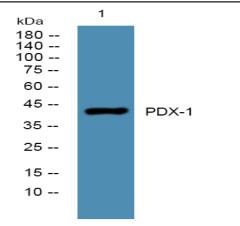
Catalog No :	YT3649
Reactivity :	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications :	WB;IHC
Target :	PDX1
Fields :	>>Insulin secretion;>>Type II diabetes mellitus;>>Maturity onset diabetes of the young
Gene Name :	PDX1
Protein Name :	Pancreas/duodenum homeobox protein 1
Human Gene Id :	3651
Human Swiss Prot	P52945
No : Mouse Gene Id :	18609
Mouse Swiss Prot	P52946
No : Rat Gene Id :	29535
Rat Swiss Prot No :	P52947
Immunogen :	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human PDX1. AA range:27-76
Specificity :	PDX-1 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of PDX-1 protein.
Formulation :	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source :	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Dilution :	WB 1:500-2000;IHC 1:50-300



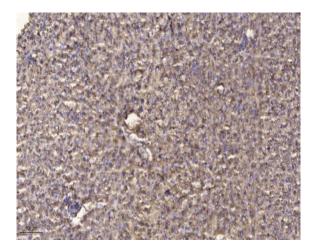
Purification :	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity- chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Concentration :	1 mg/ml
Storage Stability :	-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)
Observed Band :	42kD
Cell Pathway :	Type II diabetes mellitus;Maturity onset diabetes of the young;
Background :	The protein encoded by this gene is a transcriptional activator of several genes, including insulin, somatostatin, glucokinase, islet amyloid polypeptide, and glucose transporter type 2. The encoded nuclear protein is involved in the early development of the pancreas and plays a major role in glucose-dependent regulation of insulin gene expression. Defects in this gene are a cause of pancreatic agenesis, which can lead to early-onset insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus (NIDDM), as well as maturity onset diabetes of the young type 4 (MODY4). [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],
Function :	disease:Defects in PDX1 are a cause of pancreatic agenesis [MIM:260370]. This autosomal recessive disorder is characterized by absence or hypoplasia of pancreas, leading to early-onset insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus. This was found in a frameshift mutation that produces a truncated protein and results in a second initiation that produces a second protein that act as a dominant negative mutant.,disease:Defects in PDX1 are the cause of maturity onset diabetes noninsulin-dependent diabetes mellitus (NIDDM) [MIM:125853]; also known as diabetes mellitus type II.,disease:Defects in PDX1 are the cause of maturity onset diabetes of the young type 4 (MODY4) [MIM:606392]; also symbolized MODY-4. MODY [MIM:606391] is a form of diabetes mellitus characterized by an autosomal dominant mode of inheritance, age of onset of 25 years or younger and a primary defect in insulin secretion.,domain:The A
Subcellular	Nucleus. Cytoplasm, cytosol .
Location : Expression :	Duodenum and pancreas (Langerhans islet beta cells and small subsets of endocrine non-beta-cells, at low levels in acinar cells).

Products Images





Western blot analysis of lysates from PC12 cells, primary antibody was diluted at 1:1000, 4° over night



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human liver cancer. 1, Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4° overnight). 2, Tris-EDTA,pH9.0 was used for antigen retrieval. 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room temperature, 45min).