

OPN Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YT3467

Reactivity: Human; Mouse; Rat

Applications: WB;IHC;IF;ELISA

Target: OPN

Fields: >>PI3K-Akt signaling pathway;>>Apelin signaling pathway;>>Focal

adhesion;>>ECM-receptor interaction;>>Toll-like receptor signaling pathway;>>GnRH secretion;>>Human papillomavirus infection

Gene Name: SPP1

Protein Name: Osteopontin

P10451

P10923

Human Gene Id: 6696

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Mouse Gene Id: 20750

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Rat Gene ld: 25353

Rat Swiss Prot No: P08721

Immunogen : The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human

Osteopontin. AA range:261-310

Specificity: OPN Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of OPN protein.

Formulation: Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

Dilution : WB 1:500-2000;IHC 1:100-500;IF ICC 1:100-500;ELISA 1:5000-20000

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Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 60kD

Cell Pathway: Focal adhesion; ECM-receptor interaction; Toll_Like;

Background: secreted phosphoprotein 1(SPP1) Homo sapiens The protein encoded by this

gene is involved in the attachment of osteoclasts to the mineralized bone matrix. The encoded protein is secreted and binds hydroxyapatite with high affinity. The osteoclast vitronectin receptor is found in the cell membrane and may be involved in the binding to this protein. This protein is also a cytokine that upregulates expression of interferon-gamma and interleukin-12. Several transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq,

Oct 2011],

Function: disease: This protein plays a principal role in urinary stone formation as the stone

matrix.,function:Acts as a cytokine involved in enhancing production of interferongamma and interleukin-12 and reducing production of interleukin-10 and is essential in the pathway that leads to type I immunity.,function:Binds tightly to hydroxyapatite. Appears to form an integral part of the mineralized matrix. Probably important to cell-matrix interaction.,online information:Osteopontin entry,PTM:Extensively phosphorylated on clustered serine residues.,PTM:N- and O-glycosylated.,similarity:Belongs to the osteopontin family.,subunit:Ligand for

integrin alpha-V/beta-3.,

Subcellular Location:

Secreted.

Expression:

Bone. Found in plasma.

Products Images