

NPM Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YT3181

Reactivity: Human; Mouse; Rat

Applications: WB;IHC;IF;ELISA

Target: Nucleophosmin

Gene Name: NPM1

Protein Name: Nucleophosmin

P06748

Q61937

Human Gene Id: 4869

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Mouse Gene Id: 18148

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Rat Gene ld: 25498

Rat Swiss Prot No: P13084

Immunogen: The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human

NPM. AA range:201-250

Specificity: NPM Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of NPM protein.

Formulation : Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

Dilution: WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC 1:100 - 1:300. IF 1:200 - 1:1000. ELISA: 1:20000. Not

yet tested in other applications.

Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.



Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 33kD

Background: This gene encodes a phosphoprotein which moves between the nucleus and the

cytoplasm. The gene product is thought to be involved in several processes including regulation of the ARF/p53 pathway. A number of genes are fusion partners have been characterized, in particular the anaplastic lymphoma kinase gene on chromosome 2. Mutations in this gene are associated with acute myeloid leukemia. More than a dozen pseudogenes of this gene have been identified. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants.[provided by RefSeq,

Nov 2009],

Function: disease: A chromosomal aberration involving NPM1 is a cause of

myelodysplastic syndrome (MDS). Translocation t(3;5)(q25.1;q34) with

MLF1., disease: A chromosomal aberration involving NPM1 is found in a form of

acute promyelocytic leukemia. Translocation t(5;17)(q32;q11) with

RARA., disease: A chromosomal aberration involving NPM1 is found in a form of non-Hodgkin lymphoma. Translocation t(2;5)(p23;q35) with ALK. The resulting chimeric NPM1-ALK protein homodimerize and the kinase becomes constitutively activated., disease: Defects in NPM1 are associated with acute myelogenous leukemia (AML). Mutations in exon 12 affecting the C-terminus of the protein are associated with an aberrant cytoplasmic location., function: Involved in diverse cellular processes such as ribosome biogenesis, centrosome duplication, protein chaperoning, histone assembly, cell proliferation, and regulation of tumor

suppressor

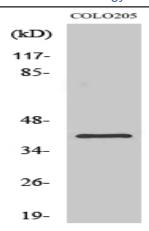
Subcellular Location : Nucleus, nucleolus . Nucleus, nucleoplasm . Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome . Generally nucleolar, but is translocated to the nucleoplasm in case of serum starvation or treatment with anticancer drugs. Has been found in the cytoplasm in patients with primary acute myelogenous leukemia (AML), but not with secondary AML. Can shuttle between cytoplasm and nucleus. Co- localizes with the methylated form of RPS10 in the granular component (GC) region of the nucleolus. Colocalized with nucleolin and APEX1 in nucleoli. Isoform 1 of NEK2 is required for its localization to the

centrosome during mitosis.

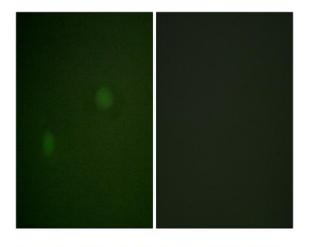
Expression : Amnion,B-cell lymphoma,Bone marrow,Brain,Cervix carcinoma,Colon

carcinoma, Epithelium, Kidney

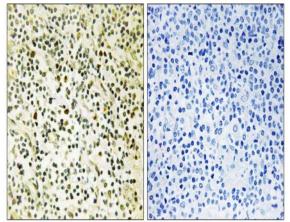
Products Images



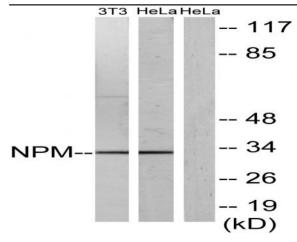
Western Blot analysis of various cells using NPM Polyclonal Antibody



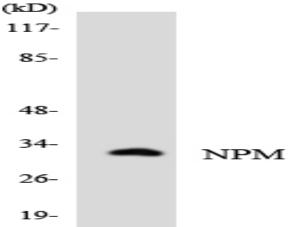
Immunofluorescence analysis of HeLa cells, using NPM Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human tonsil tissue, using NPM Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from HeLa and NIH/3T3 cells, using NPM Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Western blot analysis of the lysates from HT-29 cells using NPM antibody.