

Olfactory receptor 56A3 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No :	YT3388
Reactivity :	Human;Rat;Mouse;
Applications :	IF;ELISA
Target :	Olfactory receptor 56A3
Fields :	>>Olfactory transduction
Gene Name :	OR56A3
Protein Name :	Olfactory receptor 56A3
Human Gene Id :	390083
Human Swiss Prot No :	Q8NH54
Immunogen :	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human OR56A3. AA range:266-315
Specificity :	Olfactory receptor 56A3 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Olfactory receptor 56A3 protein.
Formulation :	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source :	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Dilution :	IF 1:200 - 1:1000. ELISA: 1:20000. Not yet tested in other applications.
Purification :	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Concentration :	1 mg/ml
Storage Stability :	-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)
Molecularweight :	36kD

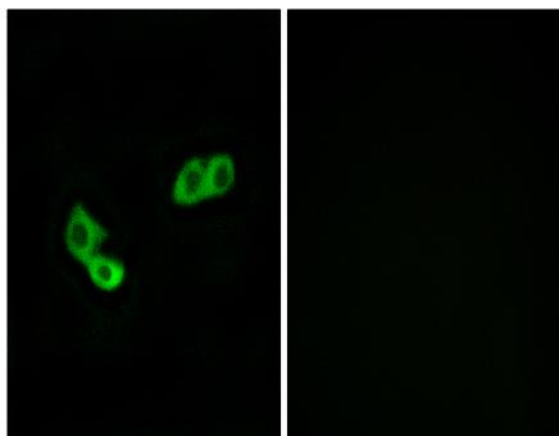
Cell Pathway : Olfactory transduction;

Background : Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules in the nose, to initiate a neuronal response that triggers the perception of a smell. The olfactory receptor proteins are members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCR) arising from single coding-exon genes. Olfactory receptors share a 7-transmembrane domain structure with many neurotransmitter and hormone receptors and are responsible for the recognition and G protein-mediated transduction of odorant signals. The olfactory receptor gene family is the largest in the genome. The nomenclature assigned to the olfactory receptor genes and proteins for this organism is independent of other organisms. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

Function : function:Odorant receptor .,similarity:Belongs to the G-protein coupled receptor 1 family.,

Subcellular Location : Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.

Products Images



Immunofluorescence analysis of LOVO cells, using OR56A3 Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.