

## Neurocalcin $\delta$ Polyclonal Antibody

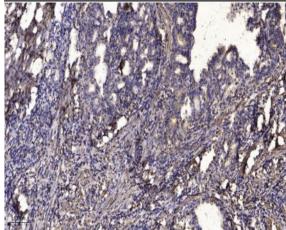
| Catalog No :             | YT3063  |
|--------------------------|---|
| Reactivity :             | Human;Mouse;Rat   |
| Applications :           | IHC;IF;ELISA  |
| Target :                 | Neurocalcin δ   |
| Fields :                 | >>Olfactory transduction  |
| Gene Name :              | NCALD   |
| Protein Name :           | Neurocalcin-delta   |
| Human Gene Id :          | 83988   |
| Human Swiss Prot<br>No : | P61601  |
| Mouse Gene Id :          | 52589   |
| Mouse Swiss Prot         | Q91X97  |
| No :<br>Rat Gene Id :    | 553106  |
| Rat Swiss Prot No :      | Q5PQN0  |
| Immunogen :              | Synthesized peptide derived from Neurocalcin $\delta$ . at AA range: 370-450                        |
| Specificity :            | Neurocalcin $\delta$ Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Neurocalcin $\delta$ protein. |
| Formulation :            | Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.                             |
| Source :                 | Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG  |
| Dilution :               | IHC 1:100 - 1:300. ELISA: 1:20000 IF 1:50-200   |



| Purification :            | The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-<br>chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.  |
|---------------------------|--|
| Concentration :           | 1 mg/ml  |
| Storage Stability :       | -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)   |
| Molecularweight :         | 22kD   |
| Background :              | This gene encodes a member of the neuronal calcium sensor (NCS) family of calcium-binding proteins. The protein contains an N-terminal myristoylation signal and four EF-hand calcium binding loops. The protein is cytosolic at resting calcium levels; however, elevated intracellular calcium levels induce a conformational change that exposes the myristoyl group, resulting in protein association with membranes and partial co-localization with the perinuclear transgolgi network. The protein is thought to be a regulator of G protein-coupled receptor signal transduction. Several alternatively spliced variants of this gene have been determined, all of which encode the same protein; additional variants may exist but their biological validity has not been determined. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008], |
| Function :                | function:May be involved in the calcium-dependent regulation of rhodopsin<br>phosphorylation. Binds three calcium ions.,similarity:Belongs to the recoverin<br>family.,similarity:Contains 4 EF-hand domains.,tissue specificity:Retina,<br>cerebrum, cerebellum, brain stem, spinal cord, testis, ovary and small intestine.,   |
| Subcellular<br>Location : | intracellular,cytosol,clathrin coat of trans-Golgi network vesicle,extracellular exosome,  |
| Expression :              | Retina, cerebrum, cerebellum, brain stem, spinal cord, testis, ovary and small intestine.  |

## Products Images





Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human Gastric adenocarcinoma. 1, Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4° overnight). 2, Tris-EDTA,pH9.0 was used for antigen retrieval. 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room temperature, 45min).