

nNOS Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YT3168

Reactivity: Human; Mouse; Rat

Applications: WB;IHC;IF;ELISA

Target: NOS1/nNOS

Fields: >>Arginine biosynthesis;>>Arginine and proline metabolism;>>Metabolic

pathways;>>Calcium signaling pathway;>>Phagosome;>>Apelin signaling pathway;>>Circadian entrainment;>>Long-term depression;>>Relaxin signaling pathway;>>Salivary secretion;>>Alzheimer disease;>>Amyotrophic lateral

sclerosis;>>Pathways of neurodegeneration - multiple diseases

Gene Name: NOS1

Protein Name: Nitric oxide synthase brain

Human Gene Id: 4842

Human Swiss Prot P29475

No:

Mouse Gene Id: 18125

Mouse Swiss Prot

Q9Z0J4

No:

Rat Gene ld: 24598

Rat Swiss Prot No: P29476

Immunogen: The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human

nNOS. AA range:818-867

Specificity: NOS1 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of NOS1 protein.

Formulation : Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source : Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG

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Dilution: WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC 1:100 - 1:300. IF 1:200 - 1:1000. ELISA: 1:5000. Not

yet tested in other applications.

Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 130-160kD

Cell Pathway: Arginine and proline metabolism; Calcium; Long-term depression; Alzheimer's

disease; Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS);

Background: The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the family of nitric oxide synthases,

which synthesize nitric oxide from L-arginine. Nitric oxide is a reactive free radical, which acts as a biologic mediator in several processes, including neurotransmission, and antimicrobial and antitumoral activities. In the brain and

peripheral nervous system, nitric oxide displays many properties of a

neurotransmitter, and has been implicated in neurotoxicity associated with stroke and neurodegenerative diseases, neural regulation of smooth muscle, including peristalsis, and penile erection. This protein is ubiquitously expressed, with high level of expression in skeletal muscle. Multiple transcript variants that differ in the 5' UTR have been described for this gene but the full-length nature of these

transcripts is not known. Additionally, alternatively spliced transcript variants

encoding different isoforms

Function: alternative products:Isoform 3 is produced by different alternative splicing events

implicating either the untranslated exons TEX1 (TN-NOS) or TEX1B (TN-NOSB) leading to a N-terminus truncated protein which possesses enzymatic activity comparable to that of isoform 1. The C-terminal truncated isoform 4 is produced by insertion of the TEX2 exon between exons 3 and 4 of isoform 1, leading to a frameshift and a premature stop codon,catalytic activity:L-arginine + n NADPH +

n H(+) + m O(2) = citrulline + nitric oxide + n NADP(+)., cofactor:Binds 1

FAD.,cofactor:Binds 1 FMN.,cofactor:Heme group.,cofactor:Tetrahydrobiopterin (BH4). May stabilize the dimeric form of the enzyme.,disease:Genetic variations in NOS1 gene are associated with susceptibility to infantile hypertrophic pyloric stenosis type 1 (IHPS1) [MIM:179010]. IHPS has an incidence of 1-5 per 1'000

live births in whites and a marked

Subcellular Location:

Cell membrane, sarcolemma; Peripheral membrane protein. Cell projection, dendritic spine. In skeletal muscle, it is localized beneath the sarcolemma of fast-twitch muscle fiber by associating with the dystrophin glycoprotein complex. In

neurons, enriched in dendritic spines (By similarity). .

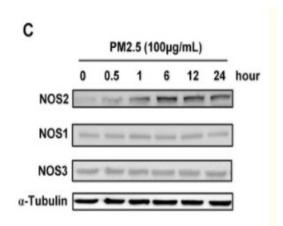
Expression: Isoform 1 is ubiquitously expressed: detected in skeletal muscle and brain, also

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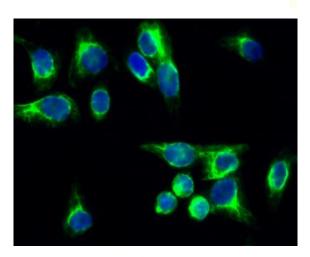


in testis, lung and kidney, and at low levels in heart, adrenal gland and retina. Not detected in the platelets. Isoform 3 is expressed only in testis. Isoform 4 is detected in testis, skeletal muscle, lung, and kidney, at low levels in the brain, but not in the heart and adrenal gland.

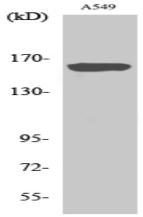
Products Images



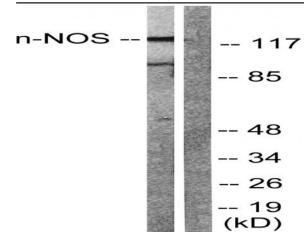
Zhu, Xiao-Ming, et al. "PM2. 5 induces autophagy-mediated cell death via NOS2 signaling in human bronchial epithelium cells." International journal of biological sciences 14.5 (2018): 557.



Immunofluorescence analysis of Hela cell. 1,NOS1 Polyclonal Antibody(green) was diluted at 1:200(4° overnight). 2, Goat Anti Rabbit Alexa Fluor 488 Catalog:RS3211 was diluted at 1:1000(room temperature, 50min). 3 DAPI(blue) 10min.



Western Blot analysis of various cells using NOS1 Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:500



Western blot analysis of lysates from Raw264.7 cells, treated with INF 2500u/ml 10', using nNOS Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.