

MMP-2 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YT2798

Reactivity: Human; Mouse; Rat; Monkey

Applications: WB;IHC;IF;ELISA

Target: MMP-2

Fields: >>Endocrine resistance;>>Leukocyte transendothelial migration;>>GnRH

signaling pathway;>>Estrogen signaling pathway;>>Relaxin signaling

pathway;>>AGE-RAGE signaling pathway in diabetic complications;>>Pathways

in cancer;>>Proteoglycans in cancer;>>Bladder cancer;>>Diabetic

cardiomyopathy;>>Fluid shear stress and atherosclerosis

Gene Name: MMP2

Protein Name: 72 kDa type IV collagenase

P08253

P33434

Human Gene Id: 4313

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Mouse Gene ld: 17390

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Rat Gene ld: 81686

Rat Swiss Prot No: P33436

Immunogen: The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human

MMP-2. AA range:611-660

Specificity: MMP-2 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of MMP-2 protein.

Formulation : Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG



Dilution: WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC 1:100 - 1:300. IF 1:200 - 1:1000. ELISA: 1:20000. Not

yet tested in other applications.

Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 74kD

Cell Pathway: Leukocyte transendothelial migration;GnRH;Pathways in cancer;Bladder cancer;

Background: matrix metallopeptidase 2(MMP2) Homo sapiens This gene is a member of the

capable of cleaving components of the extracellular matrix and molecules involved in signal transduction. The protein encoded by this gene is a gelatinase A, type IV collagenase, that contains three fibronectin type II repeats in its

matrix metalloproteinase (MMP) gene family, that are zinc-dependent enzymes

catalytic site that allow binding of denatured type IV and V collagen and elastin. Unlike most MMP family members, activation of this protein can occur on the cell membrane. This enzyme can be activated extracellularly by proteases, or,

intracellulary by its S-glutathiolation with no requirement for proteolytical removal of the pro-domain. This protein is thought to be involved in multiple pathways including roles in the nervous system, endometrial menstrual breakdown,

regulation of vascularization, and metastasis. Mutations in this gene have been

associated with Win

Function: catalytic activity:Cleavage of gelatin type I and collagen types IV, V, VII, X.

Cleaves the collagen-like sequence Pro-Gln-Gly-I-lle-Ala-Gly-Gln.,cofactor:Binds

2 zinc ions per subunit.,cofactor:Binds 4 calcium ions per

subunit., disease: Defects in MMP2 are the cause of Torg-Winchester syndrome [MIM:259600]; also called multicentric osteolysis nodulosis and arthropathy (MONA). Torg-Winchester syndrome is an autosomal recessive osteolysis syndrome. It is severe with generalized osteolysis and osteopenia. Subcutaneous nodules are usually absent. Torg-Winchester syndrome has been associated with a number of additional features including coarse face, corneal opacities, patches

of thickened, hyperpigmented skin, hypertrichosis and gum hypertrophy. However, these features are not always present and have occasionally been observed in other osteolysis syndromes.,domain:The conserved cysteine pres

Subcellular Location:

[Isoform 1]: Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix. Membrane. Nucleus. Colocalizes with integrin alphaV/beta3 at the membrane surface in angiogenic blood vessels and melanomas. Found in mitochondria, along microfibrils, and in nuclei of cardiomyocytes.; [Isoform 2]: Cytoplasm.

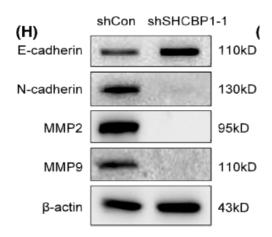
Mitochondrion.



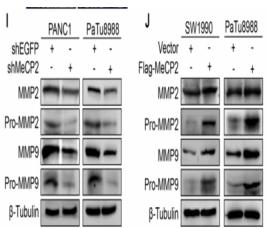
Expression:

Produced by normal skin fibroblasts. PEX is expressed in a number of tumors including gliomas, breast and prostate.

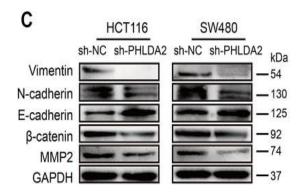
Products Images



Rucaparib inhibits lung adenocarcinoma cell proliferation and migration via the SHCBP1/CDK1 pathway. FEBS Journal Rong Zhang WB Human 1:1000 A549 cell

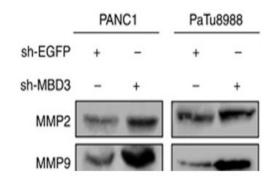


Wang, H., Li, J., He, J. et al. Methyl-CpG-binding protein 2 drives the Furin/TGF- β 1/Smad axis to promote epithelial–mesenchymal transition in pancreatic cancer cells. Oncogenesis9, 76 (2020).

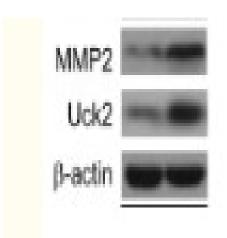


Ma, Zhan, Shuping Lou, and Zheng Jiang. "PHLDA2 regulates EMT and autophagy in colorectal cancer via the PI3K/AKT signaling pathway." Aging (Albany NY) 12.9 (2020): 7985.

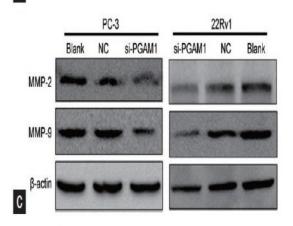
C



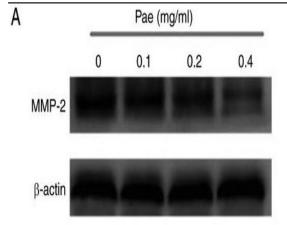
Xu, Min, et al. "Methyl-CpG-binding domain 3 inhibits epithelial-mesenchymal transition in pancreatic cancer cells via TGF- β /Smad signalling." British journal of cancer 116.1 (2017): 91.



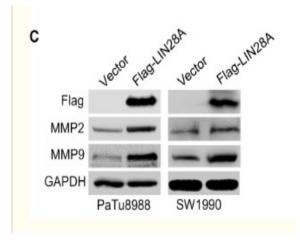
Zhou, Qiming, et al. "Uridine-cytidine kinase 2 promotes metastasis of hepatocellular carcinoma cells via the Stat3 pathway." Cancer management and research 10 (2018): 6339.



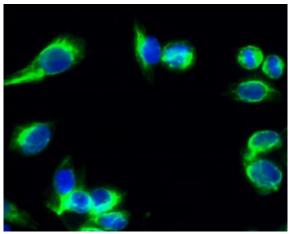
Wen, Yao-An, et al. "Phosphoglycerate mutase 1 knockdown inhibits prostate cancer cell growth, migration, and invasion." Asian journal of andrology 20.2 (2018): 178.



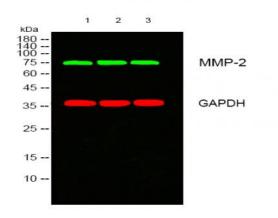
Lyu, Zhong-Kuan, et al. "Paeonol exerts potential activities to inhibit the growth, migration and invasion of human gastric cancer BGC823 cells via downregulating MMP-2 and MMP-9." Molecular medicine reports 16.5 (2017): 7513-7519.



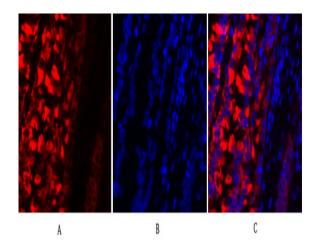
Xu, Min, et al. "MeCP2 suppresses LIN28A expression via binding to its methylated-CpG islands in pancreatic cancer cells." Oncotarget 7.12 (2016): 14476.



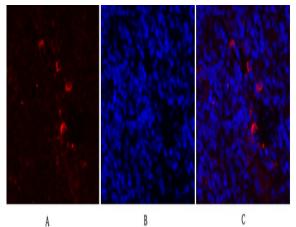
Immunofluorescence analysis of Hela cell. 1,MMP-2 Polyclonal Antibody(green) was diluted at 1:200(4° overnight). 2, Goat Anti Rabbit Alexa Fluor 488 Catalog:RS3211 was diluted at 1:1000(room temperature, 50min). 3 DAPI(blue) 10min.



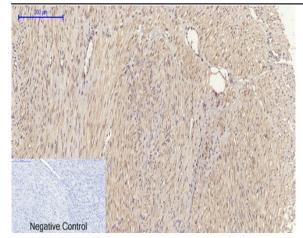
Western blot analysis of lysates from 1) 3T3, 2) Jurkat, 3) HT29 cells, [?]Green[?] primary antibody was diluted at 1:1000, 4° over night, secondary antibody(cat:RS23920)was diluted at 1:10000, 37° 1hour. [?]Red[?] GAPDH Monoclonal Antibody(2B8) (cat:YM3029) antibody was diluted at 1:5000 as loading control, 4° over night, secondary antibody(cat:RS23710)was diluted at 1:10000, 37° 1hour.



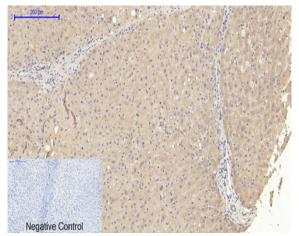
Immunofluorescence analysis of rat-lung tissue. 1,MMP-2 Polyclonal Antibody(red) was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Cy3 labled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300(room temperature, 50min).3, Picture B: DAPI(blue) 10min. Picture A:Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B



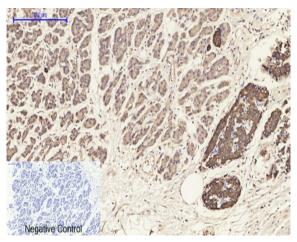
Immunofluorescence analysis of rat-spleen tissue. 1,MMP-2 Polyclonal Antibody(red) was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Cy3 labled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300(room temperature, 50min).3, Picture B: DAPI(blue) 10min. Picture A:Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B



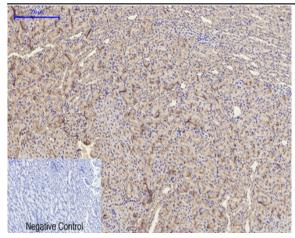
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Humanuterus-cancer tissue. 1,MMP-2 Polyclonal Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval(>98°C,20min). 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room tempeRature, 30min). Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



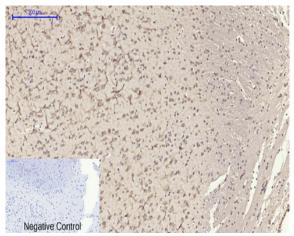
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human-liver tissue. 1,MMP-2 Polyclonal Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval(>98°C,20min). 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room tempeRature, 30min). Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



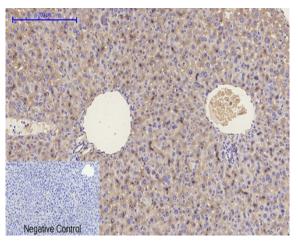
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Humanstomach-cancer tissue. 1,MMP-2 Polyclonal Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval(>98°C,20min). 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room tempeRature, 30min). Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



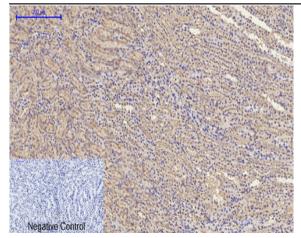
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Rat-kidney tissue. 1,MMP-2 Polyclonal Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval(>98°C,20min). 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room tempeRature, 30min). Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



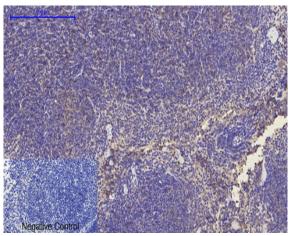
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Rat-brain tissue. 1,MMP-2 Polyclonal Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval(>98°C,20min). 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room tempeRature, 30min). Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



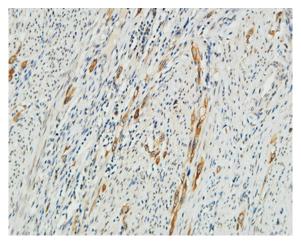
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Mouse-liver tissue. 1,MMP-2 Polyclonal Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval(>98°C,20min). 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room tempeRature, 30min). Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Mouse-kidney tissue. 1,MMP-2 Polyclonal Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval(>98°C,20min). 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room tempeRature, 30min). Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Mouse-spleen tissue. 1,MMP-2 Polyclonal Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval(>98°C,20min). 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room tempeRature, 30min). Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human Endometrium. 1, Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4° overnight). 2, High-pressure and temperature EDTA, pH8.0 was used for antigen retrieval. 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room temperature, 30min).