

## **GROa Polyclonal Antibody**

Catalog No: YT2074

**Reactivity:** Human; Mouse; Rat

**Applications:** IHC;IF;ELISA

Target: GROa

**Fields:** >>Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction;>>Viral protein interaction with

cytokine and cytokine receptor;>>Chemokine signaling pathway;>>NF-kappa B signaling pathway;>>NOD-like receptor signaling pathway;>>IL-17 signaling pathway;>>TNF signaling pathway;>>Alcoholic liver disease;>>Epithelial cell signaling in Helicobacter pylori infection;>>Legionellosis;>>Amoebiasis;>>Kaposi sarcoma-associated herpesvirus infection;>>Rheumatoid arthritis;>>Lipid and

atherosclerosis

Gene Name: CXCL1

**Protein Name:** Growth-regulated alpha protein

P09341

P12850

Human Gene Id: 2919

**Human Swiss Prot** 

No:

Mouse Gene Id: 14825

**Mouse Swiss Prot** 

No:

Rat Gene Id: 81503

Rat Swiss Prot No: P14095

**Immunogen:** The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human

GROalpha. AA range:39-88

**Specificity:** GROα Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of GROα protein.

**Formulation:** Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

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Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

**Dilution :** IHC 1:100 - 1:300. ELISA: 1:10000.. IF 1:50-200

**Purification:** The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Molecularweight: 11kD

**Cell Pathway:** Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction;Chemokine;NOD-like receptor;Epithelial

cell signaling in Helicobacter pylori infection;

**Background:** This antimicrobial gene encodes a member of the CXC subfamily of

chemokines. The encoded protein is a secreted growth factor that signals through the G-protein coupled receptor, CXC receptor 2. This protein plays a role in inflammation and as a chemoattractant for neutrophils. Aberrant expression of this protein is associated with the growth and progression of certain tumors. A naturally occurring processed form of this protein has increased chemotactic activity. Alternate splicing results in coding and non-coding variants of this gene. A pseudogene of this gene is found on chromosome 4. [provided by RefSeq, Sep

2014],

**Function:** function: Has chemotactic activity for neutrophils. May play a role in inflammation

and exerts its effects on endothelial cells in an autocrine fashion. In vitro, the processed forms GRO-alpha(4-73), GRO-alpha(5-73) and GRO-alpha(6-73)

show a 30-fold higher chemotactic activity.,online information:CXCL1

entry,PTM:N-terminal processed forms GRO-alpha(4-73), GRO-alpha(5-73) and GRO-alpha(6-73) are produced by proteolytic cleavage after secretion from peripheral blood monocytes.,similarity:Belongs to the intercrine alpha (chemokine

CxC) family.,

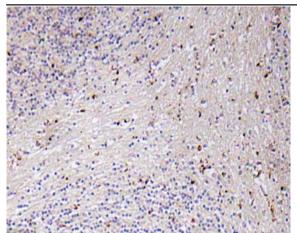
Subcellular Location:

Secreted.

**Expression:** 

Blood, Ovary, Peripheral blood monocyte, Placenta, Skin,

## **Products Images**



Immunohistochemistry analysis of GRO  $\!\alpha$  antibody in paraffinembedded human brain tissue.