

COL4A2 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YT1025

Reactivity: Human; Mouse

Applications: WB;IHC;IF;ELISA

Target: Collagen IV α2

Fields: >>PI3K-Akt signaling pathway;>>Focal adhesion;>>ECM-receptor

interaction;>>Relaxin signaling pathway;>>AGE-RAGE signaling pathway in

diabetic complications;>>Protein digestion and

absorption;>>Amoebiasis;>>Human papillomavirus infection;>>Pathways in

cancer;>>Small cell lung cancer

Gene Name: COL4A2

Protein Name: Collagen alpha-2(IV) chain

P08572

P08122

Human Gene Id: 1284

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Mouse Gene ld: 12827

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

Immunogen: The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human

Collagen IV alpha2. AA range:151-200

Specificity: COL4A2 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of COL4A2 protein.

Formulation: Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

Dilution: WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC 1:100 - 1:300. IF 1:200 - 1:1000. ELISA: 1:20000. Not

yet tested in other applications.



Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 150kD

Cell Pathway: Focal adhesion; ECM-receptor interaction; Pathways in cancer; Small cell lung

cancer;

Background: This gene encodes one of the six subunits of type IV collagen, the major

structural component of basement membranes. The C-terminal portion of the protein, known as canstatin, is an inhibitor of angiogenesis and tumor growth. Like the other members of the type IV collagen gene family, this gene is organized in a head-to-head conformation with another type IV collagen gene so that each

gene pair shares a common promoter. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

Function: domain:Alpha chains of type IV collagen have a non-collagenous domain (NC1)

at their C-terminus, frequent interruptions of the G-X-Y repeats in the long central triple-helical domain (which may cause flexibility in the triple helix), and a short N-terminal triple-helical 7S domain.,function:Type IV collagen is the major structural component of glomerular basement membranes (GBM), forming a 'chicken-wire' meshwork together with laminins, proteoglycans and entactin/nidogen. Potently inhibits angiogenesis and tumor growth.,PTM:Prolines at the third position of the

tripeptide repeating unit (G-X-Y) are hydroxylated in some or all of the chains.,PTM:The trimeric structure of the NC1 domains may be stabilized by

covalent bonds between Lys and Met residues.,PTM:Type IV collagens contain numerous cysteine residues which are involved in inter- and intramolecular

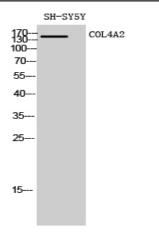
disulfide bonding. 12 of these, lo

Subcellular Location:

Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix, basement membrane.

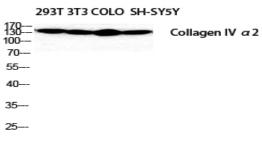
Expression : Eye, Hepatocyte, Placenta, Skin,

Products Images

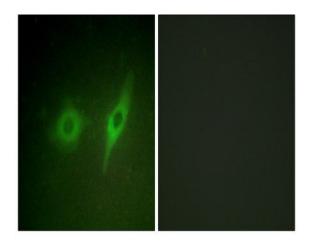


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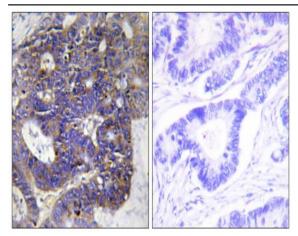
Western Blot analysis of SH-SY5Y cells using COL4A2 Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:2000



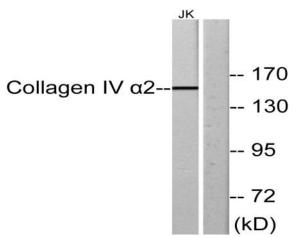
Western Blot analysis of SH-SY5Y 293T NIH-3T3 COLO cells using COL4A2 Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:2000



Immunofluorescence analysis of HeLa cells, using Collagen IV alpha2 Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human colon carcinoma tissue, using Collagen IV alpha2 Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from Jurkat cells, using Collagen IV alpha2 Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.