

## **CXCR-7 Polyclonal Antibody**

Catalog No: YT1162

**Reactivity:** Human; Mouse; Rat; Monkey

**Applications:** WB;IF;ELISA

Target: CXCR-7

**Fields:** >>Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction;>>Viral protein interaction with

cytokine and cytokine receptor

Gene Name: CXCR7

**Protein Name:** C-X-C chemokine receptor type 7

P25106

P56485

Human Gene Id: 57007

**Human Swiss Prot** 

No:

Mouse Gene Id: 12778

**Mouse Swiss Prot** 

No:

Rat Gene Id: 84348

Rat Swiss Prot No: 089039

**Immunogen :** The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human

CXCR7. AA range:311-360

**Specificity:** CXCR-7 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of CXCR-7 protein.

**Formulation :** Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

**Dilution:** WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IF 1:200 - 1:1000. ELISA: 1:20000. Not yet tested in other

applications.



**Purification:** The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 41kD

**Background:** This gene encodes a member of the G-protein coupled receptor family. Although

this protein was earlier thought to be a receptor for vasoactive intestinal peptide (VIP), it is now considered to be an orphan receptor, in that its endogenous ligand

has not been identified. The protein is also a coreceptor for human

immunodeficiency viruses (HIV). Translocations involving this gene and HMGA2 on chromosome 12 have been observed in lipomas. [provided by RefSeq, Jul

20081.

**Function:** caution: Was originally (PubMed:1675791) thought to be the receptor for

VIP.,function:Receptor for CXCL12/SDF1. Acts as coreceptor with CXCR4 for a restricted number of HIV isolates.,online information:CXC chemokine receptors entry,similarity:Belongs to the G-protein coupled receptor 1 family..tissue

specificity: Expressed in monocytes, basophils, and B-cells. Lower expression in

CD4+ T-lymphocytes and natural killer cells.,

Subcellular Location:

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Early endosome. Recycling endosome. Predominantly localizes to endocytic vesicles, and upon stimulation by the ligand is internalized via clathrin-coated pits in a beta-arrestin-dependent manner. Once internalized, the ligand disposition from the recenter, and is

manner. Once internalized, the ligand dissociates from the receptor, and is targeted to degradation while the receptor is recycled back to the cell membrane.

**Expression:** 

Expressed in monocytes, basophils, B-cells, umbilical vein endothelial cells

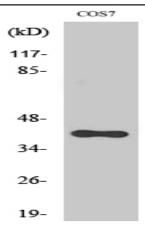
(HUVEC) and B-lymphoblastoid cells. Lower expression detected in CD4+ T-lymphocytes and natural killer cells. In the brain, detected in endothelial cells and

capillaries, and in mature neurons of the frontal cortex and hippocampus.

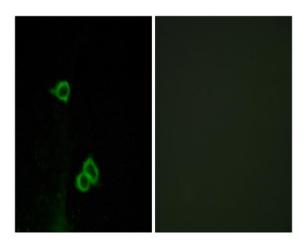
Expressed in tubular formation in the kidney. Highly expressed in astroglial tumor endothelial, microglial and glioma cells. Expressed at low levels in normal CD34+ progenitor cells, but at very high levels in several myeloid malignant cell lines.

Expressed in breast carcinomas but not in normal breast tissue (at protein level).

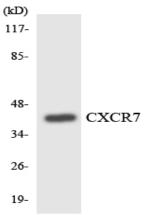
## **Products Images**



Western Blot analysis of various cells using CXCR-7 Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:2000



Immunofluorescence analysis of COS7 cells, using CXCR7 Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Western blot analysis of the lysates from RAW264.7cells using CXCR7 antibody.