

## **CDHF9 Polyclonal Antibody**

Catalog No: YT0827

**Reactivity:** Human; Mouse; Rat

**Applications:** IF;ELISA

Target: CDHF9

Gene Name: CELSR1

**Protein Name:** Cadherin EGF LAG seven-pass G-type receptor 1

Q9NYQ6

O35161

Human Gene Id: 9620

**Human Swiss Prot** 

No:

Mouse Gene Id: 12614

**Mouse Swiss Prot** 

No:

**Immunogen:** The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human

CELSR1. AA range:921-970

**Specificity:** CDHF9 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of CDHF9 protein.

**Formulation :** Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

**Dilution:** IF 1:200 - 1:1000. ELISA: 1:10000. Not yet tested in other applications.

**Purification:** The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

1/2

Molecularweight: 329kD

### **Background:**

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the flamingo subfamily, part of the cadherin superfamily. The flamingo subfamily consists of nonclassic-type cadherins; a subpopulation that does not interact with catenins. The flamingo cadherins are located at the plasma membrane and have nine cadherin domains, seven epidermal growth factor-like repeats and two laminin A G-type repeats in their ectodomain. They also have seven transmembrane domains, a characteristic unique to this subfamily. It is postulated that these proteins are receptors involved in contact-mediated communication, with cadherin domains acting as homophilic binding regions and the EGF-like domains involved in cell adhesion and receptor-ligand interactions. This particular member is a developmentally regulated, neural-specific gene which plays an unspecified role in early embryogenesis. [provided by RefSeq,

#### **Function:**

function:Receptor that may have an important role in cell/cell signaling during nervous system formation.,PTM:The iron and 2-oxoglutarate dependent 3-hydroxylation of aspartate and asparagine is (R) stereospecific within EGF domains.,similarity:Belongs to the G-protein coupled receptor 2 family. LN-TM7 subfamily.,similarity:Contains 1 GPS domain.,similarity:Contains 1 laminin EGF-like domains.,similarity:Contains 8 EGF-like domains.,similarity:Contains 9 cadherin domains.,

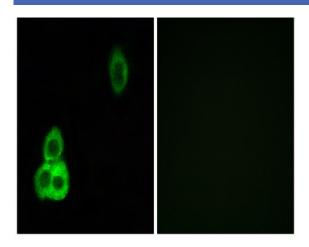
# Subcellular Location:

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.

**Expression:** 

Kidney, Testis,

## **Products Images**



Immunofluorescence analysis of HepG2 cells, using CELSR1 Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.