

c-Abl Polyclonal Antibody

YT0585 Catalog No:

Human; Mouse; Rat Reactivity:

Applications: WB;IHC;IF;ELISA

ABL1 **Target:**

Fields: >>ErbB signaling pathway;>>Ras signaling pathway;>>Cell cycle;>>Axon

guidance:>>Neurotrophin signaling pathway:>>Pathogenic Escherichia coli

infection;>>Pathways in cancer;>>MicroRNAs in cancer;>>Chemical

carcinogenesis - reactive oxygen species;>>Chronic myeloid leukemia;>>Viral

myocarditis

Gene Name: ABL1

Protein Name: Tyrosine-protein kinase ABL1

P00519

Human Gene Id: 25

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Mouse Gene Id: 11350

Mouse Swiss Prot

No:

P00520

The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human Immunogen:

ABL1. AA range:861-910

Specificity: c-Abl Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of c-Abl protein.

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide. Formulation:

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IHC 1:100 - 1:300. IF 1:200 - 1:1000. ELISA: 1:20000. Not **Dilution:**

yet tested in other applications.



Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 125(200kd BCR-ABL complex?

Cell Pathway: ErbB_HER;Cell_Cycle_G1S;Cell_Cycle_G2M_DNA;Axon

guidance; Neurotrophin; Pathogenic Escherichia coli infection; Pathways in

cancer; Chronic myeloid leukemia; Viral myocarditis;

Background: This gene is a protooncogene that encodes a protein tyrosine kinase involved in

a variety of cellular processes, including cell division, adhesion, differentiation, and response to stress. The activity of the protein is negatively regulated by its SH3 domain, whereby deletion of the region encoding this domain results in an oncogene. The ubiquitously expressed protein has DNA-binding activity that is regulated by CDC2-mediated phosphorylation, suggesting a cell cycle function. This gene has been found fused to a variety of translocation partner genes in various leukemias, most notably the t(9;22) translocation that results in a fusion with the 5' end of the breakpoint cluster region gene (BCR; MIM:151410). Alternative splicing of this gene results in two transcript variants, which contain

alternative first exons that are spliced to the remaining common exons. [pr

Function: catalytic activity:ATP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine = ADP + a [protein]-L-tyrosine

phosphate.,cofactor:Magnesium or manganese.,disease:A chromosomal aberration involving ABL1 is a cause of chronic myeloid leukemia (CML) [MIM:608232]. Translocation t(9;22)(q34;q11) with BCR. The translocation produces a BCR-ABL found also in acute myeloid leukemia (AML) and acute lymphoblastic leukemia (ALL).,enzyme regulation:Stabilized in the inactive form by an association between the SH3 domain and the SH2-TK linker region, interactions of the amino-terminal cap, and contributions from an amino-terminal myristoyl group and phospholipids. Activated by autophosphorylation as well as

by SRC-family kinase-mediated phosphorylation. Activated by RIN1 binding to the SH2 and SH3 domains. Inhibited by imatinib mesylate (Gleevec) which is

used for the treatment of chronic myeloid leukemia (CML).,function:Regulates

used for the treatment of childric myeloid leakerna (OME)., function, regulates

Subcellular Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Nucleus. Mitochondrion . Shuttles between the nucleus and cytoplasm depending on environmental signals. Sequestered into the

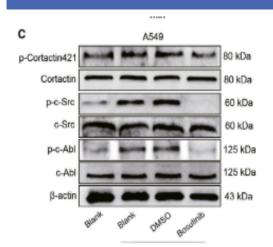
cytoplasm through interaction with 14-3-3 proteins. Localizes to mitochondria in response to oxidative stress (By similarity). .; [Isoform IB]: Nucleus membrane;

Lipid-anchor. The myristoylated c-ABL protein is reported to be nuclear.

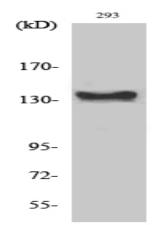
Expression : Widely expressed.



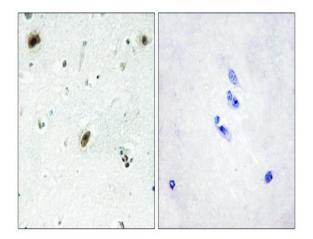
Products Images



Fan, Mengtian, et al. "CX3CL1 promotes tumour cell by inducing tyrosine phosphorylation of cortactin in lung cancer." Journal of Cellular and Molecular Medicine 25.1 (2021): 132-146.

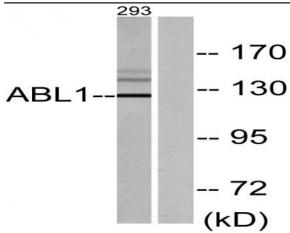


Western Blot analysis of various cells using c-Abl Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:1000



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human brain tissue, using ABL1 Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.





Western blot analysis of lysates from 293 cells, using ABL1 Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.