

## **ATP-citrate synthase Polyclonal Antibody**

Catalog No: YT0415

**Reactivity:** Human; Mouse; Rat; Monkey

**Applications:** WB;IF;ELISA

Target: ATP-citrate synthase

**Fields:** >>Citrate cycle (TCA cycle);>>Metabolic pathways

Gene Name: ACLY

**Protein Name:** ATP-citrate synthase

P53396

Q91V92

Human Gene Id: 47

**Human Swiss Prot** 

Idiliali Swiss Fiol

No:

Mouse Gene ld: 104112

**Mouse Swiss Prot** 

No:

Rat Gene ld: 24159

Rat Swiss Prot No: P16638

**Immunogen:** The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human

ATP-Citrate Lyase. AA range:420-469

**Specificity:** ATP-citrate synthase Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of ATP-

citrate synthase protein.

**Formulation :** Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

**Dilution:** WB 1:500 - 1:2000. IF 1:200 - 1:1000. ELISA: 1:10000. Not yet tested in other

applications.



**Purification:** The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

**Storage Stability:** -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Observed Band: 120kD

**Cell Pathway :** Citrate cycle (TCA cycle);

**Background :** ATP citrate lyase(ACLY) Homo sapiens ATP citrate lyase is the primary enzyme

responsible for the synthesis of cytosolic acetyl-CoA in many tissues. The enzyme is a tetramer (relative molecular weight approximately 440,000) of apparently identical subunits. It catalyzes the formation of acetyl-CoA and oxaloacetate from citrate and CoA with a concomitant hydrolysis of ATP to ADP and phosphate. The product, acetyl-CoA, serves several important biosynthetic pathways, including lipogenesis and cholesterogenesis. In nervous tissue, ATP citrate-lyase may be involved in the biosynthesis of acetylcholine. Multiple transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms have been identified for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Dec

2014],

**Function:** catalytic activity:ADP + phosphate + acetyl-CoA + oxaloacetate = ATP + citrate

+ CoA., function: ATP citrate-lyase is the primary enzyme responsible for the synthesis of cytosolic acetyl-CoA in many tissues. Has a central role in de novo lipid synthesis. In nervous tissue it may be involved in the biosynthesis of

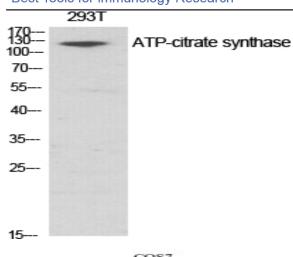
acetylcholine.,similarity:In the C-terminal section; belongs to the succinate/malate CoA ligase alpha subunit family.,similarity:In the N-terminal section; belongs to the succinate/malate CoA ligase beta subunit family.,subunit:Homotetramer.,

Subcellular Location:

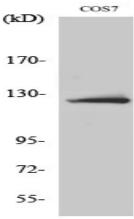
Cytoplasm, cytosol.

**Expression:** Brain, Epithelium, Hippocampus, Liver, Lymph, Platelet,

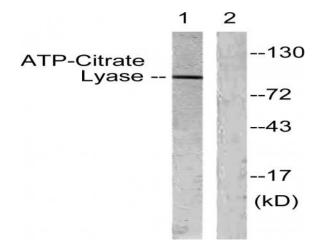
## **Products Images**



Western Blot analysis of various cells using ATP-citrate synthase Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:1000



Western Blot analysis of COS7 cells using ATP-citrate synthase Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:1000



Western blot analysis of lysates from COS7 cells, treated with Calyculin 50nM 30', using ATP-Citrate Lyase Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.