

AKR1A1 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No :	YT0169
Reactivity :	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications :	WB;ELISA
Target :	AKR1A1
Fields :	>>Glycolysis / Gluconeogenesis;>>Pentose and glucuronate interconversions;>>Ascorbate and aldarate metabolism;>>Glycerolipid metabolism;>>Pyruvate metabolism;>>Metabolic pathways;>>Biosynthesis of cofactors;>>Chemical carcinogenesis - reactive oxygen species
Gene Name :	AKR1A1
Protein Name :	Alcohol dehydrogenase [NADP(+)]
Human Gene Id :	10327
Human Swiss Prot	P14550
No : Mouse Gene Id :	58810
Mouse Swiss Prot	Q9JII6
No : Rat Gene Id :	78959
Rat Swiss Prot No :	P51635
Immunogen :	Synthesized peptide derived from AKR1A1 . at AA range: 250-330
Specificity :	AKR1A1 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of AKR1A1 protein.
Formulation :	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source :	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Dilution :	WB 1:500 - 1:2000. ELISA: 1:40000. Not yet tested in other applications.



Purification :	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity- chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Concentration :	1 mg/ml
Storage Stability :	-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)
Observed Band :	37kD
Cell Pathway :	Glycolysis / Gluconeogenesis;Glycerolipid metabolism;
Background :	This gene encodes a member of the aldo/keto reductase superfamily, which consists of more than 40 known enzymes and proteins. This member, also known as aldehyde reductase, is involved in the reduction of biogenic and xenobiotic aldehydes and is present in virtually every tissue. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants of this gene exist, all encoding the same protein. [provided by RefSeq, Jan 2011],
Function :	catalytic activity:An alcohol + NADP(+) = an aldehyde + NADPH.,function:Catalyzes the NADPH-dependent reduction of a variety of aldehydes to their corresponding alcohols.,similarity:Belongs to the aldo/keto reductase family.,subunit:Monomer.,
Subcellular	Cytoplasm, cytosol . Apical cell membrane .
Location : Expression :	Widely expressed. Highly expressed in kidney, salivary gland and liver. Detected
	in trachea, stomach, brain, lung, prostate, placenta, mammary gland, small intestine and lung.





