

CALML5 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No: YT0611

Reactivity: Human; Rat; Mouse;

Applications: IHC;IF;ELISA

Target: CALML5

Fields: >>Ras signaling pathway;>>Rap1 signaling pathway;>>Calcium signaling

pathway;>>cGMP-PKG signaling pathway;>>cAMP signaling

pathway;>>Phosphatidylinositol signaling system;>>Oocyte meiosis;>>Cellular senescence;>>Adrenergic signaling in cardiomyocytes;>>Vascular smooth muscle contraction;>>Apelin signaling pathway;>>C-type lectin receptor signaling pathway;>>Circadian entrainment;>>Long-term potentiation;>>Neurotrophin

signaling pathway;>>Dopaminergic synapse;>>Olfactory

transduction;>>Phototransduction;>>Inflammatory mediator regulation of TRP channels;>>Insulin signaling pathway;>>GnRH signaling pathway;>>Estrogen signaling pathway;>>Melanogenesis;>>Oxytocin signaling pathway;>>Glucagon

signaling pathway;>>Renin secretion;>>Aldosterone synthesis and secretion;>>Salivary secretion;>>Gastric acid secretion;>>Alzheimer disease;>>Parkinson disease;>>Pathways of neurodegeneration - multiple

diseases;>>Amphetamine

addiction;>>Alcoholism;>>Pertussis;>>Tuberculosis;>>Human cytomegalovirus

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Gene Name: CALML5

Protein Name: Calmodulin-like protein 5

Human Gene Id: 51806

Human Swiss Prot

No:

Q9NZT1

Immunogen: The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human

CALML5. AA range:96-146

Specificity: CALML5 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of CALML5 protein.

Formulation : Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

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Source: Polyclonal, Rabbit, IgG

Dilution : IHC 1:100 - 1:300. ELISA: 1:10000.. IF 1:50-200

Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage Stability: -15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

Molecularweight: 16kD

Cell Pathway: Calcium;Phosphatidylinositol signaling system;Oocyte meiosis;Vascular smooth

muscle contraction;Long-term potentiation;Neurotrophin;Olfactory transduction;Insulin Receptor;GnRH;Melanogenesis;Alzheimer

Background: This gene encodes a novel calcium binding protein expressed in the epidermis

and related to the calmodulin family of calcium binding proteins. Functional studies with recombinant protein demonstrate it does bind calcium and undergoes a conformational change when it does so. Abundant expression is detected only in reconstructed epidermis and is restricted to differentiating keratinocytes. In addition, it can associate with transglutaminase 3, shown to be a key enzyme in

the terminal differentiation of keratinocytes. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

Function: function:Binds calcium. May be involved in terminal differentiation of

keratinocytes.,similarity:Contains 4 EF-hand domains.,subunit:Associates with transglutaminase 3.,tissue specificity:Particularly abundant in the epidermis where its expression is directly related to keratinocyte differentiation. Very low

expression in lung.,

Subcellular Location :

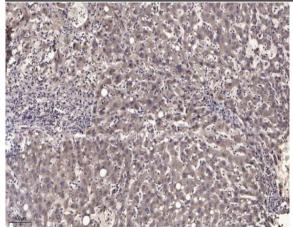
extracellular exosome,

Expression: Particularly abundant in the epidermis where its expression is directly related to

keratinocyte differentiation. Very low expression in lung.

Products Images





Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human liver cancer. 1, Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4° overnight). 2, Tris-EDTA,pH9.0 was used for antigen retrieval. 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room temperature, 45min).