

**ACAD-9 Polyclonal Antibody**

<b>Catalog No :</b>	YT0070
<b>Reactivity :</b>	Human;Mouse;Rat
<b>Applications :</b>	IHC;IF;ELISA
<b>Target :</b>	ACAD-9
<b>Gene Name :</b>	ACAD9
<b>Protein Name :</b>	Acyl-CoA dehydrogenase family member 9 mitochondrial
<b>Human Gene Id :</b>	28976
<b>Human Swiss Prot No :</b>	Q9H845
<b>Mouse Gene Id :</b>	229211
<b>Mouse Swiss Prot No :</b>	Q8JZN5
<b>Immunogen :</b>	Synthesized peptide derived from ACAD-9 . at AA range: 530-610
<b>Specificity :</b>	ACAD-9 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of ACAD-9 protein.
<b>Formulation :</b>	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
<b>Source :</b>	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
<b>Dilution :</b>	IHC 1:100 - 1:300. ELISA: 1:20000.. IF 1:50-200
<b>Purification :</b>	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
<b>Concentration :</b>	1 mg/ml
<b>Storage Stability :</b>	-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)

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**Molecularweight :** 69kD

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**Background :** This gene encodes a member of the acyl-CoA dehydrogenase family. Members of this family of proteins localize to the mitochondria and catalyze the rate-limiting step in the beta-oxidation of fatty acyl-CoA. The encoded protein is specifically active toward palmitoyl-CoA and long-chain unsaturated substrates. Mutations in this gene cause acyl-CoA dehydrogenase family member type 9 deficiency. Alternate splicing results in multiple transcript variants.[provided by RefSeq, Mar 2010],

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**Function :** cofactor:FAD.,disease:Defects in ACAD9 are a cause of acyl-CoA dehydrogenase family member type 9 deficiency (ACAD9 deficiency) [MIM:611126]. ACAD9 deficiency patients present with episodic liver dysfunction during otherwise mild illnesses or cardiomyopathy, along with chronic neurologic dysfunction.,function:Has a dehydrogenase activity on palmitoyl-CoA (C16:0) and stearoyl-CoA (C18:0). It is three times more active on palmitoyl-CoA than on stearoyl-CoA. Has little activity on octanoyl-CoA (C8:0), butyryl-CoA (C4:0) or isovaleryl-CoA (5:0).,similarity:Belongs to the acyl-CoA dehydrogenase family.,tissue specificity:Ubiquitously expressed in most normal human tissues and cancer cell lines with high level of expression in heart, skeletal muscles, brain, kidney and liver.,

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**Subcellular Location :** Mitochondrion inner membrane ; Peripheral membrane protein ; Matrix side . Essentially associated with membranes. .

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**Expression :** Ubiquitously expressed in most normal human tissues and cancer cell lines with high level of expression in heart, skeletal muscles, brain, kidney and liver (PubMed:12359260). In the cerebellum uniquely expressed in the granular layer (at protein level) (PubMed:21237683).

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**Sort :** 1612

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**No4 :** 1

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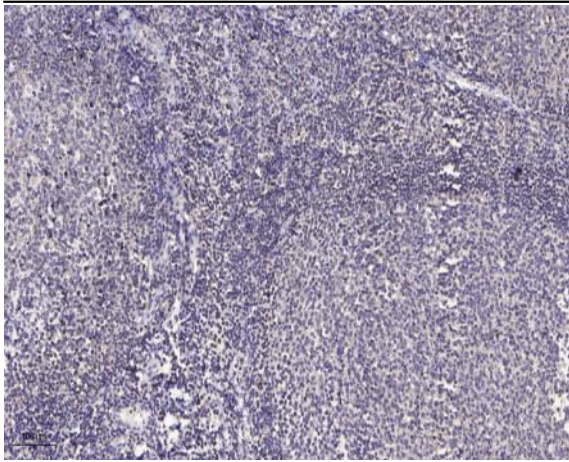
**Host :** Rabbit

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**Modifications :** Unmodified

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**Products Images**



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human tonsil. 1, Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4° overnight). 2, Tris-EDTA,pH9.0 was used for antigen retrieval. 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room temperature, 30min).